## Co otpbank

## OTP Bank Plc.

## Summary of the full-year 2013 results

(English translation of the original report submitted to the Budapest Stock Exchange)

## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS' AND SHARE DATA

| Main components of the Statement of recognised income in HUF million | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consolidated after tax profit | 122,586 | 64,108 | -48\% | 26,145 | 10,888 | 1,407 | -87\% | -95\% |
| Adjustments (total) | -27,363 | -81,775 | 199\% | -95 | -31,295 | -9,207 | -71\% |  |
| Consolidated adjusted after tax profit without the effect of adjustments | 149,949 | 145,882 | -3\% | 26,239 | 42,183 | 10,614 | -75\% | -60\% |
| Pre-tax profit | 192,192 | 184,894 | -4\% | 39,392 | 54,215 | 14,391 | -73\% | -63\% |
| Operating profit | 449,664 | 447,710 | 0\% | 109,640 | 114,601 | 106,403 | -7\% | -3\% |
| Total income | 844,553 | 864,910 | 2\% | 214,865 | 218,272 | 213,883 | -2\% | 0\% |
| Net interest income | 650,319 | 653,126 | 0\% | 165,988 | 165,436 | 159,225 | -4\% | -4\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 151,570 | 166,936 | 10\% | 40,550 | 43,517 | 44,829 | 3\% | 11\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 42,664 | 44,848 | 5\% | 8,327 | 9,319 | 9,828 | 5\% | 18\% |
| Operating expenses | -394,890 | -417,201 | 6\% | -105,225 | -103,672 | -107,480 | 4\% | 2\% |
| Total risk costs | -253,692 | -272,459 | 7\% | -70,279 | -66,048 | -91,643 | 39\% | 30\% |
| One off items | -3,779 | 9,643 | -355\% | 30 | 5,663 | -369 | -107\% |  |
| Corporate taxes | -42,243 | -39,012 | -8\% | -13,152 | -12,032 | -3,777 | -69\% | -71\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF million | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| Total assets | 10,113,466 | 10,381,047 | 3\% | 10,113,466 | 10,060,381 | 10,381,047 | 3\% | 3\% |
| Total customer loans (net, FX adjusted) | 6,433,930 | 6,245,210 | -3\% | 6,433,930 | 6,333,842 | 6,245,210 | -1\% | -3\% |
| Total customer loans (gross, FX adjusted) | 7,579,455 | 7,480,844 | -1\% | 7,579,455 | 7,537,664 | 7,480,844 | -1\% | -1\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX adjusted) | -1,145,525 | -1,235,634 | 8\% | -1,145,525 | -1,203,822 | -1,235,634 | 3\% | 8\% |
| Total customer deposits (FX adjusted) | 6,536,735 | 6,866,606 | 5\% | 6,536,735 | 6,616,817 | 6,866,606 | 4\% | 5\% |
| Issued securities | 643,123 | 445,218 | -31\% | 643,123 | 489,974 | 445,218 | -9\% | -31\% |
| Subordinated loans | 291,495 | 267,162 | -8\% | 291,495 | 275,851 | 267,162 | -3\% | -8\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 1,514,553 | 1,509,332 | 0\% | 1,514,553 | 1,523,650 | 1,509,332 | -1\% | 0\% |
| Indicators based on one-off adjusted earnings \% | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| ROE (from adjusted net earnings) | 10.2\% | 9.6\% | -0.6\%p | 7.0\% | 11.0\% | 2.8\% | -8.2\%p | -4.2\%p |
| ROA (from adjusted net earnings) | 1.5\% | 1.4\% | -0.1\%p | 1.0\% | 1.7\% | 0.4\% | -1.3\%p | -0.6\%p |
| Operating profit margin | 4.43\% | 4.37\% | -0.06\%p | 4.37\% | 4.52\% | 4.13\% | -0.39\%p | -0.24\%p |
| Total income margin | 8.31\% | 8.44\% | 0.13\%p | 8.57\% | 8.61\% | 8.30\% | -0.31\%p | -0.27\%p |
| Net interest margin | 6.40\% | 6.37\% | -0.03\%p | 6.62\% | 6.53\% | 6.18\% | -0.35\%p | -0.44\%p |
| Cost-to-asset ratio | 3.89\% | 4.07\% | 0.18\%p | 4.20\% | 4.09\% | 4.17\% | 0.08\%p | -0.03\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 46.8\% | 48.2\% | 1.5\%p | 49.0\% | 47.5\% | 50.3\% | 2.8\%p | 1.3\%p |
| Risk cost to average gross loans | 3.11\% | 3.51\% | 0.40\%p | 3.43\% | 3.25\% | 4.42\% | 1.18\%p | 0.99\%p |
| Total risk cost-to-asset ratio | 2.50\% | 2.66\% | 0.16\%p | 2.80\% | 2.61\% | 3.56\% | 0.95\%p | 0.75\%p |
| Effective tax rate | 22.0\% | 21.1\% | -0.9\%p | 33.4\% | 22.2\% | 26.2\% | 4.1\%p | -7.1\%p |
| Net loan/(deposit+retail bond) ratio (FX adjusted) | 95\% | 89\% | -5\%p | 95\% | 94\% | 89\% | -4\%p | -5\%p |
| Capital adequacy ratio (consolidated, IFRS) - Basel2 | 19.7\% | 19.9\% | 0.2\%p | 19.7\% | 20.0\% | 19.9\% | -0.1\%p | 0.2\%p |
| Core Tier1 ratio - Basel2 | 14.7\% | 16.0\% | 1.4\%p | 14.7\% | 15.9\% | 16.0\% | 0.2\%p | 1.4\%p |
| Share Data | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| EPS diluted (HUF) (from unadjusted net earnings) | 457 | 240 | -47\% | 97 | 41 | 7 | -84\% | -93\% |
| EPS diluted (HUF) (from adjusted net earnings) | 563 | 546 | -3\% | 98 | 158 | 40 | -75\% | -60\% |
| Closing price (HUF) | 4,150 | 4,100 | -1\% | 4,150 | 4,350 | 4,100 | -6\% | -1\% |
| Highest closing price (HUF) | 4,391 | 5,302 | 21\% | 4,391 | 5,086 | 4,780 | -6\% | 9\% |
| Lowest closing price (HUF) | 2,960 | 4,059 | 37\% | 3,870 | 4,130 | 4,059 | -2\% | 5\% |
| Market Capitalization (EUR billion) | 4.0 | 3.9 | -3\% | 4.0 | 4.1 | 3.9 | -5\% | -3\% |
| Book Value Per Share (HUF) | 5,409 | 5,390 | 0\% | 5,409 | 5,442 | 5,390 | -1\% | 0\% |
| Tangible Book Value Per Share (HUF) | 4,561 | 4,699 | 3\% | 4,561 | 4,741 | 4,699 | -1\% | 3\% |
| Price/Book Value | 0.8 | 0.8 | -1\% | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | -5\% | -1\% |
| Price/Tangible Book Value | 0.9 | 0.9 | -4\% | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | -5\% | -4\% |
| P/E (trailing, from accounting net earnings) | 9.5 | 17.9 | 89\% | 9.5 | 13.7 | 17.9 | 31\% | 89\% |
| P/E (trailing, from adjusted net earnings) | 7.7 | 7.9 | 2\% | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 4\% | 2\% |
| Average daily turnover (EUR million) | 22 | 18 | -19\% | 19 | 18 | 14 | -22\% | -27\% |
| Average daily turnover (million share) | 1.7 | 1.1 | -32\% | 1.3 | 1.2 | 0.9 | -20\% | -28\% |

SHARE PRICE PERFORMANCE


## MOODY'S RATINGS

## OTP Bank

Foreign currency senior debt
Financial strength
OTP Mortgage Bank
Covered mortgage bond
D
Baa3
OTP Bank Russia
Foreign currency long term deposits Ba2
Financial strength
OTP Bank Ukraine
Foreign currency long term deposits Caa3
STANDARD \& POOR'S RATING
OTP Bank and OTP Mortgage Bank
Long term credit rating
FITCH'S RATING
OTP Bank Russia
Long term credit rating
BB

[^0]
## SUMMARY OF THE FULL-YEAR 2013 RESULTS

The Summary of the full-year 2013 results of OTP Bank Plc. has been prepared on the basis of its separate condensed and consolidated IFRS financial statements for 31 December 2013 or derived from that. At presentation of full year 2013 report of OTP Bank we applied International Financial Reporting Standards adopted by the European Union.

## SUMMARY OF THE FULL-YEAR 2013 AND THE FOURTH QUARTER 2013

With respect to the major macroeconomic indicators there has been a turnaround in growth perspectives for Hungary. According to the preliminary GDP statistics published by Eurostat on 14 February the Hungarian economy advanced by $2.7 \%$ in 4Q, thus the whole year growth could be $1.1 \%$ underpinning a radical turnaround versus a $1.7 \%$ yearly contraction in 2012. Unemployment rate dropped to $9.1 \%$ in 4Q 2013, whereas the number of employed pierced through 4 million, the highest level since 2001. As a result of the households' improving financial position, household consumption started growing, with retails sales in 4Q expanding by $3 \%$ and a moderate pick-up was witnessed in investments, too. The overall favourable international environment and disinflation (average CPI in 2013 was $1.7 \%$, while in January 2014 it was 0.0\%) enabled the Central Bank to ease monetary conditions in 2013 by 275 bps in total. With further $15-15$ bps cuts in January and February the base rate dropped to 2.7\%.

The Government has remained strongly committed to maintain fiscal balance: based on preliminary figures the fiscal deficit to GDP was $2.7 \%$ the worst, but can be as low as $2.3 \%$ the best with the public debt to GDP dropping to 79\%. Balance indicators provided strong cushion for the local currency: in 2013 the forint was one of the best performing Emerging Market currencies, refinancing of the marketable public debt was accomplished within safe framework and declining borrowing costs. Also, the share of local households in public debt financing increased substantially, which made refinancing more secure.
Under the first phase of the Funding for Growth Scheme (FGS) launched by the National Bank of Hungary, financial institutions contracted for HUF 701 billion, whereas OTP Bank's own portion represented HUF 91 billion. From early October the Hungarian National Bank commenced the second phase of the Programme with a HUF 500 billion tranche as a starter. Funds can be drawn down for financing new investment purposes or working capital by end 2014. Given the longer application period loan demand may strengthen gradually.
As for the rest of the Group, the EU-member states except for Croatia have performed relatively well and reached stronger growth in 4Q than expected with improving balance indicators on the whole.

With the outstanding Romanian GDP growth of $5.2 \%$ in 4 Q the overall economic expansion in 2013 reached $3.3 \%$. In Bulgaria growth was slower (2013: 0.6\%), however the external and fiscal balance indicators remained excellent. Given their weight in OTP Group's performance, Russia and the Ukraine deserve special attention. Economic activity slowed down in both countries. However, while in Russia it was mainly due to structural problems and a more stringent regulatory approach from the central bank, in the Ukraine the domestic political situation escalated from late November. The fiscal package offered - and then suspended by Russia could only temporary stabilize the situation: FX-reserves melted down to critical levels, the artificially stable hryvnia supported by continuous central bank interventions started depreciating, credit downgrades became almost a routine, as a result, the sovereign CDS spread is well over 1,000 basis points. Under the current circumstances the likelihood of putting together a massive EU-IMF rescue package increased.
Overall, in 2014 most of the economies where OTP Group operates can achieve a y-o-y stronger economic performance which might be coupled with a slow increase in loan portfolio.
Consolidated earnings: HUF 146 billion adjusted after-tax profit, improving income margin and stable net interest margin, significant deceleration in portfolio deterioration in 2H 2013, y-o-y 4.4 ppts increase in DPD90+ coverage, partly due to outstandingly high risk costs in 4Q
In 2013 OTP Group posted HUF 64.1 billion accounting profit, almost half of the profit reached a year ago (HUF 122.6 billion). The key driver of that meaningful decline is explained by the trebling adjustment items. In 1Q HUF 28.9 billion Hungarian banking tax for 2013 had to be booked followed by a one-off HUF 13.2 billion financial transaction tax recognised in 2Q. The Slovakian banking tax represented another HUF 1 billion for the full year. In 3Q out of the registered HUF 64.0 billion goodwill at the Ukrainian subsidiary, HUF 37.2 billion was written down. Of that HUF 6.4 billion was recognised against equity and HUF 30.8 billion against the P\&L. In the fourth quarter two more items took their toll on profit (as already indicated by the management): in November the Hungarian Competition Office imposed a penalty (yet the Bank appealed against the sentence) of HUF 3.2 billion (after tax) on OTP.

Also, OTP Core had to pay HUF 5.5 billion additional contribution tax after the transfer of general risk reserves to retained earnings ${ }^{2}$. As a result, the aforementioned adjustment items in total represented almost HUF 82 billion.
Within the consolidated accounting profit the share of the Hungarian operation decreased (2012: HUF 68 billion, 2013: HUF 34 billion), simultaneously net earnings from non-Hungarian businesses fell, too (2012: HUF 60 billion, 2013: 24 billion). As a result the profit contribution from foreign subsidiaries moderated from $49 \%$ to $37 \%$.
In 2013 OTP Group posted HUF 146 billion adjusted net profit versus HUF 150 billion a year ago. In the fourth quarter the profit represented HUF 10.6 billion underpinning a q-o-q 75\% drop due to leaping risk costs (+39\%) and weaker operating profit (-7\%). Also, there was a negative base effect stemming from lower profit on repurchase of Lower Tier2 and Upper Tier2 elements (down by HUF 5 billion q-o-q). In 4Q 2013 no material buy-backs took place. Accordingly, in 2013 from the Upper Tier 2 Perpetual bonds EUR 70.1 million was repurchased by the Group, while EUR 12.5 million was repurchased from the Lower Tier 2 bond maturing in 2015.
It was positive, that the consolidated total income without one-off items kept growing and reached HUF 865 billion ( $+2 \%$ y-0-y). There was a moderate increase in net interest income as a joint result of stronger Russian and Ukrainian, but weaker Hungarian and Bulgarian contribution. Net fees advanced by $10 \%$. During the year operating expenses grew by $6 \%$, in $4 Q$ they were up by $4 \%$ mainly due to seasonality.

The FX-adjusted consolidated loan portfolio declined by $1 \%$ y-o-y and $q-0-q$. The yearly melt-down was mainly due to a $7 \%$ contraction at OTP Core and a $2 \%$ decrease in Bulgaria. In the Ukraine the drop of loan book stopped after several years, whereas in Montenegro it grew substantially ( $+9 \%$ ). As for the different loan categories mortgages declined in all markets, but in Slovakia. The consumer book, however showed strong dynamics (+9\% y-o-y) with the highest growth captured in Slovakia (+175\%), the Ukraine ( $+126 \%$ ) and Romania (+98\%). The Russian, Montenegrin and Serbian consumer loan portfolio also reached doubly-digit growth (+10, 20 and $26 \%$, respectively).

[^1]As for deposits, group level volumes grew by $5 \%$ $y-0-y$ and by $4 \%$ q-o-q. The fastest increase was posted by the Romanian and Serbian subsidiaries, however, given their absolute weight both the Hungarian and Bulgarian deposit increase were substantial (+5\% and 6\% respectively). The „net loan-to-(deposit+retail bonds)" ratio stood at 89\% by December underpinning a 5 ppts drop y-o-y.

The stable liquidity position of the Group did not require any FX-denominated external funding, the ongoing banking operation generated enough excess liquidity to reduce net swap positions. By 31 December 2013 the gross liquidity reserves were close to EUR 6 billion equivalent and all maturing swaps for 2014 were rolled over by the Bank.

Despite the DPD90+ ratio slightly increased y-o-y - partly due to the eroding loan book -, it already improved in the second half of 2013 as a result of write-offs and sales. The DPD90+ ratio was 19.8\% (a quarterly changes in 2013, in ppt: 1Q: +0.8, 2Q: $+0.9,3 Q:-0.1,4 Q:-0.9)$. Regarding the key markets, the DPD90+ ratio grew by 1.3 ppts at OTP Core, by 1.5 ppts in Russia, by 1.7 ppts in Bulgaria, respectively; it dropped, however in the Ukraine by 1.8 ppts.

Underlying portfolio quality trends are better described by the FX-adjusted DPD90+ loan formation: its total volume was HUF 190 billion versus HUF 222 billion in 2012. DPD90+ loan formation moderated significantly in three countries (in HUF billions, FX adjusted: OTP Core: 2012: 75, 2013: 31, DSK: 2012: 23, 2013: 15, OTP Ukraine 2012: 32, 2013: 24). On the contrary, DPD90+ volumes increased substantially in Russia (2012: 54, 2013: 89).
Consolidated risk cost for the full year amounted to HUF 272 billion ( $+7 \%$ y-0-y), whereas in 4 Q the Group set aside HUF 91.6 billion of risk provisions, the highest ever amount (+26 billion q-o-q). As a result the Group-level coverage improved further (4Q 2013: 84.4\%, +4.4 ppts y-o-y). Two subsidiaries posted outstanding coverage increase $y-0-y$, namely Russia (+14.3 ppts) and Serbia (+26.8 ppts), but OTP Core and DSK Bank also boosted the coverage by 3.3 ppts each.
OTP Core: the accounting profit dropped by 50\%, however the adjusted after tax profit improved by $21 \%$ y-o-y; lower net interest margin and loan portfolio, significant drop in risk costs, further moderating portfolio deterioration
The adjusted after tax profit of OTP Core (basic activity in Hungary) in 2013 represented HUF 115 billion ( $+21 \%$ y-o-y). In 4Q the Bank posted HUF 27.3 billion profit ( $-3 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ ). The accounting profit, however, dropped from HUF 68 billion to HUF 34 billion $y-0-y$. The stronger adjusted result was mainly due to lower risk cost ( $-40 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$ ). The operating profit weakened by $8 \%$ y-o-y reasoned by lower net
interest income (-7\%) and higher operating expenses (+4\%). Net interest margin (4.31\%) melted down by 27 bps due to the lower base rate environment.
It was positive, that portfolio deterioration slowed as a result of the stable forint and the mortgage borrowers' growing participation in the fixed exchange rate scheme. Despite risk cost eroding a lot $y-0-y$, the DPD90+ coverage ratio further increased and reached $85.2 \%$ (+3.3 ppts y-o-y).
The loan portfolio declined by $7 \%$ y-o-y and by $2 \%$ $\mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ on an FX-adjusted basis. Both retail mortgages and consumer loans contracted ( $-9 \%$ and $-5 \%$, respectively). The significant drop in the municipality exposure ( $-21 \%$ ) was due to the Central Government's consolidation programme. By end2013 municipality loans represented HUF 211 billion, of which HUF 102 billion was an exposure towards the Hungarian State. Positive though, that OTP Bank's exposure to Hungarian companies ${ }^{3}$ advanced by $8 \%$ y-0-y and 4\% q-o-q, whereas the volumes of the rest of the banking sector dropped by $8 \%$ y-o-y and $4 \%$ q-o-q. As a result, OTP Group's market share in loans to Hungarian companies further improved and reached $12.4 \%$ (+0.8 ppt q-o-q and +1.8 ppts $y-0-y$ ).
The Bank managed to maintain strong market position within new retail loan flows: out of newly disbursed mortgages OTP captured $27 \%$ in 4Q (and $29 \%$ in 2013), whereas in case of cash loans its share represented $47 \%$ and $52 \%$ for the same periods.
FX-adjusted deposits with retail bonds grew both $y-0-y$ and $q-0-q$ (+5\% and 7\%, respectively). Retail deposits melted down to a great extend due to the lower yield environment and the crowding out effect of appealing investment alternatives (ie. government securities and mutual funds). This trend, however was successfully off-set by stronger corporate deposit flows (+20\% y-o-y). The net loan-to-deposit ratio dropped to 66\% ( -7 ppts y-o-y).
Merkantil Group posted HUF 2 billion after tax profit (without banking tax) in 2013, four times more than in 2012. The material improvement was mainly due to lower risk costs ( $-42 \%$ y-o-y). Operating income contracted by $20 \%$ y-0-y. The DPD90+ ratio (14.5\%) declined substantially as a result of write-offs and non-performing portfolio sales with the provision coverage slightly declining to $92.0 \%$. The FX-adjusted loan book declined further by $4 \%$ y-o-y despite new car financing loan volumes advancing by $19 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$.

[^2]OTP Fund Management realized HUF 3.6 billion net profit in 2013 which underpins a robust, 76\% y-o-y increase. Net fees and commissions expanded by $42 \%$ as a result of the popularity of investment fund products over other types of saving instruments. Total assets under management represented HUF 1,384 billion (+28\% y-0-y). The company safeguarded its dominant market position ( $26.9 \%$, +1 ppt $y-0-\mathrm{y}$ ).
Foreign subsidiaries: excellent performance in Bulgaria and substantial improvement in the Ukraine, profitable operations in Croatia, Slovakia and Montenegro, massive profit decline in Russia, negative results in Romania and Serbia

The 2013 HUF 30.2 billion net profit at the Bulgarian subsidiary underpins a $25 \%$ y-o-y increase and was very close to the highest-ever profit of HUF 31 billion in 2008. Net earnings for the last quarter represented HUF 4.6 billion. With the operating profit falling short of 2012 level by $7 \%$ the key driver behind the strong results was the $y-0-y$ $32 \%$ decline in risk cost. It was encouraging that amid slowing portfolio deterioration the DPD90+ coverage improved a lot (2013: 88.1\%, +3.3 ppts $y-0-y)$ despite risk costs being lower. Net interest income somewhat declined, but the net interest margin remained stable (5.5\%). As for FX-adjusted loan volumes, there was a y-0-y $2 \%$ decline, only consumer loans could grow by a moderate $1 \%$. Deposits on the other hand increased by 6\% despite lower offered rates reflecting the safe operation and good reputation of the bank. The net loan-to-deposit ratio dropped below $90 \%$ showing a y-o-y 10 ppts improvement.

After an outstanding result in 2012 (HUF 47.2 billion) the Russian subsidiary posted a tiny profit of HUF 2.4 billion in 2013 (4Q: -HUF 8.9 billion). The weak performance was almost exclusively due to elevating risk costs (+99\% y-o-y) with loan portfolio deterioration accelerating: DPD90+ volumes grew by HUF 89 billion in 2013 versus HUF 54 billion in 2012 (adjusted for the FX-effect). Furthermore, the DPD90+ coverage had to be increased (4Q 2013: $106.6 \%,+14.3$ ppts $y-0-y$ ) since on a yearly base the efficiency of the collection activity worsened. The DPD90+ rate increased only moderately y-o-y (from $16.6 \%$ to $18.1 \%$ ), true, this level was influenced by portfolio write-offs and sales in 4Q. Total income grew by $7 \%$ y-0-y, within that the net interest income advanced by $8 \%$ while fees and commission grew by $5 \%$. With operating expenses increasing by $16 \%$, the operating profit improved only by $2 \%$ y-o-y. The yearly net interest margin grew to $18.7 \%$ (+77 bps $y-0-y$ ), however declined in the last quarter due to the worsening loan book, but also to a change in
provisioning policy ${ }^{4}$. Against the massive expansion experienced in the last few years, in 2013 FX-adjusted consumer loans advanced only by $10 \%$. It is the reflection of a shift in the management's focus: improving profitability and collection effectiveness instead of seeking volume growth. POS loan sales for the full year of 2013 reached RUB 68 billion ( $-6.3 \% \quad y-0-y$ ), while sales performance for the last quarter showed a significant slowdown (4Q 2013: RUB 17.8 billion, $-29 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$ ).
After a profit of HUF 0.5 billion in 2012, the Ukrainian subsidiary posted decent 2013 net earnings at HUF 6.7 billion (4Q: +HUF 1.8 billion). Operating profit advanced by $20 \%$ y-o-y supported by higher total income $(+13 \%)$, while operating expenses grew moderately, by $5 \%$. Risk costs came out $5 \%$ below the base period level. Consumer lending activity remained robust and the portfolio grew by $126 \%$ y-o-y. Within that cash loans leaped 6 -fold and credit card loans advanced two and half times. The loan growth was financed by local deposits, mainly from the corporate sector. As a result of the high-margin consumer business the overall net interest margin reached $8.40 \%$ ( +147 bps $\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$ ), with the 4 Q margin at $8.99 \%$ ( $+84 \mathrm{bps} \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ ). The DPD90+ ratio dropped to $34.6 \%$ by end-2013 (-1.8 ppts y-o-y), the provision coverage of DPD90+ loans increased to $79.6 \%$ (+0.7 ppt y-o-y).
The Romanian subsidiary managed to decrease its loss with the negative results of HUF 4.1 billion against -HUF 5.5 billion posted a year ago. The lower loss is partly due to the improving operating profit ( $+10 \%$ ), but also to lower risk costs ( $-10 \%$ $y-0-y$ ). Weaker net interest income was the result of higher interest expenditures on significantly growing deposits. The net loan-to-deposit ratio improved by 48 ppts $y-0-y$. As for the lending activity, consumer loan growth was in the focus, their volume almost doubled $y-0-y$ with cash loans growing by $104 \%$. The strong lending activity and deposit collection was the main driver behind the substantial increase in fees and commissions ( $+35 \%$ y-0-y). Despite lower risk costs the DPD90+ coverage increased by 2.8 ppts.

The Croatian subsidiary remained profitable in 2013, though its net earnings of HUF 2.2 billion represented a $y-0-y ~ 41 \%$ decline. The lower profit was due to weaker operating result ( $-7 \%$ ), but higher risk costs $(+37 \%)$ also took their toll. The latter is a reflection of the ailing macroeconomic performance and the higher DPD90+ ratio. Also, higher risk costs were reasoned by a precautionary provision set aside for ongoing litigations on Swiss franc mortgages. The FX-adjusted loan book increased on the back of strong lending activity towards the municipality sector.

[^3]The Slovakian subsidiary managed to turn its operation into profit: against a loss of HUF 1.2 billion in 2012, the bank posted the same amount of profit in 2013 (without banking tax). The major drivers behind the improvement on one hand were the higher operating profit ( $+19 \%$ y-0-y), and the declining risk costs on the other ( $-41 \%$ ). Taking advantage of the improving macroeconomic environment the FX-adjusted loan book advanced by $14 \%$ y-o-y with deposits growing by $9 \%$. In both cases the retail segment was the engine of growth: retail loans advanced by $17 \%$ and the deposits by $10 \%$, respectively. The DPD90+ ratio moderated by 0.4 ppt $y-0-\mathrm{y}$ to $11.5 \%$, the provision coverage stood at $58.1 \%$.
After a loss of HUF 4.9 billion in 2012 the Serbian subsidiary posted a negative result of HUF 13.2 billion in 2013 (4Q: -10.8 billion). The record level of this negative performance was related to elevated risk costs: their yearly burden jumped to HUF 13.6 billion with a sizeable portion made in 4Q (HUF 10.8 billion). One could have a more realistic picture about the bank's operation judged by its operating profit: it turned into positive (HUF 409 million versus -HUF 1.7 billion in the base period) supported by a meaningful increase in net interest income (+48\% $y-0-y)$ and lower operating expenses ( $-11 \%$ ). The steady increase of the consumer lending portfolio (+26\%) was a key driver behind the improving net interest margin ( $4.35 \%,+1.84$ ppts $\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y})$. The DPD90+ ratio dropped to $48.9 \%$ ( -3.7 ppts ), while the coverage jumped to $82.6 \%$ ( +27 ppts $y-o-y$ ) due to the significant risk costs.
The Montenegrin subsidiary posted HUF 801 million profit in 2013 after three loss-making years. Such favourable turn-around was due to stronger operating profit ( $+24 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$ ) and materially lower risk costs $(-60 \%)$. FX-adjusted loan volumes started growing again and advanced by $9 \% y-0-y$, within that the consumer book grew by $20 \%$. The stable liquidity position of the bank did not require aggressive deposit collection, their volumes dropped by $9 \%$. The DPD90+ ratio increased marginally, the coverage improved (81.2\%) despite lower risk costs.

## Consolidated and stand-alone capital adequacy ratio (in accordance with BASEL II)

By the end of December 2013 the consolidated capital adequacy ratio of OTP Group under IFRS was at $19.9 \%(-0.1$ ppt $\mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q},+0.2 \mathrm{ppt} \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y})$ with the Tier1 ratio (after deducting goodwill and intangible assets) at $17.4 \%$ and the Core Tier1 ratio (further deducting hybrid instruments) at $16.0 \% ~(+0.2 \mathrm{ppt}$ $\mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ and +1.4 ppts $\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$ ). The improvement of the consolidated Core Tier 1 ratio $y-0-y$ was supported by the continuous profit generation of the Group and declining risk weighted assets. OTP Bank's stand-alone capital adequacy ratio reached $23.0 \%$ by end-2013 showing a 2.5 ppts improvement $y-0-y$. In the fourth quarter OTP Bank executed a capital
increase in CKB Bank in the amount of EUR 7 million.

## Credit rating, shareholder structure

As for the credit ratings assigned by Moody's, Standard \& Poor's or Fitch, there was no change in 4Q neither at OTP Bank, nor at the subsidiaries except for the Ukrainian bank. Accordingly OTP Bank (Hungary)'s FX debt carries 'Ba1/BB' ratings, OTP Mortgage Bank's covered bonds are rated at 'Baa3', whereas OTP Bank Russia holds 'Ba2/BB' on its FX deposits. OTP Bank Ukraine
credit rating was downgraded in January and February (see: Post Balance Sheet events).
Regarding the ownership structure of the bank, the Hungarian National Asset Management Inc. holding pierced 5\% in 4Q (5.10\%). Furthermore, another four investors had more than $5 \%$ influence (beneficial ownership) in the Company, namely the Rahimkulov family (9.00\%), MOL (the Hungarian Oil and Gas Company 8.68\%), Groupama Group ( $8.40 \%$ ) and Lazard Group (5.58\%).

## POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

## Hungary

- On 12 February 2014 EU court adviser gave non-binding opinion on Hungarian FX loans.
- On 14 February Hungarian Central Statistical Office announced that GDP for the last quarter 2013 rose by $2.7 \%$ from a year earlier, the strongest dynamics since the fourth quarter of 2006.
- In the last round of municipality debt consolidation, expected to take place on 28 February, the Hungarian central Government is going to take over all the remaining debt of Hungarian municipalities. As a result, at OTP Bank the negative impact on loan volumes is expected to be around HUF 64 billion and will be shown in first quarter of 2014. By end-December 2013 OTP Bank had HUF 211 billion municipality, state and public sector debt of which HUF 102 billion was a direct exposure to the Hungarian State. HUF 102 billion municipality exposure may be affected by consolidation, out of which HUF 64 billion is going to be repaid, while HUF 38 billion is going to be refinanced by a loan originated by OTP Bank for the Government Debt Management Agency.


## Russia

- On 21 February 2014 the Russian finance minister announced that Russia will decide on the USD 15 billion financial aid package for Ukraine once a new government is in place, until then the USD 2 billion funding is suspended temporarily.
- On 3 March Central Bank of Russia decided to increase the key policy rate to $7 \%$ from $5.5 \%$ to protect the rouble.


## Ukraine

- On 28 January 2014 S\&P lowered its long- and short-term foreign currency sovereign credit ratings on Ukraine to 'CCC+/C', while affirmed the local currency ratings. The outlook is negative.
- On 31 January Moody's downgraded Ukraine's government bond rating to 'Caa2' from 'Caa1' and assigned a negative outlook.
- On 5 February following the sovereign rating action Moody's downgraded OTP Bank Ukraine's foreign currency long-term deposit rating to 'Caa3' from 'Caa2', and affirmed the local currency deposit rating. The outlook is negative.
- On 7 February Fitch downgraded Ukraine's Long-term foreign currency Issuer Default Ratings to 'CCC' from 'B-', and affirmed the Long-term local currency IDR at 'B-'. The outlook is negative.
- On 21 February S\&P lowered Ukraine's long-term foreign currency sovereign credit rating 'CCC' from 'CCC+'. At the same time, S\&P affirmed the short-term foreign currency sovereign rating at 'C'.
- On 22 February the Ukrainian parliament voted to oust President Viktor Yanukovych and hold early election on 25 May.
- The newly elected chairman of National Bank of Ukraine announced on 26 February that Ukraine asked a new financial aid program from the International Monetary Fund.
- On 28 February National Bank of Ukraine limited daily FX cash withdrawals from banks at UAH 15,000.


## Bulgaria

- On 10 January 2014 Fitch affirmed Bulgaria's Long-term foreign currency Issuer Default Rating (IDR) at 'BBB-' and local currency IDR at 'BBB'. The outlooks are stable.


## Romania

- On 8 January 2014 the National Bank of Romania cut minimum reserve requirements for leu liabilities to $12 \%$ from $15 \%$ and for foreign currency ones to $18 \%$ from $20 \%$.


## Croatia

- On 24 January 2014 S\&P lowered Croatia's long-term foreign and local currency sovereign credit ratings to 'BB' from 'BB+'. At the same time, affirmed the short-term ratings at ' $B$ '. The outlook is stable.
- On 28 January the European Union launched an Excessive Deficit Procedure against Croatia. Accordingly, Croatia has to reduce the deficit to below the EU's ceiling by 2016.
- On 31 January OTP banka Hrvatska signed an agreement in Zagreb with the Italian Banco Popolare banking group on the purchase of its $98.37 \%$ ownership in its Croatian subsidiary.
- On 14 February Fitch revised the outlook Croatia's rating to Negative from Stable. Its Long-term foreign and local currency Issuer Default Ratings (IDR) have been affirmed at 'BB+' and 'BBB-' respectively.


## Slovakia

- On 31 January 2014 S\&P affirmed Slovakia's 'A/A-1' long- and short-term foreign and local currency sovereign credit ratings. The outlook is stable.


## Serbia

- On 17 January 2014 Fitch downgraded Serbia's Long-term foreign and local currency Issuer Default Ratings (IDRs) to 'B+' from 'BB-'. The outlook is stable.
- On 21 January the European Union began entry talks with Serbia.
- On 29 January Serb President Tomislav Nikolic called early elections for 16 March after his Progressive Party said it needs fresh support to overhaul the economy.
- On 26 February OTP Bank Plc. announced that capital increase in the amount of RSD 2.3 billion has been registered at the Serbian subsidiary.


## CONSOLIDATED AFTER TAX PROFIT BREAKDOWN BY SUBSIDIARIES (IFRS) ${ }^{5}$

| in HUF million | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consolidated after tax profit | 122,586 | 64,108 | -48\% | 26,145 | 10,888 | 1,407 | -87\% | -95\% |
| Adjustments (total) | -27,363 | -81,775 | 199\% | -95 | -31,295 | -9,207 | -71\% |  |
| Dividend and total net cash transfers (consolidated) | -391 | -406 | 4\% | -199 | -183 | -221 | 21\% | 11\% |
| Goodwill/investment impairment charges (after tax) | 3,977 | -29,440 | -840\% | 0 | -30,819 | 0 | -100\% |  |
| Special tax on financial institutions and one-timer payment compensating the underperformance of the financial transaction tax (after corporate income tax) | -29,174 | -43,219 | 48\% | 105 | -293 | -274 | -6\% | -362\% |
| Fine imposed by the Hungarian Competition Authority (after tax) | 0 | -3,177 |  | 0 | 0 | -3,177 |  |  |
| Corporate tax impact of the transfer of general risk reserves to retained earnings | 0 | -5,533 |  | 0 | 0 | -5,533 |  |  |
| Impact of early repayment of FX mortgage loans in Hungary (after corporate income tax) | -1,775 | 0 | -100\% | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Consolidated adjusted after tax profit without the effect of adjustments | 149,949 | 145,882 | -3\% | 26,239 | 42,183 | 10,614 | -75\% | -60\% |
| Banks total without one-off items ${ }^{1}$ | 147,616 | 143,346 | -3\% | 26,549 | 42,679 | 11,152 | -74\% | -58\% |
| OTP CORE (Hungary) ${ }^{2}$ | 94,587 | 114,879 | 21\% | 20,501 | 27,814 | 27,325 | -2\% | 33\% |
| Corporate Centre (after tax) ${ }^{3}$ | -7,089 | 2,398 | -134\% | -1,372 | 4,098 | -666 | -116\% | -51\% |
| OTP Bank Russia ${ }^{4}$ | 47,158 | 2,356 | -95\% | 14,162 | 907 | -8,906 |  | -163\% |
| CJSC OTP Bank (Ukraine) ${ }^{5}$ | 528 | 6,716 |  | 2,696 | 3,076 | 1,792 | -42\% | -34\% |
| DSK Bank (Bulgaria) ${ }^{6}$ | 24,214 | 30,223 | 25\% | 588 | 5,730 | 4,563 | -20\% | 676\% |
| OBR adj. (Romania) ${ }^{7}$ | -5,530 | -4,143 | -25\% | -3,564 | 577 | -2,454 | -525\% | -31\% |
| OTP banka Srbija (Serbia) ${ }^{8}$ | -4,934 | -13,246 | 168\% | -2,343 | -834 | -10,766 |  | 360\% |
| OBH (Croatia) | 3,714 | 2,210 | -41\% | 1,053 | 578 | 197 | -66\% | -81\% |
| OBS (Slovakia) ${ }^{9}$ | -1,161 | 1,153 | -199\% | -1,722 | 231 | 183 | -21\% | -111\% |
| CKB (Montenegro) | -3,872 | 801 | -121\% | -3,449 | 503 | -117 | -123\% | -97\% |
| Leasing | 2,051 | 2,286 | 11\% | -821 | 575 | 705 | 23\% | -186\% |
| Merkantil Bank + Car, adj. (Hungary) ${ }^{10}$ | 501 | 1,951 | 289\% | -974 | 547 | 553 | 1\% | -157\% |
| Foreign leasing companies (Slovakia, Croatia, Bulgaria, Romania) | 1,549 | 334 | -78\% | 153 | 28 | 152 | 446\% | -1\% |
| Asset Management | 2,042 | 3,680 | 80\% | 1,148 | 887 | 1,352 | 52\% | 18\% |
| OTP Asset Management (Hungary) | 2,041 | 3,596 | 76\% | 1,150 | 851 | 1,353 | 59\% | 18\% |
| Foreign Asset Management Companies (Ukraine, Romania) ${ }^{12}$ | 2 | 84 |  | -2 | 36 | -1 | -104\% | -9\% |
| Other Hungarian Subsidiaries | -934 | -3,442 | 269\% | -753 | -1,780 | -2,306 | 30\% | 206\% |
| Other Foreign Subsidiaries (Slovakia, United Kingdom, Cyprus, Romania, Belize) ${ }^{13}$ | -756 | -1,487 | 97\% | -112 | -54 | -1,641 |  |  |
| Eliminations | -65 | 1,499 |  | 227 | -123 | 1,350 |  | 494\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total after tax profit of HUNGARIAN subsidiaries ${ }^{14}$ | 89,041 | 120,882 | 36\% | 18,779 | 31,408 | 27,610 | -12\% | 47\% |
| Total after tax profit of FOREIGN subsidiaries ${ }^{15}$ | 60,912 | 25,001 | -59\% | 7,460 | 10,777 | -16,997 | -258\% | -328\% |
| Share of foreign profit contribution, \% | 41\% | 17\% | -23\%p | 28\% | 26\% | -160\% | -186\%p | -189\%p |

[^4]
## CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE, UNAUDITED IFRS REPORTS OF OTP BANK PLC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF RECOGNIZED INCOME

| Main components of the Statement of recognized income in HUF million | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consolidated after tax profit | 122,586 | 64,108 | -48\% | 26,145 | 10,888 | 1,407 | -87\% | -95\% |
| Adjustments (total) | -27,363 | -81,775 | 199\% | -95 | -31,295 | -9,207 | -71\% |  |
| Dividends and net cash transfers (after tax) | -391 | -406 | 4\% | -199 | -183 | -221 | 21\% | 11\% |
| Goodwill/investment impairment charges (after tax) | 3,977 | -29,440 | -840\% | 0 | -30,819 | 0 | -100\% |  |
| Special tax on financial institutions and onetimer payment compensating the underperformance of the financial transaction tax (after corporate income tax) | -29,174 | -43,219 | 48\% | 105 | -293 | -275 | -6\% | -363\% |
| Fine imposed by the Hungarian Competition Authority (after tax) | 0 | -3,177 |  | 0 | 0 | -3,177 |  |  |
| Corporate tax impact of the transfer of general risk reserves to retained earnings | 0 | -5,533 |  | 0 | 0 | -5,533 |  |  |
| Impact of early repayment of FX mortgage loans in Hungary (after corporate income tax) | -1,775 | 0 | -100\% | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Consolidated adjusted after tax profit without the effect of adjustments | 149,949 | 145,882 | -3\% | 26,239 | 42,183 | 10,614 | -75\% | -60\% |
| Before tax profit | 192,192 | 184,894 | -4\% | 39,392 | 54,215 | 14,391 | -73\% | -63\% |
| Operating profit | 449,664 | 447,710 | 0\% | 109,640 | 114,601 | 106,403 | -7\% | -3\% |
| Total income | 844,553 | 864,910 | 2\% | 214,865 | 218,272 | 213,883 | -2\% | 0\% |
| Net interest income | 650,319 | 653,126 | 0\% | 165,988 | 165,436 | 159,225 | -4\% | -4\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 151,570 | 166,936 | 10\% | 40,550 | 43,517 | 44,829 | 3\% | 11\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 42,664 | 44,848 | 5\% | 8,327 | 9,319 | 9,828 | 5\% | 18\% |
| Foreign exchange result, net | 19,863 | 18,183 | -8\% | 3,402 | 3,666 | 5,364 | 46\% | 58\% |
| Gain/loss on securities, net | 4,696 | 11,037 | 135\% | 521 | 1,563 | 1,634 | 5\% | 214\% |
| Net other non-interest result | 18,105 | 15,627 | -14\% | 4,403 | 4,090 | 2,831 | -31\% | -36\% |
| Operating expenses | -394,890 | -417,201 | 6\% | -105,225 | -103,672 | -107,480 | 4\% | 2\% |
| Personnel expenses | -188,953 | -204,277 | 8\% | -48,684 | -51,219 | -50,173 | -2\% | 3\% |
| Depreciation | -47,420 | -47,199 | 0\% | -12,583 | -11,846 | -11,871 | 0\% | -6\% |
| Other expenses | -158,517 | -165,725 | 5\% | -43,958 | -40,607 | -45,436 | 12\% | 3\% |
| Total risk costs | -253,692 | -272,459 | 7\% | -70,279 | -66,048 | -91,643 | 39\% | 30\% |
| Provision for loan losses | -242,695 | -262,541 | 8\% | -64,296 | -63,293 | -83,373 | 32\% | 30\% |
| Other provision | -10,997 | -9,918 | -10\% | -5,982 | -2,755 | -8,270 | 200\% | 38\% |
| Total one-off items | -3,779 | 9,643 | -355\% | 30 | 5,663 | -369 | -107\% |  |
| Revaluation result of FX swaps at OTP Core | -2,528 | 715 | -128\% | 0 | 270 | -297 | -210\% |  |
| Gain on the repurchase of own Upper and Lower Tier2 Capital | 1,415 | 6,104 | 331\% | 0 | 5,102 | 32 | -99\% |  |
| Result of the treasury share swap at OTP Core | -2,667 | 2,824 | -206\% | 31 | 291 | -104 | -136\% | -440\% |
| Corporate taxes | -42,243 | -39,012 | -8\% | -13,152 | -12,032 | -3,777 | -69\% | -71\% |
| INDICATORS (\%) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROE (adjusted) | 10.2\% | 9.6\% | -0.6\%p | 7.0\% | 11.0\% | 2.8\% | -8.2\%p | -4.2\%p |
| ROA (adjusted) | 1.5\% | 1.4\% | -0.1\%p | 1.0\% | 1.7\% | 0.4\% | -1.3\%p | -0.6\%p |
| Operating profit margin | 4.43\% | 4.37\% | -0.06\%p | 4.37\% | 4.52\% | 4.13\% | -0.39\%p | -0.24\%p |
| Total income margin | 8.31\% | 8.44\% | 0.13\%p | 8.57\% | 8.61\% | 8.30\% | -0.31\%p | -0.27\%p |
| Net interest margin | 6.40\% | 6.37\% | -0.03\%p | 6.62\% | 6.53\% | 6.18\% | -0.35\%p | -0.44\%p |
| Net fee and commission margin | 1.49\% | 1.63\% | 0.14\%p | 1.62\% | 1.72\% | 1.74\% | 0.02\%p | 0.12\%p |
| Net other non-interest income margin | 0.42\% | 0.44\% | 0.02\%p | 0.33\% | 0.37\% | 0.38\% | 0.01\%p | 0.05\%p |
| Cost-to-asset ratio | 3.89\% | 4.07\% | 0.18\%p | 4.20\% | 4.09\% | 4.17\% | 0.08\%p | -0.03\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 46.8\% | 48.2\% | 1.5\%p | 49.0\% | 47.5\% | 50.3\% | 2.8\%p | 1.3\%p |
| Risk cost for loan losses-to-average gross loans | 3.11\% | 3.51\% | 0.40\%p | 3.43\% | 3.35\% | 4.42\% | 1.07\%p | 0.99\%p |
| Risk cost for loan losses-to-average FX adjusted gross loans | 3.21\% | 3.52\% | 0.31\%p | 3.41\% | 3.38\% | 4.45\% | 1.07\%p | 1.03\%p |
| Total risk cost-to-asset ratio | 2.50\% | 2.66\% | 0.16\%p | 2.80\% | 2.61\% | 3.56\% | 0.95\%p | 0.75\%p |
| Effective tax rate | 22.0\% | 21.1\% | -0.9\%p | 33.4\% | 22.2\% | 26.2\% | 4.1\%p | -7.1\%p |
| Non-interest income/total income | 23\% | 24\% | 1\%p | 23\% | 24\% | 26\% | 1\% | 3\%p |
| EPS base (HUF) (from unadjusted net earnings) | 457 | 241 | -47\% | 97 | 41 | 7 | -84\% | -93\% |
| EPS diluted (HUF) (from unadjusted net earnings) | 457 | 240 | -47\% | 97 | 41 | 7 | -84\% | -93\% |
| EPS base (HUF) (from adjusted net earnings) | 563 | 547 | -3\% | 99 | 158 | 40 | -75\% | -60\% |
| EPS diluted (HUF) (from adjusted net earnings) | 563 | 546 | -3\% | 98 | 158 | 40 | -75\% | -60\% |


| Comprehensive Income Statement | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consolidated after tax profit | 122,586 | 64,108 | -48\% | 26,145 | 10,888 | 1,407 | -87\% | -95\% |
| Fair value adjustment of securities available-forsale (recognised directly through equity) | 48,180 | -1,721 | -104\% | 9,903 | 1,393 | 1,048 | -25\% | -89\% |
| Fair value adjustment of derivative financial instruments designated as cash-flow hedge | 532 | 531 | 0\% | 134 | 134 | 134 | 0\% | 0\% |
| Fair value adjustment of strategic open FX position hedging net investment in foreign operations | 4,978 | -1,357 | -127\% | -1,824 | -704 | 399 | -157\% | -122\% |
| Foreign currency translation difference | -54,104 | -33,159 | -39\% | 20,080 | -13,580 | -16,951 | 25\% | -184\% |
| Net comprehensive income | 122,172 | 28,402 | -77\% | 54,438 | -1,869 | -13,962 | 647\% | -126\% |
| o/w Net comprehensive income attributable to equity holders | 121,990 | 29,418 | -76\% | 54,152 | -1,555 | -13,313 | 756\% | -125\% |
| Net comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest | 182 | -1,016 | -658\% | 286 | -314 | -649 | 107\% | -327\% |
| Average exchange rate of the HUF (in forint) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| EUR/HUF | 289 | 297 | 3\% | 283 | 298 | 298 | 0\% | 5\% |
| CHF/HUF | 240 | 241 | 0\% | 234 | 241 | 242 | 0\% | 3\% |
| USD/HUF | 225 | 224 | -1\% | 219 | 225 | 219 | -3\% | 0\% |
| JPY/100HUF | 283 | 230 | -19\% | 270 | 227 | 218 | -4\% | -19\% |

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

| Main components of balance sheet in HUF million | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 10,113,466 | 10,060,381 | 10,381,047 | 3\% | 3\% |
| Cash and amount due from banks | 602,521 | 541,136 | 539,125 | 0\% | -11\% |
| Placements with other banks | 356,866 | 328,671 | 273,479 | -17\% | -23\% |
| Financial assets at fair value | 222,874 | 202,753 | 415,605 | 105\% | 86\% |
| Securities available-for-sale | 1,411,177 | 1,372,812 | 1,637,255 | 19\% | 16\% |
| Net customer loans | 6,464,191 | 6,359,288 | 6,245,210 | -2\% | -3\% |
| Net customer loans (FX adjusted) | 6,433,930 | 6,300,358 | 6,245,210 | -1\% | -3\% |
| Gross customer loans | 7,618,367 | 7,612,659 | 7,480,844 | -2\% | -2\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX adjusted) | 7,579,455 | 7,537,664 | 7,480,844 | -1\% | -1\% |
| o/w Retail loans | 5,037,320 | 5,059,346 | 4,991,611 | -1\% | -1\% |
| Retail mortgage loans (incl. home equity) | 2,811,648 | 2,676,122 | 2,623,097 | -2\% | -7\% |
| Retail consumer loans | 1,766,094 | 1,925,985 | 1,916,282 | -1\% | 9\% |
| SME loans | 459,577 | 457,239 | 452,231 | -1\% | -2\% |
| Corporate loans | 2,178,439 | 2,137,818 | 2,177,149 | 2\% | 0\% |
| Loans to medium and large corporates | 1,872,292 | 1,869,734 | 1,904,700 | 2\% | 2\% |
| Municipal loans ${ }^{1}$ | 306,147 | 268,083 | 272,449 | 2\% | -11\% |
| Car financing loans | 289,350 | 254,573 | 240,100 | -6\% | -17\% |
| Bills and accrued interest receivables related to loans | 74,346 | 85,927 | 71,984 | -16\% | -3\% |
| Allowances for loan losses | -1,154,176 | -1,253,371 | -1,235,634 | -1\% | 7\% |
| Allowances for loan losses (FX adjusted) | -1,145,525 | -1,237,306 | -1,235,634 | 0\% | 8\% |
| Equity investments ${ }^{2}$ | 7,936 | 9,035 | 23,837 | 164\% | 200\% |
| Securities held-to-maturity | 429,303 | 621,916 | 580,051 | -7\% | 35\% |
| Premises, equipment and intangible assets, net | 489,142 | 449,996 | 455,244 | 1\% | -7\% |
| o/w Goodwill, net | 189,619 | 149,814 | 145,564 | -3\% | -23\% |
| Premises, equipment and other intangible assets, net | 299,523 | 300,182 | 309,680 | 3\% | 3\% |
| Other assets | 129,456 | 174,774 | 211,241 | 21\% | 63\% |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | 10,113,466 | 10,060,381 | 10,381,047 | 3\% | 3\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions and governments | 534,324 | 582,328 | 784,212 | 35\% | 47\% |
| Customer deposits | 6,550,708 | 6,663,790 | 6,866,606 | 3\% | 5\% |
| Customer deposits (FX adjusted) | 6,536,735 | 6,616,817 | 6,866,606 | 4\% | 5\% |
| o/w Retail deposits | 4,745,716 | 4,632,141 | 4,773,981 | 3\% | 1\% |
| Household deposits | 4,135,511 | 4,001,836 | 4,120,649 | 3\% | 0\% |
| SME deposits | 610,205 | 630,305 | 653,332 | 4\% | 7\% |
| Corporate deposits | 1,750,010 | 1,936,805 | 2,054,222 | 6\% | 17\% |
| Deposits to medium and large corporates | 1,458,870 | 1,572,944 | 1,700,799 | 8\% | 17\% |
| Municipal deposits | 291,140 | 363,861 | 353,422 | -3\% | 21\% |
| Accrued interest payable related to customer deposits | 41,009 | 47,871 | 38,403 | -20\% | -6\% |
| Issued securities | 643,123 | 489,974 | 445,218 | -9\% | -31\% |
| o/w Retail bonds | 230,626 | 94,215 | 70,447 | -25\% | -69\% |
| Issued securities without retail bonds | 412,497 | 395,759 | 374,771 | -5\% | -9\% |
| Other liabilities | 579,263 | 524,788 | 508,517 | -3\% | -12\% |
| Subordinated bonds and loans | 291,495 | 275,851 | 267,162 | -3\% | -8\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 1,514,553 | 1,523,650 | 1,509,332 | -1\% | 0\% |


| Indicators | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan/deposit ratio (FX adjusted) | 116\% | 113\% | 109\% | -5\%p | -7\%p |
| Net loan/(deposit + retail bond) ratio (FX adjusted) | 95\% | 93\% | 89\% | -4\%p | -5\%p |
| 90+ days past due loan volume | 1,442,646 | 1,554,155 | 1,463,645 | -6\% | 1\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans | 19.1\% | 20.6\% | 19.8\% | -0.9\%p | 0.6\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans | 80.0\% | 80.6\% | 84.4\% | 3.8\%p | 4.4\%p |
| Consolidated capital adequacy - Basel2 | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | $\mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{Y}$ |
| Capital adequacy ratio (consolidated, IFRS) | 19.7\% | 20.0\% | 19.9\% | -0.1\%p | 0.2\%p |
| Tier1 ratio | 16.0\% | 17.2\% | 17.4\% | 0.2\%p | 1.4\%p |
| Core Tier1 ratio | 14.7\% | 15.9\% | 16.0\% | 0.2\%p | 1.4\%p |
| Leverage (Total Assets/Shareholder's Equity) | 6.7 x | 6.6x | $6.9 x$ |  |  |
| Regulatory capital (consolidated) | 1,473,525 | 1,472,400 | 1,440,962 | -2\% | -2\% |
| o/w Tier1 Capital | 1,203,019 | 1,271,972 | 1,264,286 | -1\% | 5\% |
| o/w Core Tier1 Capital | 1,098,882 | 1,170,539 | 1,164,261 | -1\% | 6\% |
| Hybrid Tier1 Capital | 104,136 | 101,434 | 100,025 | -1\% | -4\% |
| Tier2 Capital | 270,849 | 200,772 | 177,043 | -12\% | -35\% |
| Deductions from the regulatory capital | -343 | -344 | -367 | 7\% | 7\% |
| Consolidated risk weighted assets (RWA) (Credit\&Market\&Operational risk) | 7,496,894 | 7,374,856 | 7,255,192 | -2\% | -3\% |
| o/w RWA (Credit risk) | 6,015,748 | 5,907,281 | 5,784,649 | -2\% | -4\% |
| RWA (Market \& Operational risk) | 1,481,146 | 1,467,575 | 1,470,543 | 0\% | -1\% |
| Closing exchange rate of the HUF (in forint) | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/EUR | 291 | 298 | 297 | -1\% | 2\% |
| HUF/CHF | 241 | 244 | 242 | -1\% | 0\% |
| HUF/USD | 221 | 221 | 216 | -2\% | -2\% |
| HUF/100JPY | 257 | 226 | 205 | -9\% | -20\% |

$\frac{1}{1}$ As of 31 December 2013 on consolidated level out of HUF 272 billion exposure to municipalities the exposure to the Hungarian State amounted to HUF 102 billion.
${ }^{2}$ According to the announcement of OTP Bank Plc. on 28 February 2014 it holds $46.69 \%$ indirect ownership in KITE Mezőgazdasági és Szolgáltató Ltd. through the following companies: Inga Kettő Ltd., Összehangoló Ltd., Stabilizáló Ltd. and Bank Center No. 1. Ltd.

## OTP BANK'S HUNGARIAN CORE BUSINESS

OTP Core Statement of recognized income:

| Main components of the Statement of recognised income in HUF million | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjusted after tax profit without the effect of adjustments | 94,587 | 114,879 | 21\% | 20,501 | 27,814 | 27,325 | -2\% | 33\% |
| Corporate income tax | -22,933 | -28,957 | 26\% | -8,608 | -8,369 | -5,186 | -38\% | -40\% |
| Pre-tax profit | 117,520 | 143,836 | 22\% | 29,109 | 36,183 | 32,511 | -10\% | 12\% |
| Operating profit | 211,355 | 194,390 | -8\% | 48,219 | 49,861 | 47,491 | -5\% | -2\% |
| Total income | 394,243 | 384,587 | -2\% | 96,167 | 96,864 | 95,509 | -1\% | -1\% |
| Net interest income | 292,570 | 273,276 | -7\% | 71,754 | 69,466 | 67,756 | -2\% | -6\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 85,820 | 91,507 | 7\% | 21,865 | 23,550 | 24,776 | 5\% | 13\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 15,853 | 19,804 | 25\% | 2,547 | 3,847 | 2,977 | -23\% | 17\% |
| Operating expenses | -182,888 | -190,197 | 4\% | -47,948 | -47,003 | -48,018 | 2\% | 0\% |
| Total risk costs | -90,056 | -54,094 | -40\% | -19,140 | -14,238 | -14,579 | 2\% | -24\% |
| Provisions for possible loan losses | -86,986 | -48,899 | -44\% | -16,165 | -12,382 | -11,053 | -11\% | -32\% |
| Other provisions | -3,070 | -5,194 | 69\% | -2,975 | -1,857 | -3,526 | 90\% | 19\% |
| Total one-off items | -3,779 | 3,539 | -194\% | 30 | 561 | -401 | -171\% |  |
| Revaluation result of FX swaps | -2,528 | 715 | -128\% | 0 | 270 | -297 | -210\% |  |
| Gain on the repurchase of own Upper and Lower Tier2 Capital | 1,415 | 0 | -100\% | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | -100\% |
| Revaluation result of the treasury share swap agreement | -2,667 | 2,824 | -206\% | 31 | 291 | -104 | -136\% | -440\% |
| Revenues by Business Lines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RETAIL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total income | 307,118 | 293,090 | -5\% | 74,900 | 74,457 | 71,750 | -4\% | -4\% |
| Net interest income | 229,237 | 214,063 | -7\% | 55,078 | 54,244 | 51,546 | -5\% | -6\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 74,692 | 75,599 | 1\% | 18,992 | 19,450 | 19,388 | 0\% | 2\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 3,189 | 3,429 | 8\% | 830 | 764 | 815 | 7\% | -2\% |
| CORPORATE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total income | 33,182 | 43,702 | 32\% | 9,661 | 11,278 | 14,053 | 25\% | 45\% |
| Net interest income | 21,527 | 27,930 | 30\% | 6,289 | 7,326 | 8,479 | 16\% | 35\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 10,723 | 14,770 | 38\% | 3,130 | 3,729 | 5,336 | 43\% | 70\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 932 | 1,002 | 8\% | 243 | 223 | 238 | 7\% | -2\% |
| Treasury ALM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total income | 49,061 | 44,426 | -9\% | 10,709 | 9,793 | 9,771 | 0\% | -9\% |
| Net interest income | 41,806 | 31,283 | -25\% | 10,387 | 7,896 | 7,731 | -2\% | -26\% |
| Net fees and commissions | -63 | 769 | -1329\% | -172 | 372 | 372 | 0\% | -317\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 7,317 | 12,374 | 69\% | 493 | 1,525 | 1,668 | 9\% | 238\% |
| Indicators (\%) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| ROE | 8.1\% | 9.4\% | 1.3\%p | 6.9\% | 9.1\% | 8.7\% | -0.4\%p | 1.8\%p |
| ROA | 1.5\% | 1.8\% | 0.3\%p | 1.3\% | 1.8\% | 1.7\% | -0.1\%p | 0.4\%p |
| Operating profit margin (operating profit / avg. total assets) | 3.3\% | 3.1\% | -0.2\%p | 3.1\% | 3.3\% | 3.0\% | -0.3\%p | -0.1\%p |
| Total income margin | 6.17\% | 6.06\% | -0.11\%p | 6.21\% | 6.34\% | 6.05\% | -0.30\%p | -0.17\%p |
| Net interest margin | 4.58\% | 4.31\% | -0.27\%p | 4.64\% | 4.55\% | 4.29\% | -0.26\%p | -0.35\%p |
| Net fee and commission margin | 1.3\% | 1.4\% | 0.1\%p | 1.4\% | 1.5\% | 1.6\% | 0.0\%p | 0.2\%p |
| Net other non-interest income margin | 0.2\% | 0.3\% | 0.1\%p | 0.2\% | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | -0.1\%p | 0.0\%p |
| Operating costs to total assets ratio | 2.9\% | 3.0\% | 0.1\%p | 3.1\% | 3.1\% | 3.0\% | 0.0\%p | -0.1\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 46.4\% | 49.5\% | 3.1\%p | 49.9\% | 48.5\% | 50.3\% | 1.8\%p | 0.4\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans | 2.55\% | 1.56\% | -0.99\%p | 1.97\% | 1.57\% | 1.43\% | -0.15\%p | -0.55\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (FX adjusted) | 2.58\% | 1.56\% | -1.03\%p | 1.95\% | 1.57\% | 1.43\% | -0.15\%p | -0.52\%p |
| Effective tax rate | 19.5\% | 20.1\% | 0.6\%p | 29.6\% | 23.1\% | 16.0\% | -7.2\%p | -13.6\%p |

- Accounting profit fell from 68 to 34 billion forint ( $-50 \%$ y-o-y), whereas adjusted after tax profit improved by $21 \%$ as a result of diminishing risk costs ( $-40 \%$ ), gains on government bonds and one-off profits
- 4Q profit declined by $2 \% ~ q-o-q$ due to lower net interest income and higher operating expenses
- Declining DPD90+ loan volumes and ratio $q-o-q$, partly due to recoveries related to real-estates sold to the National Asset Management Company, the provision coverage ratio increased further (4Q 2013: $85.2 \%,+3.9$ ppts $q-o-q$ and +3.3 ppts $y-o-y$ )
- Due to strong deposit collection the net loan-to-deposit ratio fell further (2013: 66\%), retail savings grew for the first time in the year ( $+3 \%$ q-o-q)
- Corporate loans expanded partly as a result of the Funding for Growth Programme y-o-y (both SME and large company loans grew by $2 \%$ and $1 \%$, respectively).


## P\&L developments

Without the effect of adjustment items ${ }^{6}$ OTP Core posted a net profit of HUF 114.9 billion in 2013, underpinning a $21 \%$ y-o-y increase. Decelerating portfolio deterioration coupled with a $40 \%$ decline in risk cost played a key role in the improvement, in addition gains realised on the available-for-sale government bonds reached HUF 8.3 billion in 2013 (vs. HUF 2.2 billion a year before) boosting the non-interest income line. Furthermore, HUF 3.5 billion one-off profit was realised in 2013 in relation to the treasury share swap agreement and the revaluation of FX swaps. In the base period on the contrary, a loss of HUF 3.8 billion was recognised, mainly on the same items.
The operating profit for the full year deteriorated by $8 \%$. On the income side the net interest result melted down by $7 \%$ in parallel with a 27 bps lowering in the net interest margin (2012: 4.58\%, 2013: 4.31\%). Key reasons behind the smaller net interest income were as follows: deposit margins narrowed amid the declining yield environment, the interest-bearing loan portfolio shrank and the regulatory ceiling for interest rates on loans had an unfavourable effect, too. Furthermore the fixed exchange rate scheme available for FX mortgage borrowers had a negative impact of HUF 2.2 billion on net interest income in 2013 (mostly recognised in the first quarter). By the end of December around

[^5]$30 \%$ of eligible borrowers of OTP Bank, OTP Mortgage Bank and OTP Flat Lease concluded 36,422 FX protection contracts, as a result loan volumes under the FX protection scheme reached HUF 248 billion, an equivalent of $45 \%$ of the outstanding FX mortgage portfolio of these companies. ${ }^{7}$ The yearly deterioration of the net interest income was partly offset by gains realised on the available-for-sale government bond portfolio in the amount of HUF 8.3 billion versus HUF 2.2 billion realized in 2012. As a result, other net non-interest income expanded by $25 \%$ y-o-y. Operating income was hit by operating costs increasing by $4 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$ - mostly on the back of rising personnel expenses.
The annual risk cost moderated by $40 \%$. In 2013 the portfolio deterioration was much slower than in 2012 (FX adjusted DPD90+ loan formation in HUF billion in 2012: 76, in 2013: 32). In 4Q 2013 DPD90+ volumes decreased by HUF 9 billion, that is the best reading since the onset of the crisis ( 2012 1Q: 20, 2Q: 34, 3Q: 12, 2013 1Q: 14, 2Q: 18, 3Q: 9, 4Q -9). Portfolio improvement of the last quarter was induced mostly by declining non-performing mortgage loans partly in relation to recoveries from real estates sold to the National Asset Management Company. Furthermore, DPD90+ corporate loans declined $\mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$, too, while the formation of DPD90+ consumer loans slowed from quarter to quarter in 2013. The overall DPD90+ ratio stood at $17.4 \%$ by end-2013 with the annual increase of the ratio being the lowest since 2008 ( $1.3 \%$ ppts), while showing the first time quarterly decline since the onset of the crisis ( $-0.4 \mathrm{ppt} \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ ). The provision coverage of DPD90+ loans increased to $85.2 \%$ - up by 3.9 ppts $\mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ and 3.3 ppts $\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$. Such high coverage is justified, because a project financing loan with principal amount at HUF 34 billion is expected to reach 90 days of delinquency in the first quarter of 2014. Should this default event materialise, ceteris paribus it would lower the provision coverage ratio of OTP Core by 5.1 ppts to $80.1 \%$ and the consolidated provision coverage by 1.9 ppts to 82.5\%.

The after-tax profit for the fourth quarter reached HUF 27.3 billion ( $-2 \% \mathrm{q}-0-\mathrm{q}$ and $+33 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$ ). The weaker quarterly profit was influenced by a decrease in the pre-tax profit ( $-10 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ ) and a decrease in the corporate tax burden ( $-38 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ ). The former was induced by smaller net interest income, down by $2 \%$ q-o-q, that was coupled with weaker net interest margin ( 25 bps ) and smaller interest bearing loan portfolio $(-2 \%)$. The erosion of the margin was mostly the result of the declining yield environment;

[^6]deposit pricing was less efficient than in previous quarters.
The decline in the effective tax rate (in 4Q 2013: $16 \%,-7$ ppts $q-o-q$ ) was partly stemming from the increasing tax-shield impact of the revaluation of subsidiary investments (the amount of tax saving in

HUF billion: 3Q 2013: 0.5, 4Q: 1.4). The revaluation was triggered by the fluctuating closing rates of the forint. Furthermore, the additional tax obligation related to the utilisation of the general risk reserves under Hungarian accounting standards declined, too (in HUF billion 3Q: 0.8, 4Q: 0.6).

Main components of OTP Core's Statement of financial position:

| Main components of the balance sheet (closing balances, in HUF million) | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Assets | 6,229,359 | 6,075,753 | 6,454,938 | 6\% | 4\% |
| Net customer loans | 2,807,565 | 2,664,942 | 2,584,717 | -3\% | -8\% |
| Net customer loans (FX adjusted) | 2,819,478 | 2,656,542 | 2,584,717 | -3\% | -8\% |
| Gross customer loans | 3,234,343 | 3,119,139 | 3,034,469 | -3\% | -6\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX adjusted) | 3,248,907 | 3,108,465 | 3,034,469 | -2\% | -7\% |
| Retail loans | 2,186,423 | 2,087,465 | 2,017,466 | -3\% | -8\% |
| Retail mortgage loans (incl. home equity) | 1,626,829 | 1,523,271 | 1,479,182 | -3\% | -9\% |
| Retail consumer loans | 438,832 | 437,534 | 415,155 | -5\% | -5\% |
| SME loans | 120,762 | 126,660 | 123,129 | -3\% | 2\% |
| Corporate loans | 1,062,483 | 1,021,000 | 1,017,003 | 0\% | -4\% |
| Loans to medium and large corporates | 794,306 | 813,249 | 806,141 | -1\% | 1\% |
| Municipal loans ${ }^{1}$ | 268,177 | 207,751 | 210,862 | 1\% | -21\% |
| Provisions | -426,779 | -454,197 | -449,752 | -1\% | 5\% |
| Provisions (FX adjusted) | -429,428 | -451,923 | -449,752 | 0\% | 5\% |
| Deposits from customers + retail bonds | 3,863,322 | 3,694,773 | 3,903,396 | 6\% | 1\% |
| Deposits from customers + retail bonds (FX adjusted) | 3,869,974 | 3,687,453 | 3,903,396 | 6\% | 1\% |
| Retail deposits + retail bonds | 2,571,768 | 2,270,977 | 2,345,633 | 3\% | -9\% |
| Household deposits + retail bonds | 2,260,959 | 1,949,770 | 2,004,269 | 3\% | -11\% |
| o/w: Retail bonds | 230,626 | 94,215 | 70,447 | -25\% | -69\% |
| SME deposits | 310,809 | 321,206 | 341,364 | 6\% | 10\% |
| Corporate deposits | 1,298,206 | 1,416,477 | 1,557,763 | 10\% | 20\% |
| Deposits of medium and large corporates | 1,058,307 | 1,125,205 | 1,254,574 | 11\% | 19\% |
| Municipal deposits | 239,898 | 291,271 | 303,189 | 4\% | 26\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 403,947 | 397,529 | 591,856 | 49\% | 47\% |
| Issued securities without retail bonds | 249,012 | 293,326 | 276,916 | -6\% | 11\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 1,195,655 | 1,244,520 | 1,244,473 | 0\% | 4\% |
| Loan Quality (\%) | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume | 521,062 | 558,464 | 527,591 | -6\% | 1\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans | 16.1\% | 17.9\% | 17.4\% | -0.5\%p | 1.3\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans | 81.9\% | 81.3\% | 85.2\% | 3.9\%p | 3.3\%p |
| Market Share (\%) | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| Loans | 19.0\% | 18.6\% | 19.0\% | 0.4\%p | 0.0\%p |
| Deposits | 23.0\% | 22.9\% | 23.7\% | 0.8\%p | 0.8\%p |
| Total Assets | 26.6\% | 26.0\% | 26.9\% | 0.9\%p | 0.3\%p |
| Indicators (\%) | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| Net loans to (deposits + retail bonds) (FX adjusted) | 73\% | 72\% | 66\% | -6\%p | -7\%p |
| Leverage (Shareholder's Equity/Total Assets) | 19.2\% | 20.5\% | 19.3\% | -1.2\%p | 0.1\%p |
| Leverage (Total Assets/Shareholder's Equity) | 5,2x | 4,9x | 5,2x |  |  |
| Capital adequacy ratio (OTP Bank, non-consolidated, HAS) | 20.4\% | 22.8\% | 23.0\% | 0.2\%p | 2.6\%p |
| Tier1 ratio (OTP Bank, non-consolidated, HAS) | 19.3\% | 22.6\% | 23.0\% | 0.4\%p | 3.7\%p |

${ }^{1}$ As of 31 December 2013 out of HUF 211 billion exposure to municipalities the exposure to the Hungarian State amounted to HUF 102 billion.

## Balance sheet trends

During the last quarter FX-adjusted gross loans of OTP Core decreased by $2 \%$ q-o-q (-7\% y-0-y) mainly as a result of further contraction in the mortgage portfolio (-2\% q-o-q) and shrinking consumer loan volumes (-5\% q-o-q).
It was encouraging, however that the Funding for Growth Programme initiated by the Hungarian National Bank gave boost to corporate loan expansion: the volume of OTP Bank's loans ${ }^{8}$ to

[^7]Hungarian companies expanded further (+4\% q-o-q, $+8 \% y-0-y)$, while the portfolio of the Hungarian financial institutions excluding OTP dropped by $4 \%$ $q-0-q$ and $8 \%$ y-o-y. Consequently, the market share of OTP Group in loans to Hungarian companies ${ }^{9}$ increased to $12.4 \%$ (up by 0.8 ppt q-o-q and 1.8 ppts $y-0-y)$. The $21 \%$ y-o-y drop in municipality loans was

[^8]the result of the debt consolidation of Hungarian local governments ${ }^{10}$.
During 2013 in the first phase of the Funding for Growth Programme OTP Group managed to conclude contracts with a principal value of HUF 91 billion. Out of that amount HUF 71 billion was originated under the first pillar, within that new placements represented $62 \%$. The second phase of the Programme was opened for the clients from the beginning of October 2013. The initial size of funding available for banks was set at HUF 500 billion, however this time the funding will not be allocated to banks, but banks can withdraw funding in line with approved client applications.
The erosion of the mortgage loan book continued. Positive though, that mortgage loan applications ${ }^{11}$ for the first time since 2010 showed a significant increase $y-0-y$ reflecting the positive impact of the new State subsidized housing loan programme (application in HUF billion, 2012 ${ }^{12}$ : 74, 2013: 80, $+8 \%$ $y-o-y$, loan origination: 2012 ${ }^{13}$ : 49, 2013: 55, $+11 \%$ y-o-y). In 2013 at OTP, applications for subsidised housing loans with the amount of HUF 24 billion represented $43 \%$ of total housing loan applications and $30 \%$ of total mortgage loan applications. OTP's market share in mortgage loan origination remained outstanding (4Q 2013: 27\%, FY: 29\%).

Despite the dominant market share in new cash loan sales (4Q 2013: 47\%, FY: 52\%) there was no expansion in the volume of these loans either. OTP Bank's sales performance remained close to previous year's level (in HUF billion: 2012: 46, 2013: 45 ), the cash loan portfolio slightly contracted. Additionally, the volume of overdrafts declined q-o-q as a result of an adverse one-off effect, related to the year-end bonus payments for public servants. Thus the total consumer loan book was down by $5 \%$ $q-0-q$ and $y-0-y$, too.

Deposits grew $q-0-q$ and $y-0-y$, as well (+7\% and $+5 \%$, respectively). On an annual basis only retail deposits melted down to a great extent due to the lower yield environment and the crowding out effect of appealing investment alternatives (e.g. government bonds and mutual funds).

[^9]
## OTP FUND MANAGEMENT (HUNGARY)

Changes in assets under management and financial performance of OTP Fund Management:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfer and banking tax | 2,040 | 3,596 | 76\% | 1,150 | 851 | 1,353 | 59\% | 18\% |
| Corporate income tax | -257 | -603 | 135\% | -136 | -199 | -131 | -34\% | -3\% |
| Profit before income tax | 2,297 | 4,200 | 83\% | 1,286 | 1,050 | 1,485 | 41\% | 15\% |
| Operating income | 2,262 | 4,140 | 83\% | 1,268 | 1,050 | 1,425 | 36\% | 12\% |
| Total income | 4,633 | 6,314 | 36\% | 1,907 | 1,539 | 2,178 | 42\% | 14\% |
| Net interest income | 55 | 0 | -100\% | 22 | 0 | 0 | -78\% | -100\% |
| Net fee and commission income | 4,516 | 6,393 | 42\% | 1,684 | 1,520 | 2,339 | 54\% | 39\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 62 | -78 | -226\% | 200 | 19 | -160 | -959\% | -180\% |
| Operating expenses | -2,371 | -2,174 | -8\% | -638 | -489 | -753 | 54\% | 18\% |
| Other provisions | 35 | 59 | 69\% | 18 | 0 | 59 | 0\% | 237\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| Total assets | 6,617 | 9,014 | 36\% | 6,617 | 8,504 | 9,014 | 6\% | 36\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 5,092 | 6,808 | 34\% | 5,092 | 5,034 | 6,808 | 35\% | 34\% |
| Asset under management in HUF bn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Assets under management, total (w/o duplicates) | 1,077 | 1,384 | 28\% | 1,077 | 1,324 | 1,384 | 4\% | 28\% |
| Retail investment funds (closing, w/o duplicates) | 672 | 993 | 48\% | 672 | 943 | 993 | 5\% | 48\% |
| Volume of managed assets (closing, w/o duplicates) | 405 | 391 | -3\% | 405 | 382 | 391 | 2\% | -3\% |
| Volume of investment funds (with duplicates) | 771 | 1,085 | 41\% | 771 | 1,036 | 1,085 | 5\% | 41\% |
| money market | 388 | 429 | 11\% | 388 | 413 | 429 | 4\% | 11\% |
| bond | 139 | 318 | 129\% | 139 | 289 | 318 | 10\% | 129\% |
| mixed | 11 | 17 | 55\% | 11 | 15 | 17 | 10\% | 55\% |
| security | 94 | 83 | -12\% | 94 | 88 | 83 | -7\% | -12\% |
| guaranteed | 89 | 105 | 18\% | 89 | 111 | 105 | -5\% | 18\% |
| other | 50 | 133 | 166\% | 50 | 119 | 133 | 12\% | 166\% |

In 2013 OTP Fund Management posted a y-o-y $76 \%$ higher, HUF 3.6 billion after tax profit, excluding the special banking tax on financial institutions. The $y-0-y 83 \%$ improvement of operating income was induced by favourable dynamics in net fees (+42\%) in line with the expanding volume of assets under management. Operating expenses were $8 \%$ lower compared to the base year. The $q-0-q$ rise of operating costs is largely the reflection of bonuses and related contributions paid in December (in a total amount of HUF 265 million).

The series of rate cuts started in August 2012 made investment funds soaring over the last 15 months. The asset of Hungarian investment funds expanded by $36 \%$ in the market, with bond funds attracting most of the fresh money, especially short-term constructions turned to be popular. The asset of money market funds - representing the largest fund
category - expanded by $18 \%$ y-o-y, while private equity funds suffered capital withdrawal.
The volume of asset under management of OTP Fund Management increased by $28 \%$ y-o-y, nearly three times higher over the level of increase in the base period. Asset growth represented HUF 280 billion in 2013 (o/w HUF 47 billion in 4Q 2013). The indisputable winners of capital inflow were OTP Premium Money Market Fund, OTP Optima and OTP Supra. At the same time equity funds suffered further asset decline. The company's market share (without duplication) represented $26.9 \%$ by end-December 2013 (y-0-y +1 ppt, q-o-q-0.4 ppt).
The other two consolidated fund management companies within the Group (in the Ukraine and Romania) posted HUF 84 million profits in 2013.

## MERKANTIL GROUP (HUNGARY)

Performance of Merkantil Bank and Car:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfers and one-offs | 501 | 1,951 | 289\% | -974 | 547 | 553 | 1\% | -157\% |
| Income tax | -11 | -58 | 435\% | -34 | -69 | -77 | 11\% | 127\% |
| Profit before income tax | 512 | 2,009 | 292\% | -940 | 616 | 630 | 2\% | -167\% |
| Operating profit | 7,956 | 6,341 | -20\% | 1,506 | 1,903 | 1,532 | -19\% | 2\% |
| Total income | 13,994 | 12,478 | -11\% | 3,012 | 3,376 | 3,124 | -7\% | 4\% |
| Net interest income | 15,346 | 14,553 | -5\% | 3,745 | 3,695 | 3,646 | -1\% | -3\% |
| Net fees and commissions | -3,106 | -2,971 | -4\% | -849 | -713 | -803 | 13\% | -5\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 1,755 | 895 | -49\% | 115 | 394 | 281 | -29\% | 145\% |
| Operating expenses | -6,038 | -6,136 | 2\% | -1,506 | -1,474 | -1,592 | 8\% | 6\% |
| Total risk costs | -7,444 | -4,332 | -42\% | -2,446 | -1,287 | -903 | -30\% | -63\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -7,710 | -4,755 | -38\% | -2,835 | -1,249 | -861 | -31\% | -70\% |
| Other provision | 267 | 423 | 58\% | 388 | -37 | -42 | 12\% | -111\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 242,982 | 282,780 | 16\% | 242,982 | 289,799 | 282,780 | -2\% | 16\% |
| Gross customer loans | 267,744 | 257,485 | -4\% | 267,744 | 262,601 | 257,485 | -2\% | -4\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 268,578 | 257,485 | -4\% | 268,578 | 261,468 | 257,485 | -2\% | -4\% |
| Retail loans | 4,042 | 6,524 | 61\% | 4,042 | 5,623 | 6,524 | 16\% | 61\% |
| Corporate loans | 39,881 | 61,676 | 55\% | 39,881 | 62,181 | 61,676 | -1\% | 55\% |
| Car financing loans | 224,655 | 189,284 | -16\% | 224,655 | 193,664 | 189,284 | -2\% | -16\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -47,891 | -34,403 | -28\% | -47,891 | -33,804 | -34,403 | 2\% | -28\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -47,925 | -34,403 | -28\% | -47,925 | -33,751 | -34,403 | 2\% | -28\% |
| Deposits from customers | 4,276 | 5,945 | 39\% | 4,276 | 6,059 | 5,945 | -2\% | 39\% |
| Deposits from customers (FX-adjusted) | 4,276 | 5,945 | 39\% | 4,276 | 6,058 | 5,945 | -2\% | 39\% |
| Retail deposits | 1,321 | 2,234 | 69\% | 1,321 | 2,460 | 2,234 | -9\% | 69\% |
| Corporate deposits | 2,955 | 3,711 | 26\% | 2,955 | 3,598 | 3,711 | 3\% | 26\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 172,987 | 210,004 | 21\% | 172,987 | 217,190 | 210,004 | -3\% | 21\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 26,293 | 27,486 | 5\% | 26,293 | 26,993 | 27,486 | 2\% | 5\% |
| Loan Quality | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 51,414 | 37,405 | -27.2\% | 51,414 | 36,434 | 37,405 | 2.7\% | -27.2\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 19.2\% | 14.5\% | -4.7\%p | 19.2\% | 13.9\% | 14.5\% | 0.7\%p | -4.7\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 2.69\% | 1.81\% | -0.88\%p | 4.19\% | 1.95\% | 1.31\% | -0.64\%p | -2.88\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (FX-adjusted) (\%) | 2.74\% | 1.81\% | -0.93\%p | 4.14\% | 1.95\% | 1.32\% | -0.63\%p | -2.82\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 93.1\% | 92.0\% | -1.2\%p | 93.1\% | 92.8\% | 92.0\% | -0.8\%p | -1.2\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROA | 0.2\% | 0.7\% | 0.5\%p | -1.6\% | 0.8\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\%p | 2.3\%p |
| ROE | 1.9\% | 7.3\% | 5.3\%p | -14.7\% | 8.1\% | 8.1\% | -0.1\%p | 22.8\%p |
| Net interest margin | 5.97\% | 5.54\% | -0.44\%p | 6.06\% | 5.26\% | 5.05\% | -0.21\%p | -1.01\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 43.2\% | 49.2\% | 6.0\%p | 50.0\% | 43.6\% | 50.9\% | 7.3\%p | 1.0\%p |

Merkantil Bank and Car's aggregated 2013 after tax result amounted to HUF 2 billion (excluding special tax on financial institutions), which is almost four times higher than a year ago.

The y-o-y 20\% decline in operating result was driven by decreasing total income, operating expenses rose by only $2 \%$ on yearly basis.

In 2013 net interest income dropped by 5\% compared to the base period. Net interest margin continued eroding: in 2013 it came down by 44 bps to $5.54 \%$, in the fourth quarter by 21 bps to $5.05 \%$, respectively. The yearly setback of other revenues in 2013 stems from a one-off accounting entry in 2Q. ${ }^{14}$

[^10]In contrast to the tendency in previous quarters, in the third and fourth quarter the FX-adjusted volume of loans with more than 90 days of delay increased only marginally. The ratio of DPD90+ loans changed to $14.5 \%$ ( -4.7 ppts $\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y},+0.7 \mathrm{ppt} \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ ). The provision coverage ratio didn't change notably in 2013.

The FX-adjusted car financing loan book continued eroding: it contracted by $16 \%$ y-o-y and $2 \%$ q-o-q. The relatively fast pace of the yearly decline is explained by the write-off and sale of non-performing loan portfolios with a total amount of HUF 17.8 billion in the last 12 months - adjusted for this effect the reduction would have been only $8 \%$ and $2 \%$, respectively. In 2013 new car financing loan disbursements kept on growing (+19\% y-o-y). The y-o-y $55 \%$ growth of corporate loan volumes reflects new loan disbursements under the Funding for Growth Scheme.

## IFRS REPORTS OF THE MAIN SUBSIDIARIES

In the following parts of the Summary of the full-year 2013 results the after tax profit of the subsidiaries are presented without any received dividends and net cash transfers. The structural adjustments on the lines of subsidiaries' Statements of recognised income as well as description of calculation methods of performance indices are to be found in supplementary data annex.

## DSK GROUP (BULGARIA)

## Performance of DSK Group:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends and net cash transfer | 24,214 | 30,223 | 25\% | 588 | 5,730 | 4,563 | -20\% | 676\% |
| Income tax | -3,329 | -3,536 | 6\% | -269 | -714 | -552 | -23\% | 105\% |
| Profit before income tax | 27,543 | 33,760 | 23\% | 857 | 6,444 | 5,115 | -21\% | 497\% |
| Operating profit | 58,927 | 55,090 | -7\% | 11,779 | 13,744 | 13,004 | -5\% | 10\% |
| Total income | 95,732 | 92,966 | -3\% | 22,520 | 23,081 | 23,520.8 | 2\% | 4\% |
| Net interest income | 74,671 | 72,908 | -2\% | 17,493 | 18,050 | 18,482 | 2\% | 6\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 16,875 | 18,208 | 8\% | 4,342 | 4,656 | 4,655 | 0\% | 7\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 4,186 | 1,849 | -56\% | 684 | 376 | 383 | 2\% | -44\% |
| Operating expenses | -36,804 | -37,876 | 3\% | -10,741 | -9,337 | -10,517 | 13\% | -2\% |
| Total provisions | -31,384 | -21,330 | -32\% | -10,922 | -7,300 | -7,889 | 8\% | -28\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -31,153 | -20,723 | -33\% | -10,718 | -7,305 | -7,277 | 0\% | -32\% |
| Other provision | -230 | -608 | 164\% | -204 | 5 | -612 |  | 200\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 1,292,031 | 1,343,595 | 4\% | 1,292,031 | 1,348,315 | 1,343,595 | 0\% | 4\% |
| Gross customer loans | 1,143,861 | 1,138,014 | -1\% | 1,143,861 | 1,145,709 | 1,138,014 | -1\% | -1\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 1,165,889 | 1,138,014 | -2\% | 1,165,889 | 1,139,664 | 1,138,014 | 0\% | -2\% |
| Retail loans | 908,548 | 899,346 | -1\% | 908,548 | 905,014 | 899,346 | -1\% | -1\% |
| Corporate loans | 257,342 | 238,668 | -7\% | 257,342 | 234,649 | 238,668 | 2\% | -7\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -178,538 | -201,300 | 13\% | -178,538 | -196,101 | -201,300 | 3\% | 13\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -181,934 | -201,300 | 11\% | -181,934 | -195,048 | -201,300 | 3\% | 11\% |
| Deposits from customers | 979,054 | 1,054,713 | 8\% | 979,054 | 1,034,631 | 1,054,713 | 2\% | 8\% |
| Deposits from customer (FX-adjusted) | 996,850 | 1,054,713 | 6\% | 996,850 | 1,028,682 | 1,054,713 | 3\% | 6\% |
| Retail deposits | 877,333 | 927,122 | 6\% | 877,333 | 897,806 | 927,122 | 3\% | 6\% |
| Corporate deposits | 119,517 | 127,591 | 7\% | 119,517 | 130,876 | 127,591 | -3\% | 7\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 36,356 | 44,351 | 22\% | 36,356 | 28,094 | 44,351 | 58\% | 22\% |
| Subordinated debt | 43,901 | 0 | -100\% | 43,901 | 44,978 | 0 | -100\% | -100\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 209,187 | 220,752 | 6\% | 209,187 | 216,780 | 220,752 | 2\% | 6\% |
| Loan Quality | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 210,664 | 228,539 | 8\% | 210,664 | 231,417 | 228,539 | -1\% | 8\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 18.4\% | 20.1\% | 1.7\%p | 18.4\% | 20.2\% | 20.1\% | -0.1\%p | 1.7\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 2.63\% | 1.82\% | -0.82\%p | 3.77\% | 2.54\% | 2.53\% | -0.01\%p | -1.25\%p |
| Cost of risk/average (FX-adjusted) gross loans (\%) | 2.67\% | 1.80\% | -0.87\%p | 3.65\% | 2.54\% | 2.54\% | -0.01\%p | -1.12\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 84.8\% | 88.1\% | 3.3\%p | 84.8\% | 84.7\% | 88.1\% | 3.3\%p | 3.3\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-o-Y |
| ROA | 1.8\% | 2.3\% | 0.5\%p | 0.2\% | 1.7\% | 1.3\% | -0.3\%p | 1.2\%p |
| ROE | 11.6\% | 14.1\% | 2.5\%p | 1.1\% | 10.5\% | 8.3\% | -2.2\%p | 7.1\%p |
| Total income margin | 7.22\% | 7.05\% | -0.17\%p | 6.89\% | 6.83\% | 6.93\% | 0.11\%p | 0.05\%p |
| Net interest margin | 5.63\% | 5.53\% | -0.10\%p | 5.35\% | 5.34\% | 5.45\% | 0.11\%p | 0.10\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 38.4\% | 40.7\% | 2.3\%p | 47.7\% | 40.5\% | 44.7\% | 4.3\%p | -3.0\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 99\% | 89\% | -10\%p | 99\% | 92\% | 89\% | -3\%p | -10\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/BGN (closing) | 148.9 | 151.8 | 2\% | 148.9 | 152.6 | 151.8 | -1\% | 2\% |
| HUF/BGN (average) | 148.0 | 151.8 | 3\% | 144.7 | 152.3 | 152.2 | 0\% | 5\% |

- The after tax profit grew by 25\% in 2013 as a result of lower operating result and smaller risk cost
- In 4Q 2013 profit declined amid improving margins and higher risk costs
- Due to weak demand the recovery of lending business is still to come, at the same time the portfolio quality improved q-o-q (DPD90+ ratio: $20.1 \%$ ) and provision coverage increased further (4Q 2013: 88.1\%)

DSK Group reached HUF 30.2 billion after tax profit in 2013 underpinning a $25 \%$ increase over the base period. Improving annual profitability was stemming mainly from the $32 \%$ lower risk cost while operating income deteriorated by $7 \%$.
On the income side the net interest result melted down by $2 \%$ y-o-y. The change in interest accrual methodology starting from October 2012 played a key role in this setback (the Bank does not accrue interest on DPD180+ loans and also terminated the related provisioning) and lower interest income was realized on diminishing ( $-2 \%$ y-o-y) loan book. In 4Q 2013 these negative effects were offset by lower interest expenses on term deposits, thus the quarterly income margin improved by 11 bps q-o-q, whereas net interest margin for the full year decreased to $5.53 \%$.
Net fees grew across the board (+8\% y-0-y). Other revenues fell by $56 \%$, driven partly by the non-realized loss on government securities.
Operating expenses grew by $3 \%$ on a yearly basis, owing mainly to personnel expenses. The development of other costs was determined mainly by higher deductible taxes, supervisory fees. The q-o-q 13\% higher operating expenses were driven by the surge of marketing, auditory and advisory fees.

As for the FX-adjusted formation of DPD90+ loan volumes, after the spike experienced in the second quarter relating mainly to corporate loans, in the second half of the year it moderated significantly
(quarterly change of DPD90+ loan volumes in HUF billion: 2Q: 9.1, 3Q: 2.9, 4Q: 0.1). Sale or write-down of non-performing loans (in the amount of HUF 1.6 billion) was booked only in the fourth quarter of the year, mainly corporate exposures were involved.

Parallel with the moderate pace of portfolio deterioration risk cost fell back by $32 \%$, whereas the provision coverage ratio improved by 3.3 ppts, standing at $88 \%$ by end-2013.

The loan book contracted by $2 \%$ y-o-y (adjusted for FX-effect). Retail lending remained sluggish: the mortgage loan portfolio kept slowly eroding on quarterly and yearly basis as well ( $-1 \%$, and $-3 \%$ ), despite increasing new volumes. The new origination of consumer loans decreased gradually with slightly increasing lending rates from 2 H , thus the consumer loan portfolio diminished by $1 \%$ q-o-q. In 4Q 2013 the corporate book increased by $2 \%$ despite of narrowing markets; accordingly the market position of the Bank improved q-o-q.
The FX-adjusted deposit base - despite of persistently lower interest rate versus market rate increased by $3 \% ~ q-0-q$ and by $6 \%$ y-o-y. In the retail segment the expansion of sight deposit base continued further.

The capital position of DSK Bank remained strong: by end-December the capital adequacy ratio stood at $16.3 \%$. The BGN 293 million subordinated loan with original maturity date of 2016 was paid back by DSK Bank to the mother company in the fourth quarter. The purpose of the transaction was to reduce liabilities to the mother company due to the improving liquidity position.

From mid-2013 DSK launched a project targeting SME and corporate clients with the aim of improving efficiency and potentially market share both in lending and deposit collection. That would include network rationalization, as well as product development and target-oriented customer segmentation. The project is to be completed by mid-2014.

## OTP BANK RUSSIA

## Performance of OTP Bank Russia:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfers and one-offs | 47,158 | 2,356 | -95\% | 14,162 | 907 | -8,906 |  | -163\% |
| Income tax | -13,690 | -1,051 | -92\% | -4,111 | -263 | 2,217 | -943\% | -154\% |
| Profit before income tax | 60,849 | 3,409 | -94\% | 18,274 | 1,170 | -11,123 |  | -161\% |
| Operating profit | 121,541 | 124,223 | 2\% | 33,165 | 30,240 | 25,840 | -15\% | -22\% |
| Total income | 193,273 | 207,493 | 7\% | 52,782 | 51,379 | 46,390 | -10\% | -12\% |
| Net interest income | 170,001 | 184,041 | 8\% | 45,836 | 45,702 | 41,348 | -10\% | -10\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 20,998 | 21,990 | 5\% | 6,144 | 5,773 | 4,598 | -20\% | -25\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 2,273 | 1,462 | -36\% | 802 | -96 | 443 | -562\% | -45\% |
| Operating expenses | -71,732 | -83,270 | 16\% | -19,617 | -21,139 | -20,550 | -3\% | 5\% |
| Total risk costs | -60,692 | -120,814 | 99\% | -14,892 | -29,070 | -36,963 | 27\% | 148\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -59,567 | -121,310 | 104\% | -14,277 | -29,257 | -36,822 | 26\% | 158\% |
| Other provision | -1,126 | 496 | -144\% | -614 | 187 | -141 | -176\% | -77\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 1,027,763 | 940,320 | -9\% | 1,027,763 | 1,003,692 | 940,320 | -6\% | -9\% |
| Gross customer loans | 843,424 | 833,223 | -1\% | 843,424 | 873,722 | 833,223 | -5\% | -1\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 765,491 | 833,223 | 9\% | 765,491 | 842,442 | 833,223 | -1\% | 9\% |
| Retail and SME loans | 730,480 | 792,928 | 9\% | 730,480 | 812,309 | 792,928 | -2\% | 9\% |
| Corporate loans | 28,889 | 36,911 | 28\% | 28,889 | 26,268 | 36,911 | 41\% | 28\% |
| Car financing loans | 6,122 | 3,384 | -45\% | 6,122 | 3,864 | 3,384 | -12\% | -45\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -129,491 | -160,989 | 24\% | -129,491 | -192,655 | -160,989 | -16\% | 24\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FXadjusted) | -117,150 | -160,989 | 37\% | -117,150 | -185,650 | -160,989 | -13\% | 37\% |
| Deposits from customers | 590,958 | 554,645 | -6\% | 590,958 | 579,324 | 554,645 | -4\% | -6\% |
| Deposits from customer (FX-adjusted) | 542,864 | 554,645 | 2\% | 542,864 | 559,764 | 554,645 | -1\% | 2\% |
| Retail and SME deposits | 432,160 | 429,805 | -1\% | 432,160 | 422,960 | 429,805 | 2\% | -1\% |
| Corporate deposits | 110,703 | 124,840 | 13\% | 110,703 | 136,804 | 124,840 | -9\% | 13\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 75,112 | 56,343 | -25\% | 75,112 | 74,312 | 56,343 | -24\% | -25\% |
| Issued securities | 118,063 | 101,969 | -14\% | 118,063 | 104,900 | 101,969 | -3\% | -14\% |
| Subordinated debt | 16,399 | 15,728 | -4\% | 16,399 | 16,112 | 15,728 | -2\% | -4\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 191,883 | 177,906 | -7\% | 191,883 | 191,065 | 177,906 | -7\% | -7\% |
| Loan Quality | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 140,239 | 150,982 | 7.7\% | 140,239 | 195,226 | 150,982 | -22.7\% | 7.7\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 16.6\% | 18.1\% | 1.5\%p | 16.6\% | 22.3\% | 18.1\% | -4.2\%p | 1.5\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 7.57\% | 14.47\% | 6.90\%p | 7.21\% | 13.50\% | 17.12\% | 3.62\%p | 9.90\%p |
| Cost of risk/average (FX-adjusted) gross loans (\%) | 8.46\% | 15.18\% | 6.72\%p | 7.86\% | 14.11\% | 17.44\% | 3.33\%p | 9.58\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 92.3\% | 106.6\% | 14.3\%p | 92.3\% | 98.7\% | 106.6\% | 7.9\%p | 14.3\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| ROA | 5.0\% | 0.2\% | -4.7\%p | 5.7\% | 0.3\% | -3.6\% | -4.0\%p | -9.3\%p |
| ROE | 28.0\% | 1.3\% | -26.7\%p | 30.9\% | 1.9\% | -19.2\% | -21.0\%p | -50.1\%p |
| Total income margin | 20.39\% | 21.09\% | 0.70\%p | 21.10\% | 19.62\% | 18.93\% | -0.69\%p | -2.16\%p |
| Net interest margin | 17.93\% | 18.70\% | 0.77\%p | 18.32\% | 17.45\% | 16.88\% | -0.58\%p | -1.44\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 37.1\% | 40.1\% | 3.0\%p | 37.2\% | 41.1\% | 44.3\% | 3.2\%p | 7.1\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 119\% | 121\% | 2\%p | 119\% | 117\% | 121\% | 4\%p | 2\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/RUB (closing) | 7.26 | 6.55 | -10\% | 7.26 | 6.80 | 6.55 | -4\% | -10\% |
| HUF/RUB (average) | 7.25 | 7.03 | -3\% | 7.03 | 6.86 | 6.72 | -2\% | -4\% |

- Due to doubling risk cost $y-0-y$ the HUF 2.4 billion net result for 2013 is only a fraction of previous year's profit
- 2013 total income grew by 7\%
- Further portfolio deterioration, improving DPD90+ coverage (4Q 2013 106.6\%)
- Consumer loans grew by 21\% y-o-y (adjusted for loan sale/write-off)
- Growing branch network and slightly higher cost/income ratio: 2013 40.1\%, +3 ppts y-o-y

After tax profit of OTP Bank Russia for 2013 amounted to HUF 2.4 billion which is a fraction of the 2012 profit. The HUF 8.9 billion loss for the fourth quarter is attributable to higher risk cost due to methodology changes in provisioning, and also the weaker net interest income as a result of the higher provisions on interest on non-performing loans. Combined after-tax effect of these methodological changes on 4 Q results was about HUF 13 billion.

Total income in 2013 increased by 7\%, within that net interest income grew by $8 \%$ while net fees were up by $5 \%$. The increase in total income was fuelled by the growth of the loan portfolio, while net interest margin improved (2013: 18.7\%, +0.8 ppt y-o-y) and net fee margin was stable. Net interest income could improve in 2013 despite the fact that non-accrued interest of non-performing loans more than doubled (+135\% y-o-y in RUB terms) due to higher volume of non-performing loans and the newly introduced methodological changes to provisioning. Increase in net fees was driven by the still outstandingly strong dynamics of the credit card business. Operating expenses grew in 2013 (+16\% y-o-y), mainly due to the stronger business activity, the cost of newly opened 54 branches and the advisory expenses related to the transformation project since 2Q 2013. Accordingly, 2013 operating profit was higher by only $2 \%$ on yearly basis, cost/income ratio grew by 3 ppts to $40.1 \%$ y-o-y.
The significant loss in 4 Q is due to the vigorously growing risk cost (+27\% q-o-q). The significant increase is partly reasoned by methodological changes. Further deterioration of 4Q profitability was due to a bond transaction: OTP Bank Russia sold perpetual UT2 bonds issued by OTP Bank (Hungary) in the face value of EUR 80 million to the issuer. The tax payable on the gain of this transaction (about HUF 940 million) deteriorated the 4Q profit of OTP Bank Russia. Nevertheless, as the transaction had no effect on the consolidated beforetax results, the HUF 4.6 billion before-tax gain has been eliminated from OTP Bank Russia's results similar to the HUF 4.6 billion before-tax loss in the results of the Corporate Centre. In the course of 4Q net interest margin declined by 58 bps to $16.88 \%$, partly due to further portfolio deterioration, partly as
a negative consequence of the methodology change in provisioning. Net fee margin also diminished, mainly because of higher loan related commission expenses paid to retailers. On the whole total income declined by 10\% q-o-q (would have remained unchanged without shift in provisioning methodology), while operating expenses decreased by $3 \%$ owing to lower personnel costs. Consequently, cost/income ratio deteriorated by 3.2 ppts to $44.4 \%$. In 4Q 2013 the branch network was extended by 31 branches, thus the total number of branches reached 200. At the same time the number of employees grew by 145 to 6,020 . The number of active points of sales increased by $1.5 \%$ q-o-q and exceeded 32 thousand by end-December.

In 4Q the total loan portfolio deteriorated less than in the previous 2 quarters (2Q: $+26,3 Q+23,4 Q+22$ billion HUF increase in DPD90+ loans adjusted for sales, write-off and FX-effect), nevertheless, on yearly basis new formation of non-performing loans was substantial (2012: $+54,2013:+89$ billion HUF). Risk cost jumped by $27 \%$ q-o-q, and almost doubled $y-0-y$ due to changes in provisioning methodology and the deteriorating loan portfolio. Out of the sold/written-off RUB 10.8 billion non-performing loans in 2013, $86 \%$ was removed from the books in 4Q, which improved significantly the DPD90+ ratio and the coverage of the DPD90+ portfolio. DPD90+ ratio decreased by 4.2 ppts to $18.1 \%$ q-o-q by the end of December, without the portfolio cleaning the ratio would have been $23.7 \%$. The DPD90+ ratio worsened in all segments but corporate loans. Due to the higher risk cost, coverage of DPD90+ loans improved significantly (4Q 2013: 106.6\%, +7.9 ppts q-o-q, +14.3 ppts y-o-y).

Consumer loans remained the main products of the bank, however, total volumes are influenced by the effects of internal and external measures, that eventually result in portfolio shrinkage. In the course of 2 H 2013 the Bank's main targets were the improvement of the profitability of consumer loan products and improvement of the risk profile of these portfolios. The new measures introduced by the supervisory authorities were aimed at cutting back market growth. The overall consumer lending market was less so characterised by the strong seasonal increase as in the previous years, consequently OTP Russia's consumer loan portfolio grew by $10 \%$ in 2013, while it shrank in 4Q by $2 \%$ q-o-q. Adjusted for sale and write-off of non-performing loans, these changes were $+21 \%$ and $+6 \%$, respectively.

In case of POS loan products, the bank's 4Q volume growth (+3\% adjusted for sales and write-offs) was even less than the otherwise moderated market growth; but the bank still keeps its second position in the market. With regards to credit card business, the bank showed robust growth (+35\% y-0-y, +6\% q-o-q adjusted for sales and write-offs). The bank lost one position compared to 3Q, currently being the seventh largest player in this segment. Cash loan
disbursements were picking up; the adjusted portfolio growth was 10\% q-o-q and 42\% compared to end-2012.

Other retail and SME lending products sale is still muted; the large corporate segment increased again in 4Q following an expansion in the last two quarters, true from a weak base (2Q: $+3 \%, 3 Q+2 \%$, 4Q: +41\% q-o-q). Among the corporate banking products the Russian bank rather focuses on trade finance, bank guarantee, treasury products and documentary businesses.

In 2013 FX-adjusted total deposits grew by 2\% $y-0-y$, while the quarterly decline was $1 \%$ in 4Q. Following the market trends, the offered interest
rates on deposits were cut bank in 4Q, nevertheless, retail deposits grew $q-0-q(+1 \%)$ as did SME deposits ( $+5 \%$ ). In case of corporate deposits, the growth trend seen in the previous 3 quarters changed (-9\% q-o-q), but the yearly volume is still up by $13 \%$. FX-adjusted net loan-to-deposit ratio increased by 2 ppts $y-0-y$, and by 4 ppts $q-0-q$ to $121 \%$. The Russian bank made no bond issuance in the last 12 months; the phenomena of decreasing loans from credit institutions in 3Q continued in 4Q, too, partially due to payback of an intra-group funding (-24\% q-o-q).

The capital adequacy ratio of the Russian bank stood at $14.2 \%$ at the end of December 2013.

## OTP BANK UKRAINE

Performance of OTP Bank Ukraine:

| Main components of P\&L Account in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends and net cash transfer | 528 | 6,716 |  | 2,696 | 3,076 | 1,792 | -42\% | -34\% |
| Corporate income tax | -2,180 | -4,447 | 104\% | -1,153 | -1,133 | -1,464 | 29\% | 27\% |
| Profit before income tax | 2,708 | 11,163 | 312\% | 3,848 | 4,209 | 3,256 | -23\% | -15\% |
| Operating profit | 33,511 | 40,285 | 20\% | 11,061 | 10,419 | 11,835 | 14\% | 7\% |
| Total income | 64,510 | 72,811 | 13\% | 19,315 | 18,599 | 20,528 | 10\% | 6\% |
| Net interest income | 49,586 | 53,385 | 8\% | 14,541 | 13,465 | 14,178 | 5\% | -2\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 12,634 | 17,020 | 35\% | 3,685 | 4,887 | 5,167 | 6\% | 40\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 2,289 | 2,406 | 5\% | 1,089 | 248 | 1,184 | 378\% | 9\% |
| Operating expenses | -30,998 | -32,526 | 5\% | -8,254 | -8,180 | -8,693 | 6\% | 5\% |
| Total risk costs | -30,804 | -29,122 | -5\% | -7,212 | -6,210 | -8,579 | 38\% | 19\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -30,597 | -27,431 | -10\% | -6,753 | -6,235 | -7,546 | 21\% | 12\% |
| Other provision | -207 | -1,692 | 717\% | -460 | 24 | -1,033 |  | 125\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 653,603 | 617,730 | -5\% | 653,603 | 633,454 | 617,730 | -2\% | -5\% |
| Gross customer loans | 683,478 | 666,425 | -2\% | 683,478 | 660,665 | 666,425 | 1\% | -2\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 665,009 | 666,425 | 0\% | 665,009 | 643,790 | 666,425 | 4\% | 0\% |
| Retail loans | 301,183 | 316,443 | 5\% | 301,183 | 309,741 | 316,443 | 2\% | 5\% |
| Corporate loans | 328,332 | 313,536 | -5\% | 328,332 | 297,300 | 313,536 | 5\% | -5\% |
| Car financing loans | 35,494 | 36,447 | 3\% | 35,494 | 36,749 | 36,447 | -1\% | 3\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -196,132 | -183,559 | -6\% | -196,132 | -184,455 | -183,559 | 0\% | -6\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -191,239 | -183,559 | -4\% | -191,239 | -179,947 | -183,559 | 2\% | -4\% |
| Deposits from customers | 243,132 | 240,843 | -1\% | 243,132 | 242,935 | 240,843 | -1\% | -1\% |
| Deposits from customer (FX-adjusted) | 237,188 | 240,843 | 2\% | 237,188 | 236,966 | 240,843 | 2\% | 2\% |
| Retail and SME deposits | 163,774 | 156,150 | -5\% | 163,774 | 156,940 | 156,150 | -1\% | -5\% |
| Corporate deposits | 73,414 | 84,693 | 15\% | 73,414 | 80,027 | 84,693 | 6\% | 15\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 242,571 | 208,352 | -14\% | 242,571 | 200,930 | 208,352 | 4\% | -14\% |
| Subordinated debt | 42,925 | 41,071 | -4\% | 42,925 | 42,215 | 41,071 | -3\% | -4\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 112,464 | 113,236 | 1\% | 112,464 | 115,881 | 113,236 | -2\% | 1\% |
| Loan Quality | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 248,671 | 230,744 | -7\% | 248,671 | 237,254 | 230,744 | -3\% | -7\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 36.4\% | 34.6\% | -1.8\%p | 36.4\% | 35.9\% | 34.6\% | -1.3\%p | -1.8\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 4.13\% | 4.06\% | -0.06\%p | 4.00\% | 3.67\% | 4.51\% | 0.84\%p | 0.52\%p |
| Cost of risk/average (FX-adjusted) gross loans (\%) | 4.43\% | 4.12\% | -0.31\%p | 4.08\% | 3.78\% | 4.61\% | 0.83\%p | 0.53\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 78.9\% | 79.6\% | 0.7\%p | 78.9\% | 77.7\% | 79.6\% | 1.8\%p | 0.7\%p |


| Performance Indicators (\%) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ROA | 0.1\% | 1.1\% | 1.0\%p | 1.6\% | 1.9\% | 1.1\% | -0.7\%p | -0.5\%p |
| ROE | 0.5\% | 6.0\% | 5.5\%p | 9.7\% | 10.6\% | 6.2\% | -4.4\%p | -3.5\%p |
| Total income margin | 9.01\% | 11.45\% | 2.44\%p | 11.81\% | 11.25\% | 13.02\% | 1.77\%p | 1.21\%p |
| Net interest margin | 6.93\% | 8.40\% | 1.47\%p | 8.89\% | 8.15\% | 8.99\% | 0.84\%p | 0.10\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 48.1\% | 44.7\% | -3.4\%p | 42.7\% | 44.0\% | 42.3\% | -1.6\%p | -0.4\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 200\% | 200\% | 1\%p | 200\% | 196\% | 200\% | 5\%p | 1\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/UAH (closing) | 27.38 | 26.17 | -4\% | 27.38 | 26.99 | 26.17 | -3\% | -4\% |
| HUF/UAH (average) | 27.85 | 27.43 | -2\% | 26.79 | 27.61 | 26.61 | -4\% | -1\% |

- HUF 6.7 billion net profit boosted by $y-0-y$ 20\% higher operating results and by 5\% lower risk costs
- Dynamic growth of consumer loans with accelerating cash loan and credit card disbursement in 4Q (+47\% and +16\% $q-o-q$ ) due to outstanding sales performance and successful cross-sale activity
- The DPD90+ ratio decreased to $34.6 \%$ (-1.8 ppts $y-0-y$ ) along with stagnating FX-adjusted loan book and decelerating new DPD90+ volumes
- Amid expanding consumer lending the cost-to-income ratio improved (2013: 44.7\%, $-3.4 \%$ ppts $y-o-y$ )

OTP Bank Ukraine posted HUF 6.7 billion after tax profit in 2013 against HUF 0.5 billion realized in 2012. The outstanding profitability improvement was boosted by strong operating results (+20\% y-o-y), while risk costs moderated by $5 \%$. In 4 Q the bank reached HUF 1.8 billion net results thus it was already the $6^{\text {th }}$ consecutive quarters when it made profit. As a result, in 4Q the bank's profit contribution to the consolidated earnings represented $17 \%$ versus 7\% in 3Q 2013.

As for the main components of net earnings: in line with soaring disbursements of high-margin consumer loans - especially POS and cash loans and parallel with the decline in interest expense attributable to lower interest rates on stagnating deposit volumes, net interest income grew. Also, in the corporate segment there was a shift into higher margin hryvnia loans, the overall volume of dollarbased loans declined amid lower lending rates. As a result, the yearly net interest margin improved by 1.47\% ppts.

The remarkable y-o-y increase (35\%) of net fee and commission income was related to the insurance fee income on consumer loans sold with payment protection policies. The overall volume of those loans increased substantially during 2013. Also, in 4 Q there was a change in accounting methodology of those insurance fees: against the previous practice of booking those fees by 1 month after the disbursement of the loan, the bank started to recognise the fee income in the month of the disbursement. As a result in 4Q the bank practically
recognised 4 months of such fees. Furthermore, stronger fee income was also supported by a pick-up in credit card related transactions.
The $5 \%$ y-0-y increase of operating expenses (FX-adjusted) was reasoned by higher costs related to enhanced consumer lending and stronger focus on agent-based distribution. Higher $y-0-y$ other expenses were mainly due to higher collectionrelated legal advisory fees and supervisory fees related to deposit insurance. In the process of network rationalization 10 branches were closed in 2013, while the number of selling agents (own and contracted) increased further and reached 3.965 people. As a result of those developments the cost-to-income ratio improved by 3.4 ppts y-o-y to $44.7 \%$.
The DPD90+ ratio (34.6\%) declined by 1.8 ppts y-o-y supported by higher gross loan volumes, but also by slower portfolio deterioration (FX-adjusted quarterly DPD90+ loan formation in HUF billion: 1Q 2013: 4, 2Q: 18, 3Q: 0, 4Q: 2). The DPD90+ ratio of the consumer portfolio improved substantially (2013: $9.4 \%$ versus $11.0 \%$ in 2012) on the back of strong lending dynamics and falling default rates of new disbursements. Despite the overall portfolio deterioration decelerated in 2 H and DPD90+ volumes shrank due to portfolio write-offs and sales, risk costs increased by $38 \%$ q-o-q. As a result, the coverage ratio of DPD90+ loans improved (79.6\%).

The FX-adjusted loan portfolio stagnated on a yearly base, but advanced by $4 \%$ q-o-q. As a result of promotional campaigns and the development of the agent network the consumer portfolio showed a remarkable growth (+126\% y-o-y, +23\% q-o-q), the share of consumer loans within the retail segment reached $28 \%$ (2012: 13\%). Out of the total consumer book cash loans represented $40 \%$ by December, their volumes increased almost 6-folds $y-0-y$, especially disbursements for the fourth quarter were strong. Customer demand for POS-loans was more moderate, their book grew "only" by $24 \%$ y-o-y. Both the mortgage and the SME sector lacked recovery.
On the liability side the shift from interbank facilities towards deposit-based financing continued. The FX-adjusted deposit base - being the key source of the hryvnia liquidity for the growing need of consumer lending - grew by $2 \%$ both on a yearly and quarterly basis. The volume of retail deposits, representing the bulk of total deposit book, diminished further ( $-5 \%$ y-0-y, $-1 \% ~ q-0-q$ ) coupled
with a slight decrease in the bank's market share. Corporate deposits, mainly in hryvnia, however kept growing by $15 \%$ y-0-y and by $6 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$. As a result, the FX-adjusted net loan-to-deposit ratio stood at 200\% by end-2013.

During 2013 the Ukrainian subsidiary paid back a substantial part of its intra-group funding in the amount of HUF 30 billion equivalent. The capital adequacy of the bank reached $20.6 \%$ by end-2013.

## OTP BANK ROMANIA

## Performance of OTP Bank Romania:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfers and one-offs | -5,530 | -4,143 | -25\% | -3,564 | 577 | -2,454 | -525\% | -31\% |
| Income tax | 579 | 0 | -100\% | 579 | 0 | 0 | -200\% | -100\% |
| Profit before income tax | -6,109 | -4,143 | -32\% | -4,143 | 577 | -2,454 | -525\% | -41\% |
| Operating profit | 6,495 | 7,147 | 10\% | 1,461 | 2,071 | 2,031 | -2\% | 39\% |
| Total income | 19,811 | 20,375 | 3\% | 4,787 | 5,220 | 5,488 | 5\% | 15\% |
| Net interest income | 15,916 | 14,254 | -10\% | 4,103 | 3,171 | 3,338 | 5\% | -19\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 1,677 | 2,269 | 35\% | 507 | 533 | 797 | 50\% | 57\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 2,218 | 3,852 | 74\% | 177 | 1,516 | 1,352 | -11\% | 663\% |
| Operating expenses | -13,317 | -13,228 | -1\% | -3,327 | -3,150 | -3,456 | 10\% | 4\% |
| Total risk costs | -12,604 | -11,290 | -10\% | -5,604 | -1,493 | -4,486 | 200\% | -20\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -12,440 | -11,109 | -11\% | -5,471 | -1,488 | -4,423 | 197\% | -19\% |
| Other provision | -164 | -181 | 11\% | -133 | -5 | -63 |  | -53\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 461,458 | 449,789 | -3\% | 461,458 | 453,682 | 449,789 | -1\% | -3\% |
| Gross customer loans | 392,608 | 407,380 | 4\% | 392,608 | 402,459 | 407,380 | 1\% | 4\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 396,829 | 407,380 | 3\% | 396,829 | 399,430 | 407,380 | 2\% | 3\% |
| Retail loans | 308,877 | 314,539 | 2\% | 308,877 | 312,294 | 314,539 | 1\% | 2\% |
| Corporate loans | 87,952 | 92,841 | 6\% | 87,952 | 87,135 | 92,841 | 7\% | 6\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -45,583 | -55,094 | 21\% | -45,583 | -52,077 | -55,094 | 6\% | 21\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FXadjusted) | -46,026 | -55,094 | 20\% | -46,026 | -51,672 | -55,094 | 7\% | 20\% |
| Deposits from customers | 155,348 | 200,514 | 29\% | 155,348 | 191,576 | 200,514 | 5\% | 29\% |
| Deposits from customers (FX-adjusted) | 157,090 | 200,514 | 28\% | 157,090 | 189,595 | 200,514 | 6\% | 28\% |
| Retail deposits | 130,160 | 143,342 | 10\% | 130,160 | 140,873 | 143,342 | 2\% | 10\% |
| Corporate deposits | 26,930 | 57,172 | 112\% | 26,930 | 48,722 | 57,172 | 17\% | 112\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 239,464 | 206,315 | -14\% | 239,464 | 210,821 | 206,315 | -2\% | -14\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 32,581 | 29,100 | -11\% | 32,581 | 31,826 | 29,100 | -9\% | -11\% |
| Loan Quality | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 62,388 | 72,595 | 16\% | 62,388 | 73,353 | 72,595 | -1\% | 16\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 15.9\% | 17.8\% | 1.9\%p | 15.9\% | 18.2\% | 17.8\% | -0.4\%p | 1.9\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 3.16\% | 2.78\% | -0.38\%p | 5.67\% | 1.48\% | 4.33\% | 2.85\%p | -1.34\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (FXadjusted) (\%) | 3.23\% | 2.76\% | -0.47\%p | 5.53\% | 1.48\% | 4.35\% | 2.87\%p | -1.18\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 73.1\% | 75.9\% | 2.8\%p | 73.1\% | 71.0\% | 75.9\% | 4.9\%p | 2.8\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROA | -1.2\% | -0.9\% | 0.3\%p | -3.1\% | 0.5\% | -2.2\% | -2.6\%p | 1.0\%p |
| ROE | -18.2\% | -13.4\% | 4.7\%p | -44.3\% | 7.3\% | -32.0\% | -39.3\%p | 12.3\%p |
| Total income margin | 4.30\% | 4.47\% | 0.17\%p | 4.19\% | 4.45\% | 4.82\% | 0.37\%p | 0.63\%p |
| Net interest margin | 3.45\% | 3.13\% | -0.32\%p | 3.59\% | 2.70\% | 2.93\% | 0.23\%p | -0.66\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 67.2\% | 64.9\% | -2.3\%p | 69.5\% | 60.3\% | 63.0\% | 2.6\%p | -6.5\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 223\% | 176\% | -48\%p | 223\% | 183\% | 176\% | -8\%p | -48\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/RON (closing) | 65.7 | 66.3 | 1\% | 65.7 | 66.9 | 66.3 | -1\% | 1\% |
| HUF/RON (average) | 65.0 | 67.2 | 3\% | 62.5 | 67.1 | 66.9 | 0\% | 7\% |

- The HUF 4.1 billion negative result in 2013 moderated by $25 \%$ y-o-y, as operating profit surged and risk costs declined
- Lending activity continued to be focused on cash loans, volumes doubled in 2013
- As a result of successful deposit collection the net loan to deposit ratio sank to 176\%, the lowest since 2006

OTP Bank Romania realized HUF 4.1 billion loss in 2013. The Bank delivered a loss of HUF 2.5 billion in the fourth quarter, as risk cost reached the second highest quarterly reading in the last three years.

The annual operating result advanced by $10 \%$, reflecting both the strict cost control pursued by the Bank and the $3 \%$ increase in total revenues. Within revenues, the net interest income showed a $10 \%$ setback over 2013, explained mainly by the elevated interest expenses on customer deposits. Furthermore, interest revenues were negatively influenced by the deterioration of loan quality. However, in line with the Bank's strategy, the weight of consumer loans (carrying higher interest rates) is gradually increasing in the balance sheet being supportive to the net interest revenues. The 5\% quarterly growth in 4Q 2013 was due to the latter, whereas the Bank's efforts to further bring down funding costs exerted positive impact, too. After the gradual and trend-like decline in net interest margin in the last two years, in the second half of 2013 it showed a turnaround and started improving.
The $35 \%$ growth of annual net fee and commission income was mainly due to the strengthening business activity. The outstanding 4Q net fee income was to a large extent attributable to the lump-sum reallocation of the total annual amount of certain revenue items from other revenues to fee income line. The other net non-interest income was primarily driven by the improving FX result.
The operating expenses were under control, the $1 \%$ cost saving in 2013 reflects lower other expenses, while personnel expenses remained practically
unchanged. Costs related to marketing campaigns run in 3Q were recognised in 4Q, which explains bulk of the cost increase q-o-q.
Although the ratio of loans with more than 90 days of delay showed a quarterly drop for the first time in two years, the 4Q risk cost jumped 3-fold q-o-q, relating mainly to few corporate exposures with less than 90 days of delay. In the fourth quarter the pace of DPD90+ loan formation (adjusted for FX rate changes, sold or written down volumes) remained relatively modest, similar to the previous quarter; in case of mortgage loans even an improvement was witnessed with corporate loans still deteriorating. The coverage ratio climbed to $75.9 \%$ (+4.9 ppts $q-0-q)$.
Gross loans expanded by $2 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ and $3 \%$ y-o-y adjusted for the FX-effect. In 2013 cash loans remained in the focus of sales efforts; thanks to disbursements growing to 2.5 -fold, cash loan volumes doubled in the last 12 months. Despite the seasonally weaker fourth quarter's disbursements consumer loans expanded by $15 \%$ over the quarter coinciding with the increase of average client interest rate level. Mortgage loan volumes kept on eroding gradually ( $-5 \%$ y-0-y, $-1 \%$ q-0-q). In 4Q corporate loans recorded a volume growth of $6 \%$.

Deposits grew by $6 \%$ q-o-q, but by a remarkable $28 \%$ pace $y-0-y$. Household deposits stagnated in the second half of 2013 (+17\% y-o-y). Parallel with general market trends, from the second quarter the Bank started to lower household deposit rates. In addition to this, further pricing steps have been made in order to bring down funding costs even in the corporate segment. Corporate deposits registered a growth of $17 \%$ in 4Q due to a single large deposit inflow, while on a yearly basis they more than doubled.

The Bank's capital adequacy ratio came down from $14.5 \%$ in 3Q to $12.7 \%$ in 4Q 2013. In the last quarter the number of branches declined by 3 units to 84 .

## OTP BANKA HRVATSKA (CROATIA)

Performance of OTP banka Hrvatska:

| Main components of P\&L account <br> in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4 Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfers and <br> one-offs | 3,714 | 2,210 | $-41 \%$ | 1,053 | 578 | 197 | $-66 \%$ | $-81 \%$ |
| Income tax | $-1,039$ | -587 | $-44 \%$ | -367 | -177 | -32 | $-82 \%$ | $-91 \%$ |
| Profit before income tax | 4,754 | 2,797 | $-41 \%$ | 1,419 | 756 | 229 | $-70 \%$ | $-84 \%$ |
| Operating profit | 8,497 | 7,910 | $-7 \%$ | 2,134 | 2,092 | 2,147 | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| Total income | 22,550 | 22,697 | $1 \%$ | 5,332 | 5,859 | 5,855 | $0 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| Net interest income | 16,220 | 16,010 | $-1 \%$ | 3,856 | 3,982 | 4,133 | $4 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| Net fees and commissions | 4,660 | 4,878 | $5 \%$ | 1,213 | 1,323 | 1,232 | $-7 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| Other net non-interest income | 1,670 | 1,808 | $8 \%$ | 263 | 554 | 491 | $-11 \%$ | $87 \%$ |
| Operating expenses | $-14,052$ | $-14,787$ | $5 \%$ | $-3,198$ | $-3,766$ | $-3,709$ | $-2 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| Total risk costs | $-3,744$ | $-5,113$ | $37 \%$ | -715 | $-1,337$ | $-1,918$ | $43 \%$ | $168 \%$ |
| Provision for possible loan losses | $-2,988$ | $-5,142$ | $72 \%$ | -468 | $-1,212$ | $-2,103$ | $73 \%$ | $350 \%$ |
| Other provision | -756 | 29 | $-104 \%$ | -247 | -124 | 185 | $-249 \%$ | $-175 \%$ |


| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total assets | 519,570 | 538,112 | 4\% | 519,570 | 553,675 | 538,112 | -3\% | 4\% |
| Gross customer loans | 351,410 | 379,177 | 8\% | 351,410 | 377,216 | 379,177 | 1\% | 8\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 356,608 | 379,177 | 6\% | 356,608 | 374,986 | 379,177 | 1\% | 6\% |
| Retail loans | 228,996 | 232,845 | 2\% | 228,996 | 231,553 | 232,845 | 1\% | 2\% |
| Corporate Ioans | 126,802 | 145,935 | 15\% | 126,802 | 142,953 | 145,935 | 2\% | 15\% |
| Car financing loans | 810 | 396 | -51\% | 810 | 480 | 396 | -17\% | -51\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -23,740 | -29,213 | 23\% | -23,740 | -27,230 | -29,213 | 7\% | 23\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -23,992 | -29,213 | 22\% | -23,992 | -27,060 | -29,213 | 8\% | 22\% |
| Deposits from customers | 407,754 | 421,276 | 3\% | 407,754 | 434,248 | 421,276 | -3\% | 3\% |
| Deposits from customer (FX-adjusted) | 412,605 | 421,276 | 2\% | 412,605 | 430,977 | 421,276 | -2\% | 2\% |
| Retail deposits | 365,764 | 375,582 | 3\% | 365,764 | 380,712 | 375,582 | -1\% | 3\% |
| Corporate deposits | 46,841 | 45,694 | -2\% | 46,841 | 50,265 | 45,694 | -9\% | -2\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 37,832 | 40,944 | 8\% | 37,832 | 41,968 | 40,944 | -2\% | 8\% |
| Subordinated debt | 1,489 | 1,521 | 2\% | 1,489 | 1,525 | 1,521 | 0\% | 2\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 59,813 | 62,880 | 5\% | 59,813 | 62,756 | 62,880 | 0\% | 5\% |
| Loan Quality | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 38,892 | 47,493 | 22.1\% | 38,892 | 48,059 | 47,493 | -1.2\% | 22.1\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 11.1\% | 12.5\% | 1.5\%p | 11.1\% | 12.7\% | 12.5\% | -0.2\%p | 1.5\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 0.82\% | 1.41\% | 0.59\%p | 0.54\% | 1.28\% | 2.21\% | 0.93\%p | 1.67\%p |
| Cost of risk/average (FX-adjusted) gross loans (\%) | 0.84\% | 1.40\% | 0.56\%p | 0.52\% | 1.28\% | 2.21\% | 0.93\%p | 1.69\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 61.0\% | 61.5\% | 0.5\%p | 61.0\% | 56.7\% | 61.5\% | 4.8\%p | 0.5\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | $\mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{Y}$ |
| ROA | 0.7\% | 0.4\% | -0.3\%p | 0.8\% | 0.4\% | 0.1\% | -0.3\%p | -0.7\%p |
| ROE | 6.3\% | 3.6\% | -2.7\%p | 7.1\% | 3.7\% | 1.2\% | -2.4\%p | -5.8\%p |
| Total income margin | 4.30\% | 4.29\% | -0.01\%p | 4.09\% | 4.29\% | 4.26\% | -0.04\%p | 0.16\%p |
| Net interest margin | 3.09\% | 3.03\% | -0.06\%p | 2.96\% | 2.92\% | 3.00\% | 0.08\%p | 0.04\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 62.3\% | 65.1\% | 2.8\%p | 60.0\% | 64.3\% | 63.3\% | -0.9\%p | 3.4\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 81\% | 83\% | 2\%p | 81\% | 81\% | 83\% | 2\%p | 2\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/HRK (closing) | 38.59 | 38.94 | 1\% | 38.59 | 39.19 | 38.94 | -1\% | 1\% |
| HUF/HRK (average) | 38.48 | 39.18 | 2\% | 37.62 | 39.48 | 39.01 | -1\% | 4\% |

- In 2013 after tax profit fell by 41\% along with decreasing operating profit and rising provisioning
- FX-adjusted gross loans advanced by 6\% due to strong corporate lending
- In $4 Q$ DPD90+ ratio decreased to $12.5 \%$, while the coverage improved $q-o-q$

OTP banka Hrvatska posted HUF 2.2 billion after tax profit in 2013 against HUF 3.7 billion in the base period. The $7 \%$ lower operating result $y-o-y$ and increasing risk costs ( $+37 \%$ ) explain the diminishing net earnings.
In 2013 net interest income moderated by 1\%. In spite of increasing gross loan book, the pricing of deposits didn't follow changes in reference rates to the same extent as for loans, thus the annual net interest margin shrank by 6 basis points.
Net fees improved by $5 \%$ y-o-y mainly due to higher utilization of deposit and money transfer services in the wake of the growing deposit book. Non-interest income increased by $8 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$, although in 4Q other revenues moderated by $11 \% \mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q}$ due to the fall of FX result after tourist season.
The operating costs in 2013 expanded moderately by $5 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$.

The share of loans with more than 90 days of delay reached $12.5 \%$ by the end of 4 Q , underpinning a $\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y} \quad 1.5 \mathrm{ppts}$ deterioration, $\mathrm{q}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{q} \quad 0.2 \mathrm{ppt}$ improvement. Annual risk costs went up by $37 \%$ $y-0-y$ and jumped by $43 \%$ on a quarterly basis, mainly due to ongoing litigations on CHF mortgage loans (litigation related provisioning represented HUF 196 million in 3Q and HUF 974 million in 4Q). Furthermore, the Croatian authorities prescribed stricter provisioning for banks, which also affected the risk costs of the corporate segment. As a result the coverage ratio of DPD90+ loans improved by 4.8 ppts q-o-q.

The gross loan portfolio advanced by $6 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$, but stagnated $q-o-q$ FX-adjusted. The yearly increase was mainly stemming from the municipal segment ( $+62 \%$ y $y-0-y,+14 \% ~ q-o-q$ ) - the Bank places particular emphasis on lending to state-backed companies with guarantees and adequate collaterals. Retail loans stagnated $q-0-q$ due to sluggish demand.
The FX-adjusted deposit book grew by $2 \% \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$, but declined by $2 \%$ q-o-q due to seasonal reasons.
The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank reached 16\% at the end of December.

## OTP BANKA SLOVENSKO (SLOVAKIA)

## Performance of OTP Banka Slovensko*:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfers and one-offs | -1,161 | 1,153 |  | -1,722 | 231 | 183 | -21\% |  |
| Income tax | -182 | -351 | 93\% | -70 | -85 | -101 | 18\% | 44\% |
| Profit before income tax | -979 | 1,503 |  | -1,652 | 316 | 283 | -10\% |  |
| Operating profit | 3,440 | 4,099 | 19\% | 792 | 1,030 | 1,354 | 31\% | 71\% |
| Total income | 13,932 | 14,908 | 7\% | 3,371 | 3,664 | 4,214 | 15\% | 25\% |
| Net interest income | 12,019 | 12,088 | 1\% | 2,927 | 2,982 | 3,226 | 8\% | 10\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 2,930 | 3,101 | 6\% | 763 | 778 | 773 | -1\% | 1\% |
| Other net non-interest income | -1,017 | -280 | -72\% | -318 | -96 | 214 | -323\% | -167\% |
| Operating expenses | -10,491 | -10,810 | 3\% | -2,579 | -2,634 | -2,859 | 9\% | 11\% |
| Total risk costs | -4,420 | -2,595 | -41\% | -2,444 | -714 | -1,071 | 50\% | -56\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -4,420 | -2,594 | -41\% | -2,401 | -721 | -1,030 | 43\% | -57\% |
| Other provision | 1 | -2 |  | -43 | 7 | -41 |  | -4\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| Total assets | 374,224 | 425,219 | 14\% | 374,224 | 404,300 | 425,219 | 5\% | 14\% |
| Gross customer loans | 291,991 | 339,602 | 16\% | 291,991 | 325,320 | 339,602 | 4\% | 16\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 297,590 | 339,602 | 14\% | 297,590 | 323,601 | 339,602 | 5\% | 14\% |
| Retail and SME loans | 226,616 | 265,686 | 17\% | 226,616 | 250,219 | 265,686 | 6\% | 17\% |
| Corporate loans | 70,444 | 73,497 | 4\% | 70,444 | 72,918 | 73,497 | 1\% | 4\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -21,042 | -22,670 | 8\% | -21,042 | -21,854 | -22,670 | 4\% | 8\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -21,448 | -22,670 | 6\% | -21,448 | -21,739 | -22,670 | 4\% | 6\% |
| Deposits from customers | 299,014 | 332,452 | 11\% | 299,014 | 323,883 | 332,452 | 3\% | 11\% |
| Deposits from customer (FX-adjusted) | 304,624 | 332,452 | 9\% | 304,624 | 322,112 | 332,452 | 3\% | 9\% |
| Retail and SME deposits | 280,000 | 308,624 | 10\% | 280,000 | 294,196 | 308,624 | 5\% | 10\% |
| Corporate deposits | 24,625 | 23,827 | -3\% | 24,625 | 27,916 | 23,827 | -15\% | -3\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 6,074 | 25,821 | 325\% | 6,074 | 5,989 | 25,821 | 331\% | 325\% |
| Issued securities | 28,296 | 24,881 | -12\% | 28,296 | 27,574 | 24,881 | -10\% | -12\% |
| Subordinated debt | 8,464 | 8,627 | 2\% | 8,464 | 8,673 | 8,627 | -1\% | 2\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 26,993 | 27,028 | 0\% | 26,993 | 27,257 | 27,028 | -1\% | 0\% |
| Loan Quality | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 34,823 | 39,044 | 12.1\% | 34,823 | 36,639 | 39,044 | 6.6\% | 12.1\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 11.9\% | 11.5\% | -0.4\%p | 11.9\% | 11.3\% | 11.5\% | 0.2\%p | -0.4\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 1.49\% | 0.82\% | -0.67\%p | 3.31\% | 0.91\% | 1.23\% | 0.32\%p | -2.08\%p |
| Cost of risk/average (FX-adjusted) gross loans (\%) | 1.51\% | 0.81\% | -0.70\%p | 3.20\% | 0.91\% | 1.23\% | 0.32\%p | -1.97\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 60.4\% | 58.1\% | -2.4\%p | 60.4\% | 59.6\% | 58.1\% | -1.6\%p | -2.4\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| ROA | -0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.6\%p | -1.8\% | 0.2\% | 0.2\% | -0.1\%p | 2.0\%p |
| ROE | -4.0\% | 4.3\% | 8.3\%p | -24.9\% | 3.4\% | 2.7\% | -0.7\%p | 27.5\%p |
| Total income margin | 3.66\% | 3.73\% | 0.07\%p | 3.55\% | 3.68\% | 4.03\% | 0.35\%p | 0.48\%p |
| Net interest margin | 3.16\% | 3.02\% | -0.14\%p | 3.08\% | 2.99\% | 3.09\% | 0.09\%p | 0.00\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 75.3\% | 72.5\% | -2.8\%p | 76.5\% | 71.9\% | 67.9\% | -4.0\%p | -8.7\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 91\% | 95\% | 5\%p | 91\% | 94\% | 95\% | 2\%p | 5\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/EUR (closing) | 291 | 297 | 2\% | 291 | 298 | 297 | -1\% | 2\% |
| HUF/EUR (average) | 289 | 297 | 3\% | 283 | 298 | 298 | 0\% | 5\% |

* P\&L account lines and indicators are adjusted for banking tax
- HUF 1.15 billion adjusted after tax profit, without banking tax in 2013, with improving operating profit and lower risk cost
- Further strengthening mortgage lending, consumer loans surged by 175\% y-0-y
- FX-adjusted net loan-to-deposit ratio was 95\% by end-2013 (+5 ppts y-o-y), with growing retail deposit base
- Improving cost efficiency: 4Q 2013 CIR at 67.9\%, -4 ppts $q-0-q$

In 2013 OTP Banka Slovensko posted HUF 1.15 billion after tax profit without the banking tax, compared to the similar sized loss in the preceding
year. Apart from the $18 \%$ improvement of operating income $y-0-y$, the material increase of the profit was due to the $41 \%$ drop in risk cost (without the one-off positive element on this line in 1Q 2013 the risk cost would still have decreased by $24 \%$ y-o-y). The special banking tax paid by the bank amounted to HUF 1.1 billion in 2013, which is treated as an adjustment in the consolidated results in this Summary.
2013 total income grew by $7 \%$ y-0-y, fuelled by the growth of average assets, with total income margin slightly improving. The net interest margin moderated in line with market trends (2013: 3.02\%, $-14 \mathrm{bps} y-0-y)$. Owing to the outstanding retail
disbursement dynamics, net interest income grew by $1 \%$. Net fees advanced by $6 \%$ y-o-y; while other net non-interest income showed HUF 737 million less loss compared to the base period. As a result of the stringent cost control, operating expenses grew only moderately. Consequently, operating profit increased by $19 \%$ in HUF terms in the course of 2013. Cost/income ratio showed substantial improvement (2013: 72.5\%, -2.8 ppts y-o-y).
With regards to 4 Q 2013, the operating profit increased by $31 \%$ q-o-q, at the same time after-tax profit dropped by $21 \%$ q-o-q due to the $50 \%$ rise of risk cost. Interest income improved significantly due to the strong lending activity, while interest expenses moderated owing to the favourable deposit pricing. Along with net fees staying flat, other net noninterest income improved, and on the whole total income margin improved by 35 bps to $4 \%$ q-o-q. Although operating expenses increased by $9 \%$ q-o-q, due to the substantial growth of income cost efficiency improved: 67.9\%, -4.0 ppts q-0-q, -8.7 ppts $y-0-y$ ).

The volume of new DPD90+ loans was higher in 4Q on the quarterly basis, mainly due to the portfolio deterioration of the SME segment. On the whole DPD90+ ratio worsened by 0.2 ppt q-o-q, but improved by $0.4 \mathrm{ppt} y-\mathrm{o}-\mathrm{y}$, reasoned by the dynamic
loan growth. Risk cost for 2013 dropped by 41\% y-o-y. In the course of 4Q 2013 risk cost jumped significantly ( $+50 \%$ ), the provision coverage of DPD90+ loans however returned to the 2Q level ( -1.5 ppts $q-0-q,-2.3$ ppts $y-0-y$ ) after the rise in 3Q.
FX-adjusted total loans grew substantially, by $14 \%$ $y-0-y$, fuelled by remarkable increase in consumer loans (+175\%) and retail mortgage loans (+14\%). In both segments average loan size increased during 2013. The strong 4Q retail loan demand, supported by successful marketing campaigns had positive impact on loan volumes; the previously mentioned segments increased by $45 \%$ and $5 \%$ q-0-q, respectively. Concerning corporate and municipal loans growth was more moderate (+4\% y-0-y, $+1 \%$ q-o-q).

The deposit base grew by $9 \%$ and $3 \%$ y-o-y and $q-0-q$, respectively. Majority of the growth was provided by retail and SME deposits (+10\% y-o-y, $+5 \%$ q-o-q) similarly to previous quarters. Corporate and municipal deposits showed high volatility in 2013, the yearly decline in volumes was $3 \%$, to that the 4Q q-o-q drop of $15 \%$ was the key trigger. As a result of the significant lending activity in 4Q, FX-adjusted net loan-to-deposit ratio grew to 95\% by the end of 2013, representing a 5 ppts growth $y-0-y$ and 2 ppts increase q-o-q.

## OTP BANKA SRBIJA (SERBIA)

Performance of OTP banka Srbija:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends, net cash transfers and one-offs | -4,934 | -13,246 | 168\% | -2,343 | -834 | -10,766 |  | 360\% |
| Income tax | 3 | -11 | -461\% | 3 | 0 | -11 |  | -443\% |
| Profit before income tax | -4,937 | -13,235 | 168\% | -2,346 | -834 | -10,755 |  | 358\% |
| Operating profit | -1,708 | 409 | -124\% | -1,253 | 325 | 57 | -82\% | -105\% |
| Total income | 6,322 | 7,580 | 20\% | 1,727 | 2,149 | 1,767 | -18\% | 2\% |
| Net interest income | 3,071 | 4,553 | 48\% | 949 | 1,111 | 1,244 | 12\% | 31\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 1,604 | 1,671 | 4\% | 401 | 436 | 445 | 2\% | 11\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 1,648 | 1,356 | -18\% | 377 | 602 | 78 | -87\% | -79\% |
| Operating expenses | -8,030 | -7,171 | -11\% | -2,980 | -1,824 | -1,709 | -6\% | -43\% |
| Total risk costs | -3,228 | -13,644 | 323\% | -1,093 | -1,159 | -10,812 | 832\% | 889\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -3,159 | -13,002 | 312\% | -953 | -1,116 | -10,324 | 825\% | 983\% |
| Other provision | -69 | -642 | 832\% | -140 | -43 | -488 |  | 249\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| Total assets | 122,994 | 86,136 | -30\% | 122,994 | 105,737 | 86,136 | -19\% | -30\% |
| Gross customer loans | 90,026 | 91,648 | 2\% | 90,026 | 91,094 | 91,648 | 1\% | 2\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 91,320 | 91,648 | 0\% | 91,320 | 90,654 | 91,648 | 1\% | 0\% |
| Retail loans | 38,866 | 43,010 | 11\% | 38,866 | 42,488 | 43,010 | 1\% | 11\% |
| Corporate loans | 52,453 | 48,638 | -7\% | 52,453 | 48,166 | 48,638 | 1\% | -7\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -26,404 | -36,989 | 40\% | -26,404 | -28,105 | -36,989 | 32\% | 40\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FXadjusted) | -26,774 | -36,989 | 38\% | -26,774 | -27,980 | -36,989 | 32\% | 38\% |
| Deposits from customers | 38,268 | 43,614 | 14\% | 38,268 | 48,161 | 43,614 | -9\% | 14\% |
| Deposits from customers (FX-adjusted) | 38,875 | 43,614 | 12\% | 38,875 | 47,918 | 43,614 | -9\% | 12\% |
| Retail deposits | 30,175 | 36,559 | 21\% | 30,175 | 35,362 | 36,559 | 3\% | 21\% |
| Corporate deposits | 8,699 | 7,054 | -19\% | 8,699 | 12,556 | 7,054 | -44\% | -19\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 17,088 | 6,984 | -59\% | 17,088 | 10,721 | 6,984 | -35\% | -59\% |
| Subordinated debt | 37,561 | 8,349 | -78\% | 37,561 | 8,377 | 8,349 | 0\% | -78\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 25,171 | 24,050 | -4\% | 25,171 | 34,887 | 24,050 | -31\% | -4\% |


| Loan Quality | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 47,329 | 44,793 | -5\% | 47,329 | 46,238 | 44,793 | -3\% | -5\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 52.6\% | 48.9\% | -3.7\%p | 52.6\% | 50.8\% | 48.9\% | -1.9\%p | -3.7\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 3.50\% | 14.31\% | 10.81\%p | 4.37\% | 4.88\% | 44.83\% | 39.94\%p | 40.46\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (FX-adjusted) (\%) | 3.61\% | 14.21\% | 10.60\%p | 4.24\% | 4.89\% | 44.93\% | 40.05\%p | 40.69\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 55.8\% | 82.6\% | 26.8\%p | 55.8\% | 60.8\% | 82.6\% | 21.8\%p | 26.8\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROA | -4.0\% | -12.7\% | -8.6\%p | -8.0\% | -3.2\% | -44.5\% | -41.3\%p | -36.5\%p |
| ROE | -18.7\% | -53.8\% | -35.2\%p | -36.4\% | -9.4\% | -144.9\% | -135.5\%p | -108.6\%p |
| Total income margin | 5.17\% | 7.25\% | 2.08\%p | 5.89\% | 8.23\% | 7.31\% | -0.93\%p | 1.42\%p |
| Net interest margin | 2.51\% | 4.35\% | 1.84\%p | 3.23\% | 4.26\% | 5.14\% | 0.89\%p | 1.91\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 127.0\% | 94.6\% | -32.4\%p | 172.5\% | 84.9\% | 96.8\% | 11.9\%p | -75.8\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 166\% | 125\% | -41\%p | 166\% | 131\% | 125\% | -5\%p | -41\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| HUF/RSD (closing) | 2.56 | 2.59 | 1\% | 2.56 | 2.60 | 2.59 | 0\% | 1\% |
| HUF/RSD (average) | 2.56 | 2.63 | 2\% | 2.50 | 2.61 | 2.60 | 0\% | 4\% |

- In 2013 operating profit turned into positive territory supported mainly by the 48\% improvement in net interest income
- DPD90+ ratio decreased $q-0-q$ and $y-0-y$, changes in accounting method caused remarkable growth in provisioning in 4Q
- Gross loans stagnated, consumer loans surged by 26\% y-o-y

OTP banka Srbija posted HUF 13.2 billion net loss in 2013 against the negative result of HUF 4.9 billion last year. The 4Q loss jumped materially driven by changes in provisioning method.
The operating profit notably improved in 2013, the HUF 1.7 billion loss of base period was replaced by HUF 0.4 billion positive result. The 2013 total revenues expanded by $20 \%$ y-o-y, fuelled by net interest income surging by $48 \%$. The improvement of net interest income was caused by several factors: consumer loans expanded, the interest bearing subordinated loan within the bank's liabilities was converted into equity in 2013 (in the amount of RSD 4.5 billion). The performing loan volumes increased, furthermore with lending interest rate remaining stable deposit rates moderated remarkably. As a result, annual net interest margin improved by 1.8 ppts y-o-y.

Apart from the marginal increase of annual net fees, other net non-interest revenues sank by $18 \%$
$y-0-y$ and $87 \%$ q-o-q. The quarterly drop can be explained by lower suspended interest collection, in addition impairment on collaterals at the factoring company was booked on this line, too.

The 2013 operating expenses diminished by $11 \%$ $y-0-y$, mainly due to the base effect of costs related to litigations in 4Q 2012.

The DPD90+ ratio moderated to $48.9 \%$ ( -3.7 ppts $y-0-y,-1.9$ ppts $q-0-q$ ), as a result of the write-down of non-performing loans. In 4Q the Bank revised its provisioning policy and assessed the collaterals of non-performing loans and the expected recovery of loans by adopting statutory regulations conservatively. The review generated notable increase in risk cost $q-0-\mathrm{q}$. The coverage ratio of DPD90+ loans improved to 82.6\% (+26.8 ppts $y-0-y,+21.8$ ppts $q-0-q$ ).
Performing loans expanded by $10 \%$ y-0-y. In the retail segment the Bank focused its lending activity on consumer loans that grew by $26 \%$ y-o-y and $3 \%$ q-o-q (FX-adjusted) due to the success of new cash loan products introduced in April. Loans in other segments stagnated or eroded marginally $y$ -$o-y$ and q-o-q, as well.

Deposits increased by 12\% y-o-y and declined by $9 \%$ q-o-q FX-adjusted, the latter being explained by a single corporate deposit outflow.

The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank stood at $37.8 \%$.

## CRNOGORSKA KOMERCIJALNA BANKA (MONTENEGRO)

Performance of CKB:

| Main components of P\&L account in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After tax profit w/o dividends and net cash transfer | -3,872 | 801 | -121\% | -3,449 | 503 | -117 | -123\% | -97\% |
| Corporate income tax | -7 | 0 | -100\% | 6 | 0 | 0 |  | -100\% |
| Pre-tax profit | -3,865 | 801 | -121\% | -3,455 | 503 | -117 | -123\% | -97\% |
| Operating profit | 2,830 | 3,506 | 24\% | 589 | 1,159 | 650 | -44\% | 10\% |
| Total income | 10,047 | 10,516 | 5\% | 2,456 | 2,945 | 2,490 | -15\% | 1\% |
| Net interest income | 7,238 | 7,804 | 8\% | 1,767 | 2,128 | 1,892 | -11\% | 7\% |
| Net fees and commissions | 2,489 | 2,475 | -1\% | 600 | 710 | 636 | -10\% | 6\% |
| Other net non-interest income | 319 | 237 | -26\% | 89 | 107 | -39 | -136\% | -143\% |
| Operating expenses | -7,217 | -7,010 | -3\% | -1,867 | -1,786 | -1,840 | 3\% | -1\% |
| Total risk costs | -6,695 | -2,705 | -60\% | -4,044 | -656 | -767 | 17\% | -81\% |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -2,655 | -3,007 | 13\% | -1,622 | -540 | -861 | 59\% | -47\% |
| Other provision | -4,039 | 302 | -107\% | -2,422 | -116 | 94 | -181\% | -104\% |
| Main components of balance sheet closing balances in HUF mn | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| Total assets | 208,633 | 196,209 | -6\% | 208,633 | 206,285 | 196,209 | -5\% | -6\% |
| Gross customer loans | 147,244 | 164,124 | 11\% | 147,244 | 168,080 | 164,124 | -2\% | 11\% |
| Gross customer loans (FX-adjusted) | 150,085 | 164,124 | 9\% | 150,085 | 167,196 | 164,124 | -2\% | 9\% |
| Retail loans | 66,537 | 69,464 | 4\% | 66,537 | 68,935 | 69,464 | 1\% | 4\% |
| Corporate loans | 83,548 | 94,660 | 13\% | 83,548 | 98,261 | 94,660 | -4\% | 13\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses | -46,252 | -49,836 | 8\% | -46,252 | -49,525 | -49,836 | 1\% | 8\% |
| Allowances for possible loan losses (FX-adjusted) | -47,144 | -49,836 | 6\% | -47,144 | -49,265 | -49,836 | 1\% | 6\% |
| Deposits from customers | 157,924 | 145,882 | -8\% | 157,924 | 157,274 | 145,882 | -7\% | -8\% |
| Deposits from customers (FX-adjusted) | 160,736 | 145,882 | -9\% | 160,736 | 156,342 | 145,882 | -7\% | -9\% |
| Retail deposits | 123,886 | 119,378 | -4\% | 123,886 | 124,071 | 119,378 | -4\% | -4\% |
| Corporate deposits | 36,851 | 26,505 | -28\% | 36,851 | 32,272 | 26,505 | -18\% | -28\% |
| Liabilities to credit institutions | 21,671 | 18,013 | -17\% | 21,671 | 18,453 | 18,013 | -2\% | -17\% |
| Subordinated debt | 2,041 | 4,173 | 104\% | 2,041 | 2,115 | 4,173 | 97\% | 104\% |
| Total shareholders' equity | 17,048 | 21,151 | 24\% | 17,048 | 21,363 | 21,151 | -1\% | 24\% |
| Loan Quality | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-o-Y |
| 90+ days past due loan volume (in HUF million) | 60,034 | 61,339 | 2.2\% | 60,034 | 63,834 | 61,339 | -3.9\% | 2.2\% |
| 90+ days past due loans/gross customer loans (\%) | 40.8\% | 37.4\% | -3.4\%p | 40.8\% | 38.0\% | 37.4\% | -0.6\%p | -3.4\%p |
| Cost of risk/average gross loans (\%) | 1.70\% | 1.93\% | 0.23\%p | 4.42\% | 1.32\% | 2.06\% | 0.74\%p | -2.36\%p |
| Cost of risk/average (FX-adjusted) gross loans (\%) | 1.72\% | 1.91\% | 0.19\%p | 4.28\% | 1.32\% | 2.06\% | 0.74\%p | -2.22\%p |
| Total provisions/90+ days past due loans (\%) | 77.0\% | 81.2\% | 4.2\%p | 77.0\% | 77.6\% | 81.2\% | 3.7\%p | 4.2\%p |
| Performance Indicators (\%) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-0-Y |
| ROA | -1.8\% | 0.4\% | 2.2\%p | -6.5\% | 1.0\% | -0.2\% | -1.2\%p | 6.3\%p |
| ROE | -23.3\% | 4.2\% | 27.5\%p | -73.9\% | 10.2\% | -2.2\% | -12.4\%p | 71.8\%p |
| Total income margin | 4.55\% | 5.20\% | 0.64\%p | 4.62\% | 5.78\% | 4.91\% | -0.87\%p | 0.28\%p |
| Net interest margin | 3.28\% | 3.86\% | 0.58\%p | 3.33\% | 4.18\% | 3.73\% | -0.45\%p | 0.40\%p |
| Cost/income ratio | 71.8\% | 66.7\% | -5.2\%p | 76.0\% | 60.6\% | 73.9\% | 13.3\%p | -2.1\%p |
| Net loans to deposits (FX-adjusted) | 64\% | 78\% | 14\%p | 64\% | 75\% | 78\% | 3\%p | 14\%p |
| FX rates (in HUF) | 2012 | 2013 | Y-o-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-o-Q | Y-o-Y |
| HUF/EUR (closing) | 291.3 | 296.9 | 2\% | 291.3 | 298.5 | 296.9 | -1\% | 2\% |
| HUF/EUR (average) | 289.3 | 297.0 | 3\% | 283.3 | 298.0 | 297.6 | 0\% | 5\% |

- HUF 801 million net earnings in 2013 as a result of improving operating performance and lower risk costs
- Gross loans grew by 9\% y-0-y, reasoned by higher consumer loan demand and one-offs
- Customer deposits shrank by 9\% y-0-y in line with management objectives

The Montenegrin CKB Bank posted HUF 801 million after tax profit in 2013 versus a loss of HUF 3.9 billion a year ago. This improvement to a large extent was driven by improving operating profit (+24\%) and the decline in risk cost, due to the higher base in 2012 caused by a one-off element. On a quarterly basis, in spite of the improvement in portfolio quality risk cost advanced, thus provision
coverage of DPD90+ loans significantly improved (4Q 2013: 81.3\%, +3.7 ppts q-o-q).

Operating profit for 2013 increased by 24\% y-o-y, which is the result of advancing incomes and lower operating expenses. Regarding the income side net interest income increased by $8 \%$, since the bank managed to pay lower interest on customer and interbank deposits in the course of the cutback of excess liquidity. Although net fees slightly decreased due to lower deposit base and decreasing number of card related and payment transactions, total income margin improved by 64 basis points $y-o-y$.

The $6 \%$ saving on operating expenses ( $y-0-y$, FX-adjusted) was mainly driven by the $12 \%$ saving on personnel expenses. The decline of personnel expenses was partly offset by the $7 \%$ y-o-y growth
of general and administrative costs. In the course of 4Q operating expenses grew by $3 \%$ q-o-q, mainly due to the higher IT and marketing expenditures. Accordingly, the cost to income ratio of the bank improved by 5.2 ppts to $66.7 \%$ in 2013: while the branch network shrank by 2 branches (4Q: 29 branches) and number of active employees slightly increased (4Q 2013: 449 people, +27 people $y-0-y$ ).

The total loan book advanced by $9 \%$ y-0-y (FX-adjusted), reflecting partly the stronger consumer loan demand supported by successful sales campaigns. Also, there was a one-off loan book growth in 3Q related to loans to the Montenegrin Government ${ }^{15}$, which boosted the yearly growth numbers. On the quarterly basis however, there was a slight decrease in total loans (-2\%), mainly due to the $21 \%$ q-o-q drop of municipal loans. Throughout the whole year cash loan sales were spectacular with $31 \%$ y-o-y volume increase, whereas in 4Q volumes grew by $9 \%$. The mortgage loan book kept shrinking ( $-6 \%$ y-o-y and 2\% q-o-q).
After a significant increase of FX-adjusted DPD90+ loan volumes in $2 Q$, the new formation was negative in 3Q and 4Q as well, as a result the DPD90+ ratio decreased to $37.4 \%$ by the end of December. In 4Q mortgage book quality stagnated (its DPD90+ ratio stood at $23.5 \%$ ), while SME and LME as well as consumer loan portfolios quality slightly improved.

The deposit base decreased by 9\% y-o-y mainly as a result of lower retail deposit volumes ( $-5 \% \mathrm{y}-0-\mathrm{y}$ ). Due to the strong liquidity position of the bank, deposit rates were cut back further in $4 Q$, which resulted in declining deposit volumes. Retail deposits shrank by 4\%, while corporate deposits dropped by $18 \%$ q-o-q, both declines affecting mainly the term deposit segments.
In order to comply with changes in local regulation, and maintain the stable capital position, CKB received EUR 10 million subordinated loan from OTP Bank in April 2013 (later converted into ordinary shares in 3Q), which was followed by an EUR 7 million subordinated loan from the mother company in 4Q. Accordingly, by the end of 2013 CKB's capital adequacy level grew to $14.4 \%$.

[^11]
## STAFF LEVEL AND OTHER INFORMATION

The closing staff number of OTP Group (including the number of employed selling agents) was 37,892 as of 31 December 2013. During 2013 there was an increase in Russia and the Ukraine in the headcount of agents as consumer lending increased further in the wake of partnering up with new retail chains. OTP Group provides services through 1,434
branches and close to 4,000 ATMs in 9 countries of the CEE-region. In Hungary, OTP Bank has an extensive distribution network, which includes 382 branches and 2,017 ATM terminals. The bank (Hungary) has around 52 thousands POS terminals at the same time.

|  | 31/12/2013 |  |  |  | 31/12/2012 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Branches | ATM | POS | Headcount (closing) | Branches | ATM | POS | Headcount (closing) |
| OTP Core | 382 | 2,017 | 51,683 | 8,615 | 380 | 1,956 | 49,385 | 8,507 |
| OTP Bank Russia (w/o employed agents) | 200 | 212 | 3,038 | 6,020 | 146 | 255 | 2,697 | 5,177 |
| DSK Group ${ }^{1}$ | 378 | 873 | 4,396 | 4,514 | 381 | 878 | 4,196 | 4,736 |
| OTP Bank Ukraine (w/o employed agents) | 140 | 158 | 353 | 3,282 | 150 | 164 | 358 | 3,052 |
| OTP Bank Romania | 84 | 122 | 1,185 | 930 | 89 | 122 | 1,323 | 970 |
| OTP banka Hrvatska | 102 | 223 | 1,526 | 993 | 103 | 222 | 1,261 | 984 |
| OTP Banka Slovenko | 68 | 123 | 187 | 655 | 70 | 113 | 193 | 639 |
| OTP banka Srbija | 51 | 119 | 2,371 | 663 | 51 | 151 | 2,959 | 660 |
| CKB | 29 | 82 | 4,688 | 449 | 31 | 79 | 4,272 | 422 |
| Foreign subsidiaries, total | 1,052 | 1,922 | 17,744 | 17,505 | 1,021 | 1,984 | 17,259 | 16,639 |
| Other Hungarian and foreign subsidiaries |  |  |  | 843 |  |  |  | 840 |
| OTP Group total (w/o employed agents) |  |  |  | 26,963 |  |  |  | 25,986 |
| OTP Bank Russia <br> - employed agents |  |  |  | 8,593 |  |  |  | 8,339 |
| OTP Bank Ukraine <br> - employed agents |  |  |  | 2,336 |  |  |  | 2,107 |
| OTP Group total (aggregated) | 1,434 | 3,939 | 69,427 | 37,892 | 1,401 | 3,940 | 66,644 | 36,431 |

${ }^{1}$ Regarding the headcount of DSK Group, ytd decline reflects a change in calculation methodology.

## PERSONAL AND ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGES

The Annual General Meeting elected Mr Dominique Uzel to the member of the Bank's Supervisory Board until the closing AGM of the fiscal year 2013, but the latest until April 30, 2014. In 2013 there was no change in the composition of the Board of Directors and the Auditor of the Bank.

FINANCIAL DATA

## SEPARATE AND CONSOLIDATED IFRS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

| in HUF million | OTP Bank |  |  | Consolidated |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 31/12/2013 | 31/12/2012 | Change | 31/12/2013 | 31/12/2012 | Change |
| Cash amounts due from banks and balances with the National Bank of Hungary | 140,521 | 245,548 | -43\% | 539,125 | 602,521 | -11\% |
| Placements with other banks, net of allowance for placement losses | 632,899 | 665,417 | -5\% | 273,479 | 356,866 | -23\% |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 396,565 | 243,015 | 63\% | 415,605 | 222,874 | 86\% |
| Securities available-for-sale | 1,997,491 | 1,953,871 | 2\% | 1,637,255 | 1,411,177 | 16\% |
| Loans, net of allowance for loan losses | 2,144,701 | 2,356,291 | -9\% | 6,245,210 | 6,464,191 | -3\% |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 669,322 | 661,352 | 1\% | 23,837 | 7,936 | 200\% |
| Securities held-to-maturity | 525,049 | 371,992 | 41\% | 580,051 | 429,303 | 35\% |
| Property, equipment and intangible assets | 117,001 | 109,649 | 7\% | 455,244 | 489,142 | -7\% |
| Other assets | 49,486 | 32,686 | 51\% | 211,241 | 129,456 | 63\% |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 6,673,035 | 6,639,821 | 1\% | 10,381,047 | 10,113,466 | 3\% |
| Amounts due to banks, the Hungarian Government, deposits from the National Bank of Hungary and other banks | 902,744 | 826,968 | 9\% | 784,212 | 534,324 | 47\% |
| Deposits from customers | 3,677,450 | 3,500,790 | 5\% | 6,866,606 | 6,550,708 | 5\% |
| Liabilities from issued securities | 170,779 | 335,963 | -49\% | 445,218 | 643,123 | -31\% |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | 204,517 | 259,211 | -21\% | 87,164 | 122,032 | -29\% |
| Other liabilities | 242,444 | 232,557 | 4\% | 421,353 | 457,231 | -8\% |
| Subordinated bonds and loans | 278,241 | 303,750 | -8\% | 267,162 | 291,495 | -8\% |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 5,476,175 | 5,459,239 | 0\% | 8,871,715 | 8,598,913 | 3\% |
| Share capital | 28,000 | 28,000 | 0\% | 28,000 | 28,000 | 0\% |
| Retained earnings and reserves | 1,175,591 | 1,157,516 | 25\% | 1,532,164 | 1,534,572 | 0\% |
| Treasury shares | -6,731 | -4,934 | 36\% | -55,599 | -53,802 | 3\% |
| Non-controlling interest |  |  |  | 4,767 | 5,783 | -18\% |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | 1,196,860 | 1,180,582 | 1\% | 1,509,332 | 1,514,553 | 0\% |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | 6,673,035 | 6,639,821 | 1\% | 10,381,047 | 10,113,466 | 3\% |

## SEPARATE AND CONSOLIDATED IFRS STATEMENT OF RECOGNIZED INCOME

| in HUF million | OTP Bank |  |  | Consolidated |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2013 | 2012 | Change | 2013 | 2012 | Change |
| Loans | 189,073 | 216,154 | -13\% | 771,542 | 795,475 | -3\% |
| Placements with other banks | 246,968 | 364,039 | -32\% | 207,951 | 341,071 | -39\% |
| Amounts due from banks and balances with the National Banks | 3,720 | 6,523 | -43\% | 4,207 | 6,749 | -38\% |
| Securities held for trading | 0 | 1,443 | -100\% | 924 | 1,827 | -49\% |
| Securities available-for-sale | 102,376 | 117,914 | -13\% | 71,743 | 78,624 | -9\% |
| Securities held-to-maturity | 30,027 | 19,625 | 53\% | 33,002 | 20,204 | 63\% |
| Total interest income | 572,164 | 725,698 | -21\% | 1,089,369 | 1,243,950 | -12\% |
| Amounts due to banks, the Hungarian Government, deposits from the National Banks and other banks | 237,984 | 350,521 | -32\% | 189,539 | 294,631 | -36\% |
| Deposits from customers | 96,199 | 138,808 | -31\% | 197,236 | 234,698 | -16\% |
| Liabilities from issued securities | 15,241 | 27,330 | -44\% | 34,896 | 54,033 | -35\% |
| Subordinated bonds and loans | 16,922 | 16,872 | 0\% | 11,412 | 11,923 | -4\% |
| Other entrepreneurs |  |  |  | 2,558 | 3,200 | -20\% |
| Total interest expense | 366,346 | 533,531 | -31\% | 435,641 | 598,485 | -27\% |
| NET INTEREST INCOME | 205,818 | 192,167 | 7\% | 653,728 | 645,465 | 1\% |
| Provision for impairment on loan and placement losses | 30,533 | 53,308 | -43\% | 262,569 | 226,980 | 16\% |
| NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR POSSIBLE LOAN AND PLACEMENT LOSSES | 175,285 | 138,859 | 26\% | 391,159 | 418,485 | -7\% |
| Income from fees and commissions | 157,994 | 117,566 | 34\% | 257,135 | 203,499 | 26\% |
| Foreign exchange gains, net | 5,901 | -3,769 | 257\% | 18,279 | 3,171 | 476\% |
| Net losses / gains on securities | 12,423 | -6,872 | 281\% | 11,546 | -235 |  |
| Gains on real estate transactions | 79 | 64 | 23\% | 1,552 | 1,131 | 37\% |
| Dividend income | 47,583 | 43,098 | 10\% | 2,474 | 2,803 | -12\% |
| Other income | 3,593 | 5,023 | -28\% | 24,840 | 23,987 | 4\% |
| Non-interest income | 227,573 | 155,110 | 47\% | 315,826 | 234,356 | 35\% |
| Expense from fees and commissions | 24,053 | 22,493 | 7\% | 55,378 | 49,162 | 13\% |
| Personnel expenses | 85,760 | 80,456 | 7\% | 204,277 | 188,952 | 8\% |
| Depreciation and amortization | 21,657 | 20,959 | 3\% | 78,017 | 47,420 | 65\% |
| Other expenses | 217,055 | 137,038 | 58\% | 284,261 | 221,633 | 28\% |
| Non-interest expenses | 348,525 | 260,946 | 34\% | 621,933 | 507,167 | 23\% |
| PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX | 54,333 | 33,023 | 65\% | 85,052 | 145,674 | -42\% |
| Income tax | 6,442 | -5,379 | 220\% | 20,944 | 23,088 | -9\% |
| PROFIT AFTER INCOME TAX | 47,891 | 38,402 | 25\% | 64,108 | 122,586 | -48\% |
| Non-controlling interest |  |  |  | 91 | -896 | -110 |
| NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | 47,891 | 38,402 | 25\% | 64,199 | 121,690 | -47\% |

## SEPARATE AND CONSOLIDATED IFRS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

| in HUF million | OTP Bank |  |  | Consolidated |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 31/12/2013 | 31/12/2012 | Change | 31/12/2013 | 31/12/2012 | Change |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profit before income tax | 54,333 | 33,023 | 65\% | 85,052 | 145,674 | -42\% |
| Adjustments to reconcile income before income taxes to net cash provided by operating activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income tax paid | -5,370 | -4,391 | 22\% | -21,739 | -25,259 | -14\% |
| Goodwill impairment |  |  |  | 30,819 |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization | 21,657 | 20,959 | 3\% | 47,198 | 47,420 | 0\% |
| Provision for impairment / Release of provision | 86,385 | 89,870 | -4\% | 272,231 | 236,320 | 15\% |
| Share-based payment | 5,704 | 4,584 | 24\% | 5,704 | 4,585 | 24\% |
| Unrealized (losses) / gains on fair value adjustment of securities held for trading | 863 | -2,012 | -143\% | 859 | -1,938 | -144\% |
| Unrealized losses on fair value adjustment of derivative financial instruments | 12,629 | 2,735 | 362\% | 4,921 | -8,829 | -156\% |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | 90,075 | 312,555 | -71\% | -82,008 | 505,269 | -116\% |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 266,276 | 457,323 | -42\% | 343,037 | 903,241 | -62\% |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net cash used in investing activities | -207,106 | -211,243 | -2\% | -354,364 | -494,090 | -28\% |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net cash used in financing activities | -160,720 | -227,903 | -29\% | -44,655 | -392,399 | -89\% |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | -101,550 | 18,177 | -659\% | -55,982 | 16,752 | -434\% |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 164,385 | 146,208 | 12\% | 331,929 | 315,177 | 5\% |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 62,835 | 164,385 | -62\% | 275,947 | 331,929 | -17\% |
| Analysis of cash and cash equivalents |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash, amounts due from banks and balances with the National Banks | 245,548 | 226,976 | 8\% | 602,521 | 595,986 | 1\% |
| Compulsory reserve established by the National Banks | -81,163 | -80,768 | 0\% | -270,592 | -280,809 | -4\% |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 164,385 | 146,208 | 12\% | 331,929 | 315,177 | 5\% |
| Cash, amounts due from banks and balances with the National Banks | 140,521 | 245,548 | -43\% | 539,125 | 602,521 | -11\% |
| Compulsory reserve established by the National Banks | -77,686 | -81,163 | -4\% | -263,178 | -270,592 | -3\% |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 62,835 | 164,385 | -62\% | 275,947 | 331,929 | -17\% |

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (IFRS)

| in HUF million | Share capital | Capital reserve | Share based payment reserve | Retained earnings and reserves | Put option reserves | Treasury shares | Noncontrolling interest | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance as at 1 January 2012 | 28,000 | 52 | 6,216 | 1,488,296 | -55,468 | -54,387 | 5,601 | 1,418,310 |
| Net profit for the year | -- | -- | -- | 121,690 |  | -- | 896 | 122,586 |
| Other comprehensive income |  |  |  | 300 |  |  | -714 | -414 |
| Share-based payment | -- | -- | 4,584 |  |  | -- | -- | 4,584 |
| Treasury shares |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividend for the year 2011 | -- | -- | -- | -28,000 |  | -- | -- | -28,000 |
| Put option |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Treasury shares |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - sale |  |  |  |  |  | 6,342 |  | 6,342 |
| - loss on sale |  |  |  | -155 |  |  |  | -155 |
| - volume change |  |  |  |  |  | -5,757 |  | -5,757 |
| Payment to ICES holders |  |  |  | -2,943 |  |  |  | -2,943 |
| Non-controlling interest buy-out | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Balance as at 31 December 2012 | 28,000 | 52 | 10,800 | 1,579,188 | -55,468 | -53,802 | 5,783 | 1,514,553 |
| in HUF million | Share capital | Capital reserve | Share based payment reserve | Retained earnings and reserves | Put option reserves | Treasury shares | Noncontrolling interest | Total |
| Balance as at 1 January 2013 | 28,000 | 52 | 10,800 | 1,579,188 | -55,468 | -53,802 | 5,783 | 1,514,553 |
| Net profit for the year | -- | -- | -- | 64,199 |  | -- | -91 | 64,108 |
| Other comprehensive income |  |  |  | -34,781 |  |  | -925 | -35,706 |
| Share-based payment | -- | -- | 5,704 |  |  | -- | -- | 5,704 |
| Treasury shares |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividend for the year 2012 | -- | -- | -- | -33,600 |  | -- | -- | -33,600 |
| Put option |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Treasury shares |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - sale |  |  |  |  |  | 17,943 |  | 17,943 |
| - loss on sale |  |  |  | 481 |  |  |  | 481 |
| - volume change |  |  |  |  |  | -19,740 |  | -19,740 |
| Payment to ICES holders |  |  |  | -3,248 |  |  |  | -3,248 |
| Changes in actuarial assumptions, IAS 19 |  |  |  | -39 |  |  |  | -39 |
| Non-controlling interest buy-out |  |  |  | -1,124 |  |  |  | -1,124 |
| Balance as at 31 December 2013 | 28,000 | 52 | 16,504 | 1,571,076 | -55,468 | -55,599 | 4,767 | 1,509,332 |

## Ownership structure of OTP Bank Plc.

as at 31 December 2013

| Description of owner | Total equity |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 January 2013 |  |  | 31 December 2013 |  |  |
|  | \% ${ }^{1}$ | \% ${ }^{2}$ | Qty | \% ${ }^{1}$ | $\%^{2}$ | Qty |
| Domestic institution/company | 10.93\% | 11.10\% | 30,612,195 | 11.97\% | 12.12\% | 33,516,480 |
| Foreign institution/company | 51.16\% | 51.94\% | 143,234,419 | 63.49\% | 64.28\% | 177,765,449 |
| Domestic individual | 9.96\% | 10.11\% | 27,880,066 | 8.93\% | 9.04\% | 24,998,111 |
| Foreign individual | 1.12\% | 1.14\% | 3,145,920 | 1.15\% | 1.16\% | 3,206,030 |
| Employees, senior officers | 1.84\% | 1.87\% | 5,157,202 | 1.55\% | 1.57\% | 4,331,265 |
| Treasury shares | 1.50\% | 0.00\% | 4,207,443 | 1.23\% | 0.00\% | 3,437,274 |
| Government held owner ${ }^{3}$ | 4.88\% | 4.96\% | 13,675,713 | 5.13\% | 5.20\% | 14,372,425 |
| International Development Institutions ${ }^{4}$ | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0 | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0 |
| Other ${ }^{5}$ | 18.60\% | 18.89\% | 52,087,052 | 6.56\% | 6.64\% | 18,372,976 |
| TOTAL | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 280,000,010 | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 280,000,010 |

${ }^{1}$ Voting rights
${ }^{2}$ Beneficial ownership
${ }^{3}$ E.g.: State Privatization Holding Co. Ltd., Social Security, Municipality, $100 \%$ state-owned companies, Pension Reform and Debt Reduction Fund etc.
${ }^{4}$ E.g.: EBRD, EIB, etc
${ }^{5}$ Non-identified shareholders according to the shareholders' registry.

Number of treasury shares held in the year under review (2013)

|  | 1 January | 31 March | 30 June | 30 September | 31 December |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Company | $2,133,883$ | $2,023,532$ | $1,700,581$ | $1,479,652$ | $1,363,714$ |
| Subsidiaries | $2,073,560$ | $2,073,560$ | $2,073,560$ | $2,073,560$ | $2,073,560$ |
| TOTAL | $4,207,443$ | $4,097,092$ | $3,774,141$ | $3,553,212$ | $3,437,274$ |

Shareholders with over/around 5\% stake as at 31 December 2013

| Name | Number of shares | Voting rights | Beneficial ownership |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Megdet, Timur and Ruszlan Rahimkulov | $24,882,495$ | $8.89 \%$ | $9.00 \%$ |
| MOL (Hungarian Oil and Gas Company Plc.) | $24,000,000$ | $8.57 \%$ | $8.68 \%$ |
| Groupama Group | $23,228,306$ | $8.30 \%$ | $8.40 \%$ |
| Lazard Group | $15,441,775$ | $5.51 \%$ | $5.58 \%$ |
| Hungarian National Asset Management Inc. | $14,091,203$ | $5.03 \%$ | $5.10 \%$ |

Senior officers, strategic employees and their shareholding of OTP shares as at 31 December 2013

| Type ${ }^{1}$ | Name | Position | No. of shares held |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IT | Dr. Sándor Csányi ${ }^{2}$ | Chairman and CEO | 10,000 |
| IT | Mihály Baumstark | member | 16,000 |
| IT | Dr. Tibor Bíró | member | 39,158 |
| IT | Péter Braun | member | 343,905 |
| IT | Tamás Erdei | member | 6,439 |
| IT | Dr. István Gresa | member | 71,935 |
| IT | Zsolt Hernádi | member | 16,000 |
| IT | Dr. István Kocsis ${ }^{3}$ | member | 13,670 |
| IT | Dr. Antal Pongrácz | Deputy Chairman, Deputy CEO | 14,400 |
| IT | Dr. László Utassy | member | 281,000 |
| IT | Dr. József Vörös | member | 133,200 |
| FB | Tibor Tolnay | Chairman | 54 |
| FB | Dr. Gábor Horváth | member | 0 |
| FB | Antal Kovács | member, Deputy CEO | 44,074 |
| FB | András Michnai | member | 14,000 |
| FB | Dominique Uzel | member | 0 |
| FB | Dr. Márton Gellért Vági | member | 0 |
| SP | László Bencsik | Chief Financial and Strategic Officer, Deputy CEO | 4,780 |
| SP | Daniel Gyuris | Deputy CEO | 0 |
| SP | Ákos Takáts | Deputy CEO | 184,963 |
| SP | László Wolf | Deputy CEO | 587,182 |
| TOTAL No. of shares held by management: |  |  | 1.780.760 |
| Employee in strategic position (SP), Board Member (IT), Supervisory Board Member (FB) <br> ${ }^{2}$ Number of OTP shares owned by Mr Csányi directly or indirectly: 510,000 <br> ${ }^{3}$ Membership suspended since 3 October 2012 |  |  |  |

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS ACCORDING TO IFRS (consolidated, in HUF million) ${ }^{1}$
a) Contingent liabilities

|  | 31/12/2013 | 31/12/2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commitments to extend credit | 1,266,185 | 1,156,876 |
| Guarantees arising from banking activities | 312,994 | 316,159 |
| Confirmed letters of credit | 25,919 | 13,721 |
| Legal disputes (disputed value) | 66,988 | 1,945 |
| Contingent liabilities related to OTP Mortgage Bank | -- | -- |
| Other | 138,422 | 117,316 |
| Total: | 1,810,508 | 1,606,017 |

${ }^{1}$ Those financial undertakings, which are important from valuation perspectives however not booked within the balance sheet (such as surety, guarantees, pledge related obligations, etc.)
${ }^{2}$ The balance of contingent liabilities in relation to legal disputes as at 31 December 2012 decreased compared to that reported previously, since the balance of lawsuit claim initiated by the Group has been deducted from contingent liabilities.

Changes in the headcount (number of persons) employed by the Bank and the subsidiaries

|  | End of reference period | Current period opening | Current period closing |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: |
| Bank | 8,032 | 8,032 | 8,097 |
| Consolidated | 36,431 | 36,431 | 37,892 |

Security issuances on Group level in the course of 2013
$\left.\begin{array}{lllllll} \\ & & & & & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Outstanding } \\ \text { consolidated } \\ \text { debt (in } \\ \text { original }\end{array} \\ \text { Outstanding } \\ \text { consolidated } \\ \text { debt (in HUF } \\ \text { currency or } \\ \text { million) }\end{array}\right)$

| Issuer | Type of security | Security name | Date of issue | Date of maturity | Ccy | Outstanding consolidated debt (in original currency or HUF million) 31/12/2013 | Outstanding consolidated debt (in HUF million) 31/12/2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 1 2014/XIV | 12/07/2013 | 12/07/2014 | EUR | 2,788,300 | 828 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XIV | 12/07/2013 | 12/07/2015 | EUR | 123,900 | 37 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 1 2014/XV | 26/07/2013 | 26/07/2014 | EUR | 5,148,500 | 1,529 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XV | 26/07/2013 | 26/07/2015 | EUR | 630,100 | 187 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 1 2014/XVI | 16/08/2013 | 16/08/2014 | EUR | 10,348,100 | 3,072 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XVI | 16/08/2013 | 16/08/2015 | EUR | 790,100 | 235 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 1 2014/XVII | 30/08/2013 | 30/08/2014 | EUR | 6,890,000 | 2,046 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XVII | 30/08/2013 | 30/08/2015 | EUR | 422,900 | 126 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 1 2014/XVIII | 13/09/2013 | 13/09/2014 | EUR | 7,902,700 | 2,346 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XVIII | 13/09/2013 | 13/09/2015 | EUR | 648,800 | 193 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 1 2014/XIX | 27/09/2013 | 27/09/2014 | EUR | 8,307,600 | 2,467 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XIX | 27/09/2013 | 27/09/2015 | EUR | 508,700 | 151 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 1 2014/XX | 11/10/2013 | 11/10/2014 | EUR | 6,745,200 | 2,003 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XX | 11/10/2013 | 11/10/2015 | EUR | 299,300 | 89 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 1 2014/XXI | 31/10/2013 | 31/10/2014 | EUR | 8,108,200 | 2,407 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XXI | 31/10/2013 | 31/10/2015 | EUR | 2,349,800 | 698 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 1 2014/XXII | 15/11/2013 | 15/11/2014 | EUR | 4,602,100 | 1,366 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XXII | 15/11/2013 | 15/11/2015 | EUR | 1,177,000 | 349 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 1 2014/XXIII | 29/11/2013 | 13/12/2014 | EUR | 5,901,200 | 1,752 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XXIII | 29/11/2013 | 29/11/2015 | EUR | 1,303,300 | 387 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 1 2015/I | 20/12/2013 | 10/01/2015 | EUR | 7,095,700 | 2,107 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OTP EUR 2 2015/XXIV | 20/12/2013 | 20/12/2015 | EUR | 1,552,400 | 461 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Corporate bond | OTP 2018/Fx | 19/12/2013 | 21/12/2018 | EUR | 618,000 | 183 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | OTP Mortgage Bank | OMB2016_I | 25/10/2013 | 25/10/2016 | EUR | 0 | 0 |

Security redemptions on Group level in the course of 2013

| Issuer | Type of security | Security name | Date of issue | Date of maturity | Ccy | Outstanding consolidated debt (in original currency or HUF million) 31/12/2012 | Outstanding consolidated debt (in HUF million) 31/12/2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/II | 20/01/2012 | 19/01/2013 | HUF | 21,453 | 21,453 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/IV | 17/02/2012 | 16/02/2013 | HUF | 17,134 | 17,134 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/III | 03/02/2012 | 02/02/2013 | HUF | 12,535 | 12,535 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/IX | 11/05/2012 | 11/05/2013 | HUF | 10,651 | 10,651 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/VIII | 21/04/2012 | 21/04/2013 | HUF | 10,605 | 10,605 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/VII | 06/04/2012 | 06/04/2013 | HUF | 10,102 | 10,102 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XIV | 20/07/2012 | 20/07/2013 | HUF | 9,508 | 9,508 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/V | 02/03/2012 | 02/03/2013 | HUF | 9,001 | 9,001 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/I | 06/01/2012 | 05/01/2013 | HUF | 8,716 | 8,716 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/VI | 23/03/2012 | 23/03/2013 | HUF | 8,171 | 8,171 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | TBSZ2013/I | 26/02/2010 | 30/12/2013 | HUF | 6,018 | 6,018 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XV | 10/08/2012 | 10/08/2013 | HUF | 5,862 | 5,862 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XIII | 06/07/2012 | 06/07/2013 | HUF | 5,747 | 5,747 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XI | 08/06/2012 | 08/06/2013 | HUF | 5,547 | 5,547 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/X | 25/05/2012 | 25/05/2013 | HUF | 4,997 | 4,997 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XII | 22/06/2012 | 22/06/2013 | HUF | 4,453 | 4,453 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XXI | 12/11/2012 | 12/11/2013 | HUF | 4,147 | 4,147 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XVII | 07/09/2012 | 07/09/2013 | HUF | 4,130 | 4,130 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | DNT HUF 2013A | 27/09/2012 | 25/03/2013 | HUF | 3,753 | 3,753 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XVIII | 21/09/2012 | 21/09/2013 | HUF | 3,655 | 3,655 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XVI | 24/08/2012 | 24/08/2013 | HUF | 3,635 | 3,635 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/RA/Bx | 26/11/2010 | 03/12/2013 | HUF | 3,193 | 3,193 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XXII | 23/11/2012 | 23/11/2013 | HUF | 3,022 | 3,022 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XIX | 05/10/2012 | 05/10/2013 | HUF | 2,439 | 2,439 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | DNT HUF 130508 9\% | 15/11/2012 | 08/05/2013 | HUF | 2,334 | 2,334 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XX | 19/10/2012 | 19/10/2013 | HUF | 2,304 | 2,304 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 3Y EURHUF | 25/06/2010 | 25/06/2013 | HUF | 2,097 | 2,097 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XXIII | 07/12/2012 | 07/12/2013 | HUF | 1,860 | 1,860 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | 2013/XXIV | 21/12/2012 | 21/12/2013 | HUF | 1,581 | 1,581 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | OVK 2013/I | 26/08/2011 | 26/08/2013 | HUF | 1,254 | 1,254 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Corporate bond | 2013/Bx | 26/11/2010 | 06/11/2013 | HUF | 785 | 785 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Corporate bond | 2013/Ax | 28/06/2010 | 08/07/2013 | HUF | 428 | 428 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Corporate bond | 2013/Cx | 16/12/2010 | 19/12/2013 | HUF | 420 | 420 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XV | 03/08/2012 | 03/08/2013 | EUR | 13,329,900 | 3,828 |


| Issuer | Type of security | Security name | Date of issue | Date of maturity | Ccy | Outstanding consolidated debt (in original currency or HUF million) 31/12/2012 | Outstanding consolidated debt (in HUF million) 31/12/2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | DC EUR 130108 4.5\% | 27/09/2012 | 08/01/2013 | EUR | 10,550,700 | 3,073 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XXIV | 07/12/2012 | 07/12/2013 | EUR | 10,463,100 | 3,048 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | DC USD 130207 5\% | 15/11/2012 | 07/02/2013 | USD | 13,750,600 | 3,038 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XXIII | 23/11/2012 | 23/11/2013 | EUR | 9,288,000 | 2,706 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XVII | 31/08/2012 | 31/08/2013 | EUR | 9,082,300 | 2,646 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XIX | 28/09/2012 | 28/09/2013 | EUR | 8,543,300 | 2,489 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XVI | 17/08/2012 | 17/08/2013 | EUR | 7,782,700 | 2,267 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XX | 12/10/2012 | 12/10/2013 | EUR | 7,407,900 | 2,158 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XXI | 26/10/2012 | 26/10/2013 | EUR | 5,860,700 | 1,707 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XXII | 09/11/2012 | 09/11/2013 | EUR | 5,356,800 | 1,560 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XIV | 13/07/2012 | 13/07/2013 | EUR | 4,896,500 | 1,426 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XVIII | 14/09/2012 | 14/09/2013 | EUR | 4,673,500 | 1,361 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XXV | 21/12/2012 | 21/12/2013 | EUR | 4,280,500 | 1,247 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/IX | 04/05/2012 | 04/05/2013 | EUR | 2,838,400 | 827 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/VIII | 20/04/2012 | 20/04/2013 | EUR | 2,309,300 | 673 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XIII | 22/06/2012 | 22/06/2013 | EUR | 2,304,100 | 671 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/II | 27/01/2012 | 26/01/2013 | EUR | 1,816,200 | 529 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/VII | 06/04/2012 | 06/04/2013 | EUR | 1,162,600 | 339 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/I | 13/01/2012 | 12/01/2013 | EUR | 1,105,200 | 322 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/IV | 24/02/2012 | 23/02/2013 | EUR | 1,081,600 | 315 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XII | 08/06/2012 | 08/06/2013 | EUR | 1,066,800 | 311 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/III | 10/02/2012 | 09/02/2013 | EUR | 1,018,700 | 297 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 2013/III | 26/08/2011 | 26/08/2013 | EUR | 910,800 | 265 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/XI | 25/05/2012 | 25/05/2013 | EUR | 870,500 | 254 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/V | 09/03/2012 | 09/03/2013 | EUR | 815,700 | 238 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 2013/IV | 09/09/2011 | 09/09/2013 | EUR | 765,400 | 223 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/VI | 23/03/2012 | 23/03/2013 | EUR | 755,500 | 220 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 2013/VI | 07/10/2011 | 07/10/2013 | EUR | 552,000 | 161 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 1 2013/X | 11/05/2012 | 11/05/2013 | EUR | 519,400 | 151 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 2013/VII | 21/10/2011 | 21/10/2013 | EUR | 509,600 | 148 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 2013/V | 23/09/2011 | 23/09/2013 | EUR | 493,900 | 144 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 2013/I | 05/08/2011 | 05/08/2013 | EUR | 448,600 | 131 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 2013/II | 12/08/2011 | 12/08/2013 | EUR | 437,400 | 127 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 2013/IX | 18/11/2011 | 18/11/2013 | EUR | 418,400 | 122 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 2013/VIII | 07/11/2011 | 07/11/2013 | EUR | 264,400 | 77 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 2013/XI | 02/12/2011 | 02/12/2013 | EUR | 180,500 | 53 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Corporate bond | EUR 2013/XIII | 29/12/2011 | 29/12/2013 | EUR | 149,800 | 44 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 2013/X | 25/11/2011 | 25/11/2013 | EUR | 140,700 | 41 |
| OTP Bank Plc. | Retail bond | EUR 2013/XII | 16/12/2011 | 16/12/2013 | EUR | 84,600 | 25 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | OTP Mortgage Bank | OJB2013_B | 25/05/2011 | 30/10/2013 | HUF | 0 | 0 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | OTP Mortgage Bank | OJB2013_II | 20/12/2002 | 31/08/2013 | HUF | 13,433 | 13,433 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | OTP Mortgage Bank | OJB2013_III | 29/05/2009 | 29/05/2013 | HUF | 0 | 0 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | OTP Mortgage Bank | OJB2013_IV | 25/05/2011 | 31/08/2013 | HUF | 0 | 0 |
| OTP Mortgage Bank | OTP Mortgage Bank | OMB2013_I | 11/11/2011 | 18/11/2013 | EUR | 3,500,000 | 1,020 |
| OTP Banka Slovensko | Mortgage bond | OTP XXI. | 20/05/2010 | 20/05/2013 | EUR | 9,856,000 | 2,871 |
| OTP Banka Slovensko | Mortgage bond | OTP XXIV. | 23/11/2010 | 23/11/2013 | EUR | 7,877,000 | 2,294 |

## RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The compensation of key management personnel, such as the members of the Board of Directors, members of the Supervisory Board, key employees of the Bank and its major subsidiaries involved in the decision-making process in accordance with the compensation categories defined in IAS 24 Related party disclosures, is summarised below.

| Compensations in HUF million | 2012 | 2013 | Y-0-Y | 4Q 2012 | 3Q 2013 | 4Q 2013 | Q-0-Q | Y-0-Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 12,709 | 13,885 | 9\% | 3,617 | 3,210 | 2,587 | -19\% | -28\% |
| Short-term employee benefits | 8,720 | 9,534 | 9\% | 2,866 | 2,143 | 2,130 | -1\% | -26\% |
| Share-based payment | 2,711 | 3,297 | 22\% | 469 | 768 | 221 | -71\% | -53\% |
| Other long-term employee benefits | 1,050 | 965 | -8\% | 262 | 210 | 236 | 12\% | -10\% |
| Termination benefits | 218 | 89 | -59\% | 20 | 89 | 0 | -100\% | -100\% |
| Redundancy payments | 10 |  | -100\% | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Loans provided to companies owned by members of the management ${ }^{1}$ or their family members (normal course of business) | 35,792 | 38,828 | 8\% | 35,792 | 34,705 | 38,828 | 12\% | 8\% |
| Credit lines of the members of Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board and their close family members (at normal market conditions) | 112 | 559 | 399\% | 112 | 466 | 559 | 20\% | 399\% |
| Commitments to extend credit and guarantees | 518 | 1,221 | 136\% | 518 | 1,113 | 1,221 | 10\% | 136\% |
| Loans provided to unconsolidated subsidiaries | 1,526 | 1,124 | -26\% | 1,526 | 1,586 | 1,124 | -29\% | -26\% |

[^12]SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

## FOOTNOTES OF THE TABLE ‘CONSOLIDATED AFTER TAX PROFIT BREAKDOWN BY SUBSIDIARIES (IFRS)

General note: regarding OTP Core and other subsidiaries, profit after tax is calculated without received dividends and net cash transfers. Regarding dividends and net cash transfers received from non-group member companies, it is shown on a separate line in one sum in the table, regardless to the particular receiver or payer group member company.
(1) OTP Core, Corporate Centre and foreign banks aggregated, excluding one-timers.
(2) OTP Core is an economic unit for measuring the result of core business activity of OTP Group in Hungary. Financials for OTP Core are calculated from the partially consolidated financial statements of the companies engaged in OTP Group's underlying banking operation in Hungary. These companies include OTP Bank Hungary PIc., OTP Mortgage Bank Ltd, OTP Building Society Ltd, OTP Factoring Ltd, OTP Financing Netherlands Ltd and OTP Holding Ltd. The consolidated accounting result of these companies are segmented into OTP Core and Corporate Centre. Latter is a virtual entity.
(3) Within OTP Group, the Corporate Centre acts as a virtual entity established by the equity investment of OTP Core for managing the wholesale financing activity for all the subsidiaries within OTP Group but outside OTP Core. Therefore the balance sheet of the Corporate Centre is funded by the equity and intragroup lending received from OTP Core plus the subordinated debt and senior notes arranged by OTP Bank under its running EMTN program. From this funding pool, the Corporate Centre is to provide intragroup lending to, and hold equity stakes in OTP subsidiaries outside OTP Core. Within OTP Group, the full range of financing and investments into nonOTP Core subsidiaries is allocated to the Corporate Centre. Main subsidiaries financed by Corporate Centre are as follows: Hungarians: Merkantil Bank Ltd, Merkantil Car Ltd, Merkantil Leasing Ltd, OTP Real Estate Leasing Ltd, OTP Fund Management Ltd, OTP Real Estate Fund Management Ltd, OTP Life Annuity Ltd; foreigners: leasing companies, factoring companies.
(4) The profit impact of the repurchase from the perpetual EUR 500 million subordinated Notes series executed in 4Q 2013 was eliminated from the performance of both parties, OTP Bank (Hungary) and OTP Bank Russia, since the transaction had no direct impact on consolidated earnings.
(5) From 4Q 2008 figures are based on the aggregated financial statements of OTP Bank JSC
and LLC OTP Leasing Ukraine, from 4Q 2009 the result of LLC OTP Factoring Ukraine was also aggregated, while in 4Q 2010 the financial statement and balance sheet of LLC OTP Credit was also added.
(6) From 3Q 2010, statements are based on the aggregated financials of DSK Group and the newly established Bulgarian collection company, OTP Factoring Bulgaria LLC. DSK Group balance sheet contains the loans sold to the factoring company at before sale gross value and the related provisions as well.
(7) Net earnings are adjusted with the result of CIRS swap transactions executed with OTP Bank in relation to interbank financing. Before transfer balance sheet numbers are displayed.
(8) Including the financial performance of OTP Factoring Serbia d.o.o from 4Q 2010.
(9) From 2011 on Balance Sheet contains consolidated data of OTP Banka Slovensko and OTP Faktor Slovensko s.r.o., adjusted for loans sold to OTP Bank Plc. and OTP Factoring Ltd., and the related interbank financing in the net amount of the sold loans. The recoveries of sold loans to OTP Faktoring are recognised in the P\&L accounts as risk cost decreasing elements since 2011. From 2012 on P\&L data and related indices are adjusted for the special banking tax.
(10) Aggregated after tax profit of Merkantil Bank and Merkantil Car without dividends, net cash transfer and provisioning for investments in subsidiaries.
(11) From 4Q 2009: OTP Leasing Romania IFN S.A. (Romania), Z plus d.o.o. (Croatia), OTP Leasing d.d. (Croatia), DSK Leasing AD (Bulgaria).
(12) LLC AMC OTP Capitol (Ukraine) and OTP Asset Management SAI S.A. (Romania).
(13) HIF Ltd. (United Kingdom), OTP Faktoring Slovensko (Slovakia) (until 1Q 2011), OTP Buildings (Slovakia), OTP Real Slovensko (Slovakia), OTP Holding Limited (Cyprus), Velvin Ventures Ltd. (Belize), OTP Faktoring SRL (Romania).
(14) Total Hungarian subsidiaries: sum of the after tax results of Hungarian group members including (Corporate Centre) and related eliminations.
(15) Total Foreign subsidiaries: sum of the after tax profits of foreign subsidiaries and one-off items (after tax).

## CALCULATION OF ADJUSTED LINES OF IFRS PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENTS PRESENTED IN THE REPORT

In order to present Group level trends in a comprehensive way in the Interim Management Report, the presented consolidated and separate profit and loss statements of the Report were adjusted in the following way, and the adjusted P\&Ls are shown and analysed in the Report. Consolidated accounting figures together with Separate accounting figures of OTP Bank are still disclosed in the Financial Data section of the Report.

- As non-recurring results, the after tax effect of the following items are shown separately on the Statement of Recognised Income: received dividends, received and paid cash transfers, goodwill write-offs, the tax shield effect of investment write-offs, special tax on financial institutions, the one-timer payment compensating the underperformance of the financial transaction tax in 2013, the fine imposed by the Hungarian Competition Authority in 4Q 2013, the corporate tax impact of the transfer of general risk reserves to retained earnings, the loss from early repayment of FX mortgage loans in Hungary, the revaluation result on FX purchased from the National Bank of Hungary to cover the FX need of early repayments and the special banking tax refund related to the early repayments.
- Other non-interest income elements stemming from provisioning release in connection with loans originated before the acquisitions of the subsidiaries have been reclassified to and deducted from the volume of provisions for possible loan losses in the income statement.
- Other non-interest income is shown together with gains/losses on real estate transactions, but without the above mentioned income from the release of pre-acquisition provisions and without received cash transfers. However other non-interest expenses stemming from non-financial activities are added to the adjusted net other non-interest income line, therefore the latter incorporates the net amount of other non-interest income from non-financial activities.
- Out of other expenses, other provisions are deducted and shown separately as other risk costs in the adjusted income statement. Other provisions contain provisioning on off-balance sheet liabilities and on legal contests, provisioning on securities, shares and other investments as well as provisioning on other assets.
- Other administrative expenses have been adjusted in the following way in order to create a category comprising administrative cost items exclusively. Other costs and expenses and other non-interest expenses were included into the adjusted Other non-interest expenses. At the same time, the following cost items were excluded from adjusted other non-interest expenses: paid cash transfers except for movie subsidies and cash transfers to public benefit organisations, which are quasi marketing expenses but kept as paid cash transfer
on the P\&L -, Other non-interest expenses, Special tax on financial institutions and the one-timer payment compensating the underperformance of the financial transaction tax.
- From 4Q 2010 onwards, the fee expenses paid by Merkantil Group to car dealers ('dealer fees') were registered as interest expense in the accounting income statement. Earlier this item had been booked as fee expense. In order to create a comparable time series, since 4Q 2010 dealer fees have been reclassified from net interest income to net fees and commissions - both on the consolidated and on a standalone level.
- Within the aggregated income statement of Merkantil Bank and Car, other risk cost related to leasing companies - as investments of the Merkantil Group - is eliminated. The reason behind is that this provisioning is eliminated in the consolidated income statement of OTP Group, and only the net result of the leasing companies is making part of OTP Group's consolidated net earnings.
- Cost/income ratio, net interest margin, risk cost to average gross loans as well as ROA and ROE ratios are calculated on the basis of the adjusted profit and loss statement, excluding adjustment items such as received dividends and net cash transfers, the after tax effect of the goodwill write-downs, the effect of special banking tax, the loss from early repayment of FX mortgage loans in Hungary and the revaluation result on FX purchased from the National Bank of Hungary to cover the FX need of early repayments. Cost/income ratio is calculated from operating costs, excluding other risk costs.
- OTP Group is hedging the revaluation result of the FX provisions on its FX loans by keeping hedging open FX positions. In its accounting statement of income, the revaluation of FX provisions is part of the risk costs (within line "Provision for loan losses"), whereas the revaluation of the hedging open FX positions is made through other non-interest income (within line "Foreign exchange result, net"). The two items have the same absolute amount but an opposite sign. As an adjustment to the accounting statement of income, these items are eliminated from the adjusted P\&L. By modifying only the structure of the income statement, this correction does not have any impact on the bottom line net profits.
- In 3Q 2012 and in 2Q 2013, seven subsidiaries of OTP Real Estate Ltd. were for the first time consolidated into OTP Group. The cumulated loss of the companies' previous operation was recognised as Other expenses in the accounting P\&L, while loan loss and other provisioning earlier made by OTP Bank and OTP Real Estate in relation to these companies were released. By influencing only the structure of the income statement, the net effect of these two entries was neutral to consolidated net earnings. As an adjustment to the accounting
statement of income, these items are eliminated from the adjusted P\&L.
- Tax deductible transfers paid by Hungarian group members in 2H 2012 were reclassified from Other non-interest expenses to Corporate income tax. As a result, the net P\&L effect of the transfers (ie. the paid transfer less the related tax allowances) is recognised in the corporate income tax line of the adjusted P\&L. Thus these transfers had no material P\&L effect in the adjusted P\&L in 2H 2012.
- From 2012 credit institutions' contribution tax started to be recognised in the accounting P\&L of OTP Group and OTP Core as OTP Core's burden share in the fixed exchange rate scheme provided to Hungarian FX mortgage debtors. The paid contribution tax equals $50 \%$ of the forgiveness provided on the interest payments of the clients. In the adjusted P\&L the tax is reclassified from other
(administrative) expenses and to a lesser extent from other risk cost to net interest income.
- The financial transaction tax paid from the beginning of 2013 in Hungary is reclassified from other (administrative) expenses to net fees and commissions.
- The profit impact of the repurchase from the perpetual EUR 500 million subordinated Notes series executed in 4Q 2013 was eliminated from the performance of both parties, OTP Bank (Hungary) and OTP Bank Russia, since the transaction had no direct impact on consolidated earnings.
- Within the report, FX-adjusted statistics for business volumes are disclosed. For FX adjustment, the closing cross currency rates for the current period were used to calculate the HUF equivalent of loan and deposit volumes in the base periods. Thus the FX adjusted volumes will be different from those published earlier.


## ADJUSTMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED IFRS P\&L LINES

| in HUF million | 1Q 12 | 2Q 12 | 3Q 12 | 4Q 12 <br> Audited | 2012 Audited | 1Q 13 | 2Q 13 | 3Q 13 | 4Q 13 Preliminary | $\begin{gathered} 2013 \\ \text { Preliminary } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net interest income | 162,243 | 156,899 | 160,627 | 165,697 | 645,466 | 167,955 | 162,301 | 165,055 | 158,418 | 653,728 |
| (-) Agent fees paid to car dealers by Merkantil Group | -704 | -652 | -680 | -732 | -2,768 | -624 | -552 | -587 | -556 | -2,319 |
| (+) Credit institutions' contribution tax paid in relation to the fixed exchange rate scheme | 0 | 0 | 0 | -442 | -442 | -2,161 | -30 | 34 | -48 | -2,205 |
| (+) Other risk costs recognised in relation to the fixed exchange rate scheme |  |  |  |  |  | -98 | 64 | 30 | 3 | 0 |
| Net interest income (adj.) with one-offs | 162,947 | 157,551 | 161,307 | 165,988 | 647,792 | 166,320 | 162,887 | 165,706 | 158,929 | 653,841 |
| (-) Revaluation result of FX swaps at OTP Core (booked within net interest income) | -1,200 | -1,356 | 29 | 0 | -2,528 | 432 | 310 | 270 | -297 | 715 |
| Net interest income (adj.) without one-offs | 164,147 | 158,907 | 161,278 | 165,988 | 650,319 | 165,888 | 162,577 | 165,436 | 159,225 | 653,126 |
| Net fees and commissions | 34,782 | 38,581 | 39,693 | 41,282 | 154,338 | 42,189 | 49,494 | 53,420 | 56,655 | 201,758 |
| (+) Agent fees paid to car dealers by Merkantil Group | -704 | -652 | -680 | -732 | -2,768 | -624 | -552 | -587 | -556 | -2,319 |
| (+) Financial Transaction Tax |  |  |  |  |  | -5,752 | -6,165 | -9,316 | -11,270 | -32,503 |
| Net fees and commissions (adj.) | 34,078 | 37,929 | 39,013 | 40,550 | 151,570 | 35,813 | 42,777 | 43,517 | 44,829 | 166,936 |
| Foreign exchange result on Consolidated IFRS P\&L | -7,236 | 3,147 | 601 | 6,659 | 3,171 | 12,487 | -5,385 | 9,169 | 2,009 | 18,279 |
| (-) Revaluation result of FX positions hedging the revaluation of FX provisions | -11,659 | -3,187 | -5,103 | 3,256 | -16,692 | 9,954 | -12,006 | 5,502 | -3,355 | 96 |
| Foreign exchange result (adj.) with one-offs | 4,423 | 6,334 | 5,704 | 3,402 | 19,863 | 2,533 | 6,621 | 3,666 | 5,364 | 18,183 |
| Foreign exchange result (adj.) without one-offs | 4,423 | 6,334 | 5,704 | 3,402 | 19,863 | 2,533 | 6,621 | 3,666 | 5,364 | 18,183 |
| Gain/loss on securities, net | -1,446 | -2,398 | 3,057 | 551 | -236 | 4,043 | 4,118 | 1,854 | 1,530 | 11,546 |
| Gain/loss on securities, net (adj.) with one-offs | -1,446 | -2,398 | 3,057 | 551 | -236 | 4,043 | 4,118 | 1,854 | 1,530 | 11,546 |
| (-) Revaluation result of the treasury share swap agreement (booked as Gain on securities, net (adj.) at OTP Core) | -2,501 | -2,685 | 223 | 31 | -4,932 | 26 | 295 | 291 | -104 | 508 |
| Gain/loss on securities, net (adj.) without one-offs | 1,054 | 287 | 2,834 | 521 | 4,696 | 4,017 | 3,823 | 1,563 | 1,634 | 11,037 |
| Gains and losses on real estate transactions | 214 | 152 | 407 | 358 | 1,131 | 499 | 589 | 427 | 37 | 1,552 |
| (+) Other non-interest income | 7,428 | 6,276 | 5,178 | 5,105 | 23,986 | 4,910 | 6,160 | 9,533 | 4,236 | 24,840 |
| (-) Received cash transfers | 2 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 14 |  | 4 | 151 | -121 | 43 |
| (-) Non-interest income from the release of pre-acquisition provisions | 232 | 47 | 45 | 91 | 416 | 22 | 36 | 66 | 33 | 156 |
| (+) Other non-interest expenses | -734 | -1,793 | -3,649 | -956 | -7,132 | -760 | -2,128 | -552 | -1,500 | -4,939 |
| (+) Release of loan loss provisioning related to the consolidation of the subsidiaries of OTP Real Estate Ltd. | 0 | 0 | 307 | 0 | 307 | 0 | 224 | 0 | 0 | 224 |
| (+) Release of other provisioning related to the consolidation of the subsidiaries of OTP Real Estate Ltd. | 0 | 0 | 1,657 | 0 | 1,657 | 0 | 254 | 0 | 0 | 254 |
| Net other non-interest result (adj.) with one-offs | 6,674 | 4,587 | 3,855 | 4,403 | 19,520 | 4,618 | 5,059 | 9,192 | 2,863 | 21,731 |
| (-) Gain on the repurchase of own Upper and Lower Tier2 Capital (booked as Net other non-interest result (adj.) at OTP Core and at the Corporate Centre) | 1,124 | 0 | 291 | 0 | 1,415 | 0 | 970 | 5,102 | 32 | 6,104 |
| Net other non-interest result (adj.) without one-offs | 5,550 | 4,587 | 3,564 | 4,403 | 18,105 | 4,618 | 4,089 | 4,090 | 2,831 | 15,627 |
| Provision for possible loan losses | -47,006 | -59,329 | -53,001 | -67,644 | -226,980 | -64,311 | -49,346 | -68,861 | -80,051 | -262,569 |
| (+) Non-interest income from the release of pre-acquisition provisions | 232 | 47 | 45 | 91 | 416 | 22 | 36 | 66 | 33 | 156 |
| (-) Revaluation result of FX provisions | 11,659 | 3,187 | 5,103 | -3,256 | 16,692 | -9,954 | 12,006 | -5,502 | 3,355 | -96 |
| (-) Loss from early repayment of FX mortgage loans in Hungary | 4,409 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,409 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
| (-) Revaluation result on FX purchased from the National Bank of Hungary to cover the FX need of early repayments | -5,278 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -5,278 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (-) Release of loan loss provisioning related to the consolidation of the subsidiaries of OTP Real Estate Ltd. | 0 | 0 | 307 | 0 | 307 | 0 | 224 | 0 | 0 | 224 |
| Provision for possible loan losses (adj.) | -57,564 | -62,469 | -58,366 | -64,296 | -242,695 | -54,335 | -61,540 | -63,293 | -83,373 | -262,541 |


| in HUF million | 1Q 12 | 2Q 12 | 3Q 12 | 4Q 12 <br> Audited | 2012 Audited | 1Q 13 | 2Q 13 | 3Q 13 | 4Q 13 Preliminary | $\begin{gathered} 2013 \\ \text { Preliminary } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other expenses | -77,577 | -41,420 | -45,438 | -57,198 | -221,633 | -83,416 | -67,143 | -54,739 | -78,964 | -284,262 |
| (-) Other provisions | -1,177 | -1,630 | -551 | -5,982 | -9,340 | -768 | 2,096 | -2,725 | -8,267 | -9,664 |
| (-) Paid cash transfers | -652 | -752 | -3,199 | -6,177 | -10,780 | -686 | -2,792 | -1,366 | -9,582 | -14,426 |
| (+) Sponsorships, subsidies and cash transfers to public benefit organisations | -510 | -495 | -2,867 | -5,966 | -9,837 | -390 | -2,676 | -920 | -9,833 | -13,819 |
| (-) Other non-interest expenses | -734 | -1,793 | -3,649 | -956 | -7,132 | -760 | -2,128 | -552 | -1,500 | -4,939 |
| (-) Special tax on financial institutions | -35,539 | -94 | -221 | 100 | -35,754 | -35,808 | -351 | -350 | -357 | -36,867 |
| (-) Special banking tax refund | -1,323 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1,323 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (-) Tax deductible transfers | 0 | 0 | -2,434 | -5,748 | -8,182 | 0 | -2,400 | -748 | -8,414 | -11,562 |
| (-) Credit institutions' contribution tax paid in relation to the fixed exchange rate scheme | 0 | 0 | 0 | -442 | -442 | -2,161 | -30 | 34 | -48 | -2,205 |
| (-) Financial Transaction Tax |  |  |  |  |  | -5,752 | -6,165 | -9,316 | -11,270 | -32,503 |
| (-) One-timer payment compensating the underperformance of the Financial Transaction Tax |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | -16,238 | -29 | 0 | -16,267 |
| (-) Fine imposed by the Hungarian Competition Authority Other expenses (adj.) | -38,663 | -37,645 | -38,252 | -43,958 | -158,517 | -37,872 | -41,810 | -40,607 | $\begin{array}{r} -3,922 \\ -45,436 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -3,922 \\ -165,725 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other risk costs | -1,177 | -1,630 | -551 | -5,982 | -9,340 | -768 | 2,096 | -2,725 | -8,267 | -9,664 |
| (-) Release of other provisioning related to the consolidation of the subsidiaries of OTP Real Estate Ltd. | 0 | 0 | 1,657 | 0 | 1,657 | 0 | 254 | 0 | 0 | 254 |
| (-) Other risk costs recognised in relation to the fixed exchange rate scheme Other risk costs (adj.) | -1,177 | -1,630 | -2,208 | -5,982 | -10,997 | -98 -671 | 64 $\mathbf{1 , 7 7 8}$ | 30 $-2,755$ | 3 $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ -8,270\end{array}$ | 0 $-9,918$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| After tax dividends and net cash transfers | -648 | 1,952 | -3,102 | -6,165 | -7,963 | -674 | -78 | -1,103 | -10,054 | -11,909 |
| (-) Sponsorships, subsidies and cash transfers to public benefit organisations | -510 | -495 | -2,867 | -5,966 | -9,837 | -390 | -2,676 | -920 | -9,833 | -13,819 |
| (-) Dividend income of swap counterparty shares kept under the treasury share swap agreement |  | 2,265 | 0 | 0 | 2,265 |  | 2,316 | 0 | 0 | 2,316 |
| After tax dividends and net cash transfers | -138 | 182 | -235 | -199 | -391 | -284 | 282 | -183 | -221 | -406 |
| Depreciation | -11,141 | -11,832 | -11,864 | -12,583 | -47,420 | -11,366 | -12,116 | -42,664 | -11,871 | -78,017 |
| (-) Goodwill impairment charges (OTP Bank JSC Ukraine) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -30,819 | 0 | -30,819 |
| Depreciation (adj.) | -11,141 | -11,832 | -11,864 | -12,583 | -47,420 | -11,366 | -12,116 | -11,846 | -11,871 | -47,199 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income taxes | -532 | -5,092 | -10,066 | -7,399 | -23,088 | -10,636 | 959 | -11,198 | -69 | -20,944 |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of goodwill/investment impairment charges | 0 | 3,977 | 0 | 0 | 3,977 | 0 | 1,379 | 0 | 0 | 1,379 |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of the special tax on financial institutions | 6,516 | 18 | 42 | 5 | 6,580 | 6,581 | 81 | 81 | 82 | 6,825 |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of the loss from early repayment of FX mortgage loans in Hungary | -838 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -838 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of the special banking tax refund | 251 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 251 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of the revaluation of FX purchased from the National Bank of Hungary to cover the FX need of early repayments | 1,003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $(+)$ Tax deductible transfers | 0 | 0 | -2,434 | -5,748 | -8,182 | 0 | -2,400 | -748 | -8,414 | -11,562 |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of the one-timer payment compensating the underperformance of the Financial Transaction Tax |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 3,085 | 5 | 0 | 3,091 |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of the fine imposed by the Hungarian Competition Authority |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 745 | 745 |
| (-) Corporate tax impact of the transfer of general risk reserves to retained earnings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -5,533 | -5,533 |
| Corporate income tax (adj.) | -7,464 | -9,086 | -12,541 | -13,152 | -42,243 | -17,217 | -5,985 | -12,032 | -3,777 | -39,012 |

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## OTP Bank Plc.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Structural adjustments made on consolidated IFRS profit and loss statement together with the calculation methodology of adjusted indicators are detailed in the Supplementary data section of the Report.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ According to the new CRR rules ('Capital Requirements Regulation') effective from 1 January 2014, general risk reserve is going to be treated as Tier2 Capital element as opposed to the previous practice where it was recognised as Tier1 Capital when calculating the stand alone capital adequacy ratio of OTP Bank under Hungarian accounting standards. The new Hungarian Law on Financial Institutions becoming effective in parallel with the CRR from 1 January 2014 allowed the transfer of HUF 29.1 billion general risk reserves to retained earnings by the balance sheet date of 31 December 2013. Thus the transferred after tax amount of the general risk reserves can be recognised as Tier1 Capital going forward. According to the prevailing regulation the Bank had to pay 19\% contribution tax after the transfer.

[^2]:    ${ }^{3}$ The estimate for volume changes is based on the balance sheet data provision to the National Bank of Hungary, calculated from the "Loans to non-financial and other-financials companies" line, adjusted for FX-effect.

[^3]:    ${ }^{4}$ In the fourth quarter of 2013 accrued but not-paid interest receivables of loans with more than 360 days of delinquency were written-off.

[^4]:    ${ }^{5}$ Relevant footnotes are in the Supplementary data section of the Report.

[^5]:    ${ }^{6}$ Special tax on financial institutions, one-timer extra payment of the financial transaction tax, goodwill/investment impairment charges, dividends/net cash transfers, the impact of early repayment of FX mortgage loans in Hungary, the fine imposed by the Hungarian Competition Authority and the tax impact of the transfer of general risk reserves to retained earnings.

[^6]:    ${ }^{7}$ From November 2013 borrowers in more than 90 days of delay or participating in other financial relief programme of the banks or having a principal of over HUF 20 million equivalent at the initiation of the contract gained eligibility.

[^7]:    ${ }^{8}$ The calculation is based on the supervisory balance sheet of the Hungarian National Bank: estimated FX adjusted change of the portfolio of "Loans to enterprises - Non-financial and other financial enterprises".

[^8]:    ${ }^{9}$ Based on the balance sheet data provision to the Hungarian National Bank (MNB), calculated from the aggregated financials for the „Loans to non-financial companies, other-financials companies and non-profit organisations supporting households" line of OTP Bank, OTP Mortgage Bank, OTP Building Society and Merkantil Bank.

[^9]:    ${ }^{10}$ By end-June 2013 out of the total debt of local governments with more than 5 thousands inhabitants HUF 41.5 billion equivalent was prepaid, while HUF 101.2 billion equivalent was refinanced by a loan originated by OTP Bank for the Government Debt Management Agency. The latter exposure continues to be recognised as a municipal loan in the balance sheet of OTP Bank.

    Without applications for refinancing forint loans under the early repayment programme of FX mortgage loans.
    ${ }^{12}$ Without applications for refinancing forint loans under the early repayment programme of FX mortgage loans.
    ${ }^{13}$ Without loans taken out for refinancing forint loans under the early repayment programme of FX mortgage loans.

[^10]:    ${ }^{14}$ The yearly setback of other revenues in 2Q 2013 can be explained mainly by the sale of receivables $100 \%$ covered by provisions. The write-off of those receivables was booked on other revenues line, while the provision release affected other provisions.

[^11]:    ${ }^{15}$ The loan origination to the Montenegrin Government is related to the executed state guarantees provided to the EUR 42 million loans of Podgorica Aluminium Factory (KAP). The KAP exposure was previously included in the loan book of OTP Bank (Hungary) and in 3Q 2013 it was fully repaid.

[^12]:    ${ }^{1}$ Members of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board, senior officers and the auditor of the company

